The New-York Times.

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FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore and the Kangaroo.

Celebration of Washington's Birthday in London.

Arrival of the Philadelphia Contributions for the Lancashire Sufferers.

The Arrangements for the Confederate Loan.

ERICAN AFFAIRS IN PARLIAMENT.

The Call for the Correspondence Regarding Recognition Postponed.

Ominous Aspect of the Polish Question.

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION.

The Inman steamer *City of Baltimore*, which sailed from Liverpool at 1 o'clock on the afternoon of the 25th, and from Queenstown on the 26th ult., arrived here this morning.

The *Kangaroo*, from Liverpool on the 21st, also arrived here about the same time.

The *Australasian* reached Liverpool at noon on the 22d, having been detained five hours at the bar of the Mersey.

The *City of Manchester* arrived at Queenstown at about 2 o'clock on the morning of the 25th ult. The *Bohemian* also arrived early on the morning of the 25th, at Londonderry.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The anniversary of Washington's Birthday was celebrated in London by a banquet at St. James' Hall, at which about 120 persons were present. In the absence of Mr. Consul Morse, (from illness,) Gen. O. Vandenberg presided. Among the guests were Mr. Adams, the American Minister; Messrs. Wilson and Moran, Secretaries of Legation; Mr. White, M. P.; Mr. Coningham, M. P.; Prof. Newman, &c., &c. The usual toasts were drank. That to "The Union" was received with great enthusiasm, and was responded to by Mr. Adams, who expatiated on the glorious efforts of Washington for the Union, and repudiated the idea that Washington, if alive, could be found on the side of the rebels. He said the South had entered upon a career, whether for glory or for shame posterity was to determine; but, whatever their objects might be, they could not claim George Washington in support of their principles. From this time forward the name and memory of Washington must be kept in reverence, and guarded with care exclusively by the loyal portion of the Americans.

Messrs. Coningham and White—the members of Parliament who were present—both denounced Slavery as the cause of the war, and expressed strong sympathy with the North.

The *Times*, in its "City article," announces that the final arrangements for the proposed Confederate loan of £3,000,000 sterling, on the security of cotton, had been made between Messrs. Erlanger & Co., of Paris and Frankfort, and the Confederate Government, and the particulars were expected to be issued in a few days.

The bark *Achilles*, with the Philadelphia contributions for the relief of the distressed cotton operatives, arrived at Liverpool on the 22d February.

The Commander of the frigate *Majestic*, the guardship in the Mersey, had given a grand banquet on board his vessel in honor of the arrival of the relief ship *George Griswold*. Among the guests were Mr. Dudley, the United States Consul at Liverpool, Capt. Lunt, the Commander of and Rev. Mr. Denison, Chaplain of the *George Griswold*, Messrs. Babcock and Guion, the consignees of the vessel, and a number of well known citizens of Liverpool. The guests were conveyed on board in a gunboat, and were received on the deck of the *Majestic* by Capt. Inglefield, her Commander, and a guard of honor of the Royal Marines. The speeches at the banquet were of a very fraternal character. Capt. Inglefield in proposing a toast to the President of the United States, said he did so not only because the President was the Chief of a great nation, but because of his undaunted perseverance in prosecuting the war with the object of establishing a Constitutional Government. Mr. Consul Dudley responded, and eulogized President Lincoln in the warmest terms. He trusted that amicable relations would always be maintained between England and America.

A monster meeting was held at the Free-Trade Hall, Manchester, on the 24th, to adopt an address of thanks for presentation to the Captain and officers of the *George Griswold*, as representatives of the American contributors to the Relief Fund. The immense hall was crammed to excess, and an outside meeting was organized. An appropriate address was adopted, and speeches full of sympathy for the North were delivered and received with enthusiasm.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF PARLIAMENT.

In the House of Lords, on the 23d, Lord Stratheden, in compliance with a request from Earl Russell postponed until the 2d of March a motion, of which he had given notice, for copies of all dispatches from Mr. Mason to her Majesty's Government, on the claim of the Southern Confederacy to be acknowledged as an independent Power by Great Britain.

In the House of Commons, on the same evening, Mr. Burton called attention to the deportation of a negro regiment from Egypt by the Emperor of the French, which he characterized as a most base and evil proceeding, and worse than a revival of the Slave-trade.

Lord Palmerston said *the transaction was not only very irregular and unfortunate, but in some of its details, liable to stronger censure than his friend applied to it.* The facts of the case were as follows: The Emperor of the French, on account of the mortality of the French troops in Mexico, had desired to enlist a force of Africans for service there; but the Pasha of Egypt at once went beyond this request; a regiment of Nubians was marched down to Alexandria, and forthwith shipped on board a French frigate before they knew why or where they were going. This was not the intention of the French Emperor, who only wished to enlist Africans voluntarily; but the conduct of the Egyptian Sovereign was exactly similar in violence and cruelty to that which had been committed at Warsaw. He, however, hoped that the French Government, which had expressed its strong dislike to what had been done at Warsaw, would feel that this was exactly the same or rather worse in cruelty, for the Nubians were carried to an unhealthy climate; and he trusted that they would, as far as possible, repair the wrong. Her Majesty's Government had expressed an opinion to this effect to the French Government.

The Navy estimates were introduced by Lord C. Paget, who gave a detailed account of the position of the Navy. The main features of the estimates have been already announced, and after some remarks by Mr. Cobden in favor of further reductions, the most important votes were agreed to, including that of "76,000 men and boys for the service of the ensuing year."

Mr. S. Fitzgerald gave notice that on the 26th of February he should move for papers in continuation of the papers of last session, in reference to the correspondence between Her Majesty's Government and the United States, and also the correspondence with certain persons here representing the Southern States.

In the House of Commons, on the 24th, Mr. Horwood asked if there was any correspondence between Her Majesty's Government and the Emperor of the French relative to the offer of mediation between the Federal and Confederate States, and, if so, whether there was any objection to lay it on the table of the House? He also wished to know if the Government was aware that any reply on the subject had been received by the Emperor of the French from the Federal Government?

Lord Palmerston said the only official document on the subject was a dispatch from Lord Russell on the 13th of November, to Lord Cowley, in a reply to a verbal communication from the French Ambassador; that document was already on the table of the House. With regard to any reply that might have been received by the Emperor of the French that would be a matter between the American Government and the French Minister at Washington, and he did not see how he could answer the question.

The Board of Trade returns for the year 1862 are published. They show the total exports of Great Britain for the year to have been £124,137,812 in value, against £125,102,814 in 1861, and £135,891,227 in 1860.

Daily telegrams as to the health of Prince Alfred were received from Malta, and they continued to report satisfactory progress.

The London *Globe* has reason to believe that a satisfactory settlement of the dispute with Brazil is likely to be promptly effected.

Mr. Daniel Whittle Harvey, the well-known Chief Commissioner of the City of London Police, died on the 24th of February, at the age of nearly 80 years.

FRANCE.

The reported retirement of M. Fould from the Cabinet is not confirmed, and the Paris correspondent of the *Morning Post* says he will not retire unless his budget is rejected, which is not very likely. One reason for Fould's reported retirement is said to be the abuse by the French Generals and others of the Staff in Mexico of drafts on the Treasury. The Paris correspondent of the London *Globe* says there were rumors of the last American mail having brought from New-York Mexican bills, signed by Gen. Forey, altogether beyond M. Fould's calculations.

The Bourse on the 24th was very flat, and Rentes declined to 69.

THE POLISH QUESTION.

The Polish question, under the attitude taken by France in favor of the Poles and against Prussian intervention, was attracting great attention. The Paris *Constitutionnel*, which is supposed to speak the sentiments of the Emperor Napoleon, had published a strong article against the intervention of Prussia. The London *Times*, alluding to this article, says that if the *Constitutionnel* really speaks the sentiments of the French Emperor, the prospect is indeed momentous, and it is impossible to repel the apprehension that this foolish King of Prussia is making a great, and perhaps a fatal, opportunity for his powerful neighbor.

The London *Post* thinks the King of Prussia's fate lies in the hands of the three great Powers, and that, unless they combine to force him into a safer policy than that which he has followed hitherto, he will fall a victim to the most aggressive of them. The *Post* concludes by observing: "When the Emperor Napoleon, Lord Palmerston, Count Rechberg, and Garibaldi, are working for the same result—the liberation of Poland—the alliance may be unholy, but it would appear to us irresistible."

The other leading journals unite in regarding the question as one of European importance, owing mainly to the conduct of Prussia. The *Daily News* thinks that the failure of the French arms in Mexico may prove fortunate for the Poles. Every fresh report from Mexico is of a nature to urge the Emperor to put an end to the Mexican war and evacuate the country. Advice of that kind could not be followed without a full excuse, such as an active part taken in the affairs of Germany and Poland would instantly afford. Such an alternative is now before the Emperor, and, no doubt forms the object of his serious consideration. Among his political counselors there exists, it is understood, perfect unanimity of opinion on the policy of intervention.

The *Times'* Paris correspondent says:

"Of the determination of the French Government to interfere in favor of Poland there is no doubt. They naturally enough, hope that this intervention will not be otherwise than diplomatic, but if notes and remonstrances are of no avail, and if Prussia is resolved on playing the part of auxiliary to Russia in her iniquitous attempt to crush the Poles, people would not be surprised if a French army were to make its appearance on the Rhine. The French note to Prussia was, it is said, a separate act on the part of France. The question was mooted whether it were not well to wait for the opinion of the British Government before remonstrating with Prussia; but it was thought better to act at once. There is nothing menacing in the note. It states that the Emperor is unwilling to believe that the Cabinet of Berlin could be so regardless of the principles of non-intervention, and he would willingly receive such explanations as would remove all cause of disquiet."

La France says:

"We believe ourselves correct in stating that Austria is disposed to join the policy of France and England on the Polish question."

A petition in favor of Poland had been presented to the French Senate by M. Girardin. It bore 2,000 signatures. A Committee of the Senate would report upon it.

The Paris *Constitutionnel*, of the 24th February, expresses the hope that the Convention between Russia and Prussia will be abandoned, and says the voice raised by Europe against Prussia is still only a warning—the Prussian Government will hardly desire that it should become a threat.

The *Opinione Nationale* gives a rumor that Prussia had positively refused to yield to the representations which the French Ambassador had been instructed to offer.

La France points out to Russia the expediency, in order to avoid a general war, of giving liberal institutions to Poland.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says nothing was talked of but a triple alliance of England, France and Austria, with a view to a solution of the Polish question, which was taking precedence of everything else.

PROGRESS OF THE INSURRECTION.

The advices in regard to the insurrection are meagre and vague. Langiewicz is stated to have cut off the retreat of the Russians near Stobnica, and to be pressing them toward the Austrian frontier. Berlin papers announce that the Russian frontier town of Dobrzn. opposite the Prussian frontier town of Gallub, had been occupied by the Russian military for eight hours, on account of a rumor that the insurgents would arrive there.

There were rumors of engagements having taken place near Pretrikan and Radousk.

Kuroski, one of the insurgent chiefs, had committed suicide.

A Warsaw telegram of the 23d says:

"The Russian authorities have been reinstated in Meechord and Olkusz.

It is stated in official quarters that Mieroslawski has been defeated near Radziejews, that he himself is a fugitive, and that his correspondence has been seized."

A late telegram from Cracow says that Langiewicz had advanced as far as Kielce, and was marching upon Miechow. One thousand five hundred well-armed insurgents were posted near Opoczno. The insurgents had destroyed some bridges on the Warsaw railway. They are also reported to have beaten the Russians near Dufienska, taking two cannons.

The police had seized 300 grenades at Berlin in possession of Polish inhabitants. These persons had been arrested, and the public prosecutors received instructions to commence a judicial inquiry.

TURKEY.

Ismal Pacha, the new Viceroy of Egypt, had arrived at Constantinople. The firman confirming his accession to the throne had been read at the Porte.

An Imperial hatt has been published, announcing that the Sultan will, in future, surrender 20 per cent. of the revenues allotted by the civil list, ordering the reduction of official salaries, and the dismissal of all superfluous employes.

ITALY.

In the Chamber of Deputies, the Committee upon the proposed loan of 700,000,000 lire, had reported in favor of the conclusion of the loan.

SPAIN.

The Bank of Spain had raised its rate of discount to 7 per cent.

Resignations among the officers of the marine still continued.

GREECE.

M. Canires having tendered his resignation, a new Ministry was formed by MM. Bulgaris and Ruphos. Against this new Ministry, however, popular demonstrations were made, and it promptly resigned. There is in future to be no provisional Government, and the Ministry will be formed by the National Assembly itself.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Advices from Buenos Ayres to Jan. 14, represent that in every part of that Republic cotton had been sown, and sanguine hopes of a great yield were entertained. The National Government had assisted the movement by sending circulars and seeds to the various Provincial Governments.

INDIA.

Private telegrams from Bombay to the 4th of February report an active demand for cotton goods and twist at advancing prices. Freights dull. Exchange, 2s. 1½d.

Financial and Commercial News.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The funds on the 24th opened firmly, but closed flat under the decline of the Paris Bourse. Consols 92¼ @⅜ for both money and account. Money was easy in the open market at about 3½ ℘ cent. The demand for discount at the Bank was light.

MARKETS.

Liverpool, Wednesday Feb. 25—A. M.

Cotton—In a postcript to the *Arabia's* news it was announced that the advices just to hand by the *Australasian*, had caused an improvement in Cotton and some demand for export to New York. On Monday and Tuesday, however, the market was languid, the sales only reaching 6,500 bales, including 3,500 for speculation and export. No reduction in prices was, however, quoted.

Trade at Manchester.—The market was without change, and business was limited. If anything, the tone was rather firmer.

Breadstuffs.—Messrs. Wakefield, Nash & Co., Gordon, Bruce & Co., and Bigland, Athya & Co., report: Flour dull, but unchanged. Wheat very dull, and 2d.@3d. ℘ cental lower, particularly for Winter Red, which ranges from 9s. 3d.@9s. 8d. Corn difficult to sell; Mixed, 29s.@29s. 6d. ℘ 480 lbs.

Provisions.—No change in Beef or Pork, which are nominal. Bacon steady at 28s.@34s. Butter very dull. Cheese inactive and steady, 39s.@40s. 6d. Tallow unaltered.

Produce—Ashes quiet; Pots, 30s. 6d.; Pearls, 31s. Sugar dull. Coffee steady. Rice in fair demand at former prices. Linseed Oil, 44s. 6d.@45s. Resin quiet, 26s. 6d. Spirits Turpentine dull and nominal. Petroleum—Nothing doing and very flat.

LONDON MARKETS.

Wheat dull and rather lower. Flour quiet, but American about the same. Sugar unaltered. Coffee firm. Rice unchanged. Tallow—Advancing tendency; Y. C., 44s. 3d. Linseed Oil, 43s. 6d. English Tin advanced £4 ℘ ton. Scotch Pig Iron, 54s.@54s. 3d.

GLASGOW MARKETS.

Messrs. John McCall & Co., and John Athya & Co. report very little doing in any description of Breadstuffs, and prices of all sorts favor buyers.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND RAILWAYS.

Railways, &c.	Closing Prices.	Business done.	
		Money.	Account.
Maryland 5 ℘ cent	73 @ 75		
United States 5 ℘ cent., 1874	56½ @ 57½	57	
Virginia State 5 ℘ cent	49 @ 50		
Virginia State 6 ℘ cent	45 @ 46		
Atlantic & Gt. Western, N. Y. sec., 1st Mortgage, 1880, 7 ℘ cent	68½ @ 69½	69	
Do. 7 ℘ ct. Penn., 1877	69½ @ 70½	69¾	70
Erie shares	44½ @ 45½	44½	5
Do. 7 ℘ cent. Pref	57 @ 58x.d.		
Do. 7 ℘ ct., 1st Mtg., 1867	75 @ 80		
Do. 7 ℘ ct., 2d Mtg., 1859	70 @ 75x.c.	70½	
Do. 7 ℘ ct., 3d Mtg., 1883	68 @ 70x.c.		
Do. 7 ℘ cent., 4th Mtg	64 @ 66		
Do. 7 ℘ cent., 5th Mtg	62 @ 64	61½	
Illinois Cen. 6 ℘ ct., 1875	80 @ 82		
Do. 6 ℘ cent., 1875	76 @ 78	76	
Do. $100 shares, $90 paid	41½ @ 40½d.		
Do. $100 shares, all paid	52 @ 53	52	
Mich. Cen., 8 ℘ ct., c., '69	70 @ 75dis.		
Do., (sink. fund,) 1st m., do., 82	72 @ 77		
Do Bonds	— @ —		
Mich. S. & N. Ind. 7 ℘ ct., (sink. fund,) 1885	65 @ 70		
Do. $100 shares	25 @ 30		
N. Y. Central 6 ℘ cent., (sinking fund,) 1883	70 @ 75		
Do. 7 ℘ cent., 1864	65 @ 70		
Do. 7 ℘ cent. (sinking fund.) 1876	70 @ 75		
Do. do con. bonds, 1876	75 @ 80		
Do. $100 shares	67 @ 70x.d.		
Panama R. R., 1st M., 7 ℘ cent., 1865	103 @ 105		
Do. 2d M., 7 ℘ cent, '72	99 @ 101x.c.		
Penn. Cen. 6 ℘ cent	67 @ 69		
Do., 2d M., con. 6 ℘ ct	88 @ 89		
Do. $50 shares	38½ @ 39½		
Philadelphia & Reading $50 shares	24 @ 26		

A Note from the Venezuelan Consul.

New-York, Wednesday, March 11, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Allow me to contradict the reports of your Caracas correspondent about me and about the secesh proclivities of my country. I am not the regular correspondent of any paper in Caracas, and my Government has given plenty proofs of friendship to the United States. Now, I intend to prove that he misinformed you in every other matter.

1. He affirms that Gen. Paez left Caracas on the 9th of February, and the General left the 5th.

2. He says that the Caracas Gas Company was organized in New-York. That is not so; the Company was organized in Caracas, Señores Domingo Ruis, J. M. Larrazabal, and others, being the parties. From New-York I sent only the *materiel* for the enterprise, and from New-York are the Engineer, Mr. Talmadge, and the workingmen.

3. He says that thirty casks of cotton seed, to the order of the Government, came by the *White Wing*. No such thing, Sir. I sent, myself, the cotton seed in the schooner *Prince Consort*.

4. He speaks of the Orinoco *American* Steam Navigation Company, and the Company is an English one, Mr. Travelanus, the Manager, having been unable here to find either suitable vessels to employ in the service or capital to carry it on.

In justice to the veracity of your correspondent, and to repair the evil he has tried to do me, please publish this, from Yours, respectfully,

SIMON CAMACH.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The Extra Session of the Senate Near Its Close.

A Heavy Batch of Nominations Acted Upon Yesterday.

Cassius M. Clay Confirmed as Minister to Russia.

Generals Hooker and Hunt Before the War Committee.

THE NEW-ALMADEN CASE.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Washington, Wednesday, March 11.

THE EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The Senate were in Executive Session to-day six hours, and nearly cleared the calendar of Executive nominations. There was a very warm contest over the confirmation of Cassius M. Clay. It is understood that the President made a special request of his friends in the Senate to confirm him, which was accordingly done. There are not more than six or eight Major and Brigadier-Generals unconfirmed, among whom are F. P. Blair, W. H. Wright, Col. Coggswell, and G. Granger. All the Judges for the District Court here were confirmed, except Judge Wylie.

BREVET PROMOTIONS.

The Senate Military Committee have considered for several days the brevet promotions in the regular army. They were finally reported to the Senate to-day without recommendation. The probabilities are that no action will be taken on them this session. The Committee felt that the present was no time to confer brevet promotions upon officers who are not in the field, merely because they have faithfully performed their official duties.

CONTRACTORS.

A strong lobby of contractors and ready-made-clothing men is at work to secure the promotion of Quartermasters in New-York, Philadelphia and other points, who have favored their class.

THE NEW ALMADEN CASE.

The decision of the Supreme Court in the quicksilver case continues to excite unusual attention. It annihilates the title of the old Almaden Company, and makes that of the new company absolute and perfect. The members of the old company having derived a profit of about ten millions from working the mines, are said to be desirous of buying the stock of their adversaries to relieve themselves from liability for quicksilver had and received. Robert J. Walker remarked, yesterday, with his habitual quiet, that his interest in the winning issue of the Almaden case was half a million dollars.

GEN. HOOKER AND GEN. HUNT BEFORE THE WAR COMMITTEE.

Gen. Hooker was examined to-day before the War Committee. The first question propounded was as to what cause he attributed the failure of the movement on the Peninsula. He replied: "As I am on my oath, I must answer the question. The failure of that movement was owing to the incompetency of the commanding General."

Brig.-Gen. Hunt was examined to-day before the War Committee. Gen. Hunt has served as Chief of Artillery through all the campaigns of the Army of the Potomac, and his evidence will be the most important yet adduced by the Committee relating to the operations of that army.

GEN. BUTLER.

A member of the Cabinet, in the course of conversation recently with a gentleman from Massachusetts, remarked that Gen. Butler would not receive another *military* command, but would be appointed to a civil position, in which his great administrative abilities would find their full scope. It has now transpired that Gen. Butler has been appointed Provost-Marshal General under the Conscription law.

MOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS.

It is the general impression at headquarters that the enemy are withdrawing large numbers of their forces. Longstreet is known to have gone. The Charleston *Mercury* of a late date says that his entire division has left. Some fifteen thousand of the men passed through Richmond a few days ago, taking the route to the south side of the James.

THE NEXT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Calculations carefully made here to-day leave no doubt that the Republicans will have a clear working majority in the next House of Representatives, unless they are entirely overwhelmed in Maryland and Connecticut.

A GOOD RULE OF APPOINTMENT.

A soldier of many battles without an arm, and another crippled for life by numerous wounds, one of them an eloquent speaker, applicants to-day for places of Provost-Marshals, have suggested a rule of appointment which the Secretary of War is said to strongly favor. Friends of the Government, too, urge the importance of conferring these appointments on men capable of advocating the enrollment measure, of explaining it, and making it simple to the people, and of showing that instead of being harsh and partial, it is just in all respects; but all parties unite in desiring that these intelligent appointees be taken from the vast list of brave men disabled in battle, and not at all from the veterans of professional politics.

MR. RICHARDSON NOT WANTED IN CONNECTICUT.

The Democrats of Connecticut have sent their compliments to Senator Richardson, and begged him "for Heaven's sake not to come into their State to speak, but to go straight home to Illinois." Letters received here attribute to his speeches in New-Hampshire the effect of wheeling Democrats by hundreds in disgust into the Republican ranks.

THE SECESH IN DELAWARE.

The Delaware Secessionists are finding an ugly customer in Gov. Cannon. He has determined to checkmate them everywhere, and we have news to-night from Dover that there is every prospect that the State will be rescued at the coming election and given over to freedom and Republicanism.

THE AFFAIR AT FAIRFAX COURT-HOUSE.

A party of refugees who came into our lines to-day, met Capt. Moseley, with Gen. Stoughton and the other prisoners, on Monday, half way between Centreville and Culpepper, *en route* for Richmond.

REBELS AND THEIR SYMPATHIZERS.

Rebels or rebel sympathizers continue to be brought here from the surrounding country. The following arrived to-day from Poolesville, Md., at which place they were arrested: James H. Hilton, John F. Key, George Hoyle, —— Livingston, all belonging to Stuart's horse artillery; John W. Appleby, White's Loudon cavalry; Robert Boyle, George Cross, citizens, and Wm. F. Williams, paroled prisoners of war. The following blockade runners have also been arrested and confined in the Old Capitol to-day: John C. Taber, Thos. R. Jones, John F. Wilson, David Lewis, and Levy Dala.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

We learn from the Army of the Potomac that a snow storm set in yesterday morning about 9 o'clock, and continued for several hours.

There is trouble again brewing with the news agents, growing out of the recent arrangement.

FOREIGNERS LEAVING.

Many foreigners are now leaving this city for Canada and other parts, to avoid the anticipated draft.

RESCUE OF WHITE PRISONERS FROM THE INDIANS.

The Indian Bureau has received intelligence from Fort La Frans Coize, a trading post on the Upper Missouri, to the effect that a party of friendly Indians, sent out from there to recover some white prisoners taken by the Santee tribe on their recent murderous raid into Minnesota, have returned. They found several in the custody of Little Crow, who was encamped at Painted Post, on the Missouri River, 250 miles above Fort Pierre. They succeeded in ransoming a little girl, 11 years of age, named Lavina McIngalls, who was captured near Yellow Medicine, Minn. Three boys and one young lady they were unable to redeem, Little Crow remarking that "he would keep them and tie them to his belt next Summer when he went forth again to fight the whites." He further stated to the party that in October last the Indians attacked Fort Berthald, burning it, killing four whites and driving off all the cattle there. [Later intelligence contradicts the statement in regard to the destruction of the fort.] There is a large force of Indians at Devil's Lake, many of whom are dying from prevailing epidemics. Their horses are likewise dying in large numbers, owing to the scarcity of grass. Buffaloes abound in large numbers through that region this season.

CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

The Government, it is reported, contemplates the establishment here, or at Annapolis, of a camp of instruction for 100,000 men—an indication of a purpose to give vitality to the conscription law.

THE HAYTIAN MINISTER.

The Haytien Minister has taken Senator Latham's house as a residence. He has been treated with great courtesy by diplomatic society.

REFUSED IT.

Senator Foot, of Vermont, refused to take his share of the mileage voted to itself by Congress.

RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED.

The resignations of Surgeons S. R. Haven and G. D. Beebe, U. S. Volunteers, have been accepted, to take effect on the 9th inst.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Washington, Wednesday, March 11.

GEN. ULLMANN'S NOMINATION CONFIRMED.

The nomination of Col. Daniel Ullmann, of the Seventy-eighth Regiment of New-York Volunteers, as Brigadier-General, was confirmed in Executive session by the Senate to-day, his commission to date from Jan. 13, 1863.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate, in Executive Session to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

Seward Smett, of Illinois, and E. George Squier, of New-York, Commissioners of the United States under the Convention of Peru, for the settlement of pending claims between the citizens of the two countries.

James P. Allyn, of Connecticut, to be Associate Justice of the United States for the Territory of Arizona.

Andrew B. Dickinson, of New-York, to be Marshal for the United States for the Northern District of New-York.

Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Russia *vice* Simon Cameron, resigned.

Samuel J. Kirkwood, of Iowa, Minister Resident of the United States to Denmark, *vice* Bradford R. Wood, recalled.

W. W. Ketchum, of Pennsylvania, Associate Justice of the United States Court in Nebraska Territory, *vice* Joseph E. Strecter, deceased.

John J. Henry, of Delaware, to be Commissioner and Consul-General of the United States to the Republic of Liberia.

John Titus, of Pennsylvania, Attorney-General of the United States for the Territory of Arizona.

Solomon L. Withey, of Michigan, to be Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Michigan.

David K. Cartter, of Ohio, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia.

George P. Fisher, of Delaware, to be Justice of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia.

Abraham B. Olin, of New-York, to be Justice of the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia.

To be Consuls.

B. O. Duncan, of South Carolina, Consul of the United States for Rhenish, Bavaria.

Rollin C. M. Hoyt, of Massachusetts, Consul at Minititlan, *vice* Cyrus O. Poole, resigned.

Wm. Walton Murphy, of Michigan, Consul for the Duchy of Brunswick, *vice* B. Ellis Martin, resigned.

Frederick Wippermann, of the District of Columbia, Consul at Galatz.

Ingersoll Lockwood, of New-York, Consul at Hanover.

Arthur Folsom, of Illinois, Consul at Cape Haytien.

Wm. E. Hales, of Rhode Island, Consul at Zanzibar, *vice* Wm. S. Speer, recalled.

Alfred Cox, for many years Vice-Consul at Falmouth, to be Consul at that place.

Vincent St. Wain, of Texas, Consul at Rio del Norte, *vice* J. W. Massey, resigned.

Senor Don Civlio Molina to be Consul at Carthagena, Spain.

John Xantas, of the District of Columbia, to be Consul at Manzanilla, *vice* Robert Haley, recalled.

Alexander Schwartz to be Consul at Riga.

John J. Hyde, of Connecticut, to be Consul at San Juan, Porto Rico, *vice* Jasper Smith, resigned.

J. H. Mansfield, of Wisconsin, Consul at Tobasco, *vice* Noah L. Wilson, transferred.

Edwin G. Eastman, citizen of the United States, Consul at Cork, *vice* Patrick J. Devine, recalled.

To be Major-General of Volunteers.

Erasmus D. Keyes, Major-General in volunteer service, to rank from May 5, 1862, the date of the battle of Williamsburgh.

To be Brigadier-Generals of Volunteers.

Col. Orlando B. Wilcox, 1st Michigan Volunteers, July 21, 1861.

Col. Michael Corcoran, 69th New-York, July 21, 1861.

Maj. George W. Cullom, of the Corps of Engineers, Nov. 1, 1861.

Maj. George F. Shepley, of Maine, July 18, 1862.

Col. John R. Kenley, 1st Maryland, Aug. 22, 1862.

First Lieut. Godfrey Weitzel, Corps of Engineers, Aug. 29, 1862.

Col. W. W. Averill, 3d Pennsylvania cavalry, Sept. 26, 1862.

Col. E. P. Scammon, 23d Ohio, Oct. 15, 1862.

Joseph W. Revere, of New-Jersey, Oct. 25, 1862.

Col. David McM. Gregg, 8th Pennsylvania cavalry, Nov. 29, 1862.

Col. Geo. Crook, 36th Ohio, Sept. 7, 1862.

Col. Gersham Mott, 6th New-Jersey, Sept. 7, 1862.

Col. Joseph J. Reynolds, of Indiana, Sept. 17, 1862.

Col. Alfred Sully, of Minnesota, Sept. 26, 1862.

Col. Gilman Marston, 2d New-Hampshire, Nov. 29, 1862.

Col. E. N. Kirk, 34th Illinois, Nov. 27, 1862.

Col. Alexander Schemmelfinning, 74th Pennsylvania, Nov. 29, 1862.

Col. James M. Shackleford, 8th Kentucky cavalry, Jan. 22, 1863.

Daniel Ullman, of New-York, Jan. 13, 1863.

Col. G. J. Stannard, of Vermont.

Col. Clinton B. Fiske, 33d Missouri.

Lieut.-Col. W. Hayes, Captain 2d artillery.

Col. John E. Smith, 45th Illinois.

Col. Thomas W. Sweeney, 52d Illinois, Nov. 29, 1862.

Col. Frank S. Nickerson, 14th Maine Volunteers, Nov. 29, 1862.

To be Commissaries of Subsistence, with the rank of Captain.

Henry A. Littleton, of Iowa, Aug. 22, 1862.

Edwin Knowles, of Iowa, Aug. 30, 1862.

Charles H. Toll, of Iowa, Oct. 3, 1862.

Phillip Pollard, of Pennsylvania, Oct. 20, 1862.

George A. Wilson, of Michigan, Oct. 28, 1862.

George E. Graves, of Vermont, Nov. 1, 1862.

Charles B. Wells, of Illinois, Nov. 20, 1862.

D. Tarbell, of Kentucky, Nov. 26, 1862.

J. F. Wilson, of Illinois, Nov. 26, 1862.

Frank G. Noyes, of Iowa, Nov. 26, 1862.

H. G. Peyton, of Iowa, Nov. 26, 1862.

James Stouls, of Iowa, Nov. 26, 1862.

James O. P. Burnside, of Illinois, Nov. 29, 1862.

John L. Carson, of Nebraska.

Joseph C. Pinckney, of New-York.

Levi Ruggles, of Missouri.

George H. Swartwout, of New-York.

A. L. Carleton, of Vermont.

First Lieut. Alfred Gage, of the 99th New-York.

Gilbert E. Winters, of Ohio.

Charles Henry Maple, of Illinois.

J. J. Hoff, of New-Jersey, Nov. 26, 1862

Charles H. Simpson, of Illinois, to be Additional Paymaster.

To be Assistant Quartermasters, with rank of Captain.

Abraham Edwards, of Pennsylvania.

Thomas J. Carr, of New-York.

First Lieut. Wm. H. Brown, Fifth cavalry.

Geo. B. Hubbard, of Ohio.

C. K. Clark, of Pennsylvania.

W. H. Johnson, of Michigan.

Wyman H. Mandeville, of New-York.

Wm. C. Bailey, of Pennsylvania.

Wm. Thompson, of Pennsylvania.

John S. Allen, of Missouri.

Jesse Haley, of Ohio.

Wm. Bosgshell, of Illinois.

James G. C. Lee, of Ohio.

Reece M. Newpact, of Ohio.

Hiram Hays, of Wisconsin.

Joel K. Shaw, of Missouri.

Herman G. Bohn, of Missouri.

Lieut. James M. Moore, 90th Pennsylvania Vols.

N. P. Aspinwall, Jr., of Pennsylvania.

First Lieut. S. W. Fry, 11th Indiana.

To be Judge Advocates, with Rank of Major.

First Lieut. Guide N. Lieber, 11th infantry, for the army commanded by Maj.-Gen. Banks.

Ralston Skinner, of Ohio, for the army commanded by Gen. Rosecrans.

G. Irvin Whitehead, 1st Pennsylvania cavalry, for the army commanded by Gen. Keyes.

To be Surgeons of Volunteers.

O. K. Reynolds, of Missouri.

Anthony Heayer, promoted to be Surgeon in the regular army, September, 1862.

Capt. Dickinson P. Thurston, 93d Ohio Volunteers, to be Aid-de-Camp, with the rank of Captain, for Maj.-Gen. Schenck.

Mrs. Caroline F. Cowan, to be Deputy Postmaster at Biddeford, Me., *vice* Louis O. Cowan, deceased.

Wm. Badger, to be Surveyor of Customs for the District of Portsmouth, N. H.

Wm. H. Higgins, to be Assessor of Internal Revenue for the District of Louisiana.

James H. Morgan, for the Second District of California.

Turner R. King, for the Eighth District of Illinois.

John Dean, of Hollidaysburgh, Penn., for the Seventeenth District of Pennsylvania.

Geo. Bool, for the Eighteenth District of Pennsylvania.

To be Aids-de-Camp with the Rank of Major.

Wm. Cutting, of New-York.

Leavitt Hunt, of New-York.

Second Lieut. Bradbury C. Chetwood, 1st artillery.

First Lieut. Lawrence Kip 3d artillery.

Christian T. Christensen, New-York.

Capt. Geo. G. Lyne, additional Aid-de-Camp.

Capt. Wm. R. Rowley, additional Aid-de-Camp.

Edward Wright, Illinois.

Wm. H. Lawrence, Massachusetts.

Capt. Chas. O. Joline, additional Aid-de-Camp.

First Lieut. W. M. Este, 26th Ohio.

Capt. Oscar A. Mack, 13th Infantry.

Capt. Louis H. Buford, 3d Kentucky cavalry.

Lieut. Frank S. Bond, 10th Connecticut.

Caleb Bates, Ohio.

To be Aids-de-Camp, with the Rank of Captain.

First-Lieut. Audenried, 6th cavalry, for Maj.-Gen. Sumner.

First-Lieut. Samuel S. Sumner, 5th cavalry, for Maj.-Gen. Sumner.

Granville E. Johnson, of Massachusetts.

Henry Norton, of New-York.

Oswald Jackson, of Pennsylvania.

W. E. Blake, of New-York.

Harry Russell, of New-York.

Thomas Lord, Jr., of New-York.

Arnold Dulon, of New-York.

George T. Robinson, of Pennsylvania.

First-Lieut. Samuel W. Stockton, 4th cavalry.

Arthur M. Kenzie, Illinois.

Wm. S. Candler, Massachusetts.

Chas. R. Thompson, Missouri.

Maxwell V. S. Woodhull, New-York.

Lieut. John P. Willard, Wisconsin Volunteers.

Salford C. Kellogg, New-York.

Lieut. Geo. H. Knox, Illinois artillery.

Lieut. Louis J. Howard, 53d Pennsylvania Vols.

Second Lieut. Byron Kirby, 6th infantry.

Second Lieut. Orlando H. Ross, 20th Illinois.

James C. McCoy, Ohio.

Lewis M. Dayton, Ohio.

Charles G. Hutton, New-York.

R. H. J. Goddard, Rhode Island.

First Lieut. B. D. Williams, 4th Kentucky Vols.

First Lieut. Frank Jones, 13th Ohio.

Peter Hudson, Iowa.

THE ALMADEN MINES.

The Quicksilver Mining Company hold title under the Mexican grant to Justo Lavios, which was confirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States several years ago. The only contestant was the Almaden Company, holding under the pretended grant to Castellero, which the same Court has just decided to be void. The title of the Quicksilver Mining Company having been finally settled, the patent will issue as soon as the survey is perfected. The yield of the mines has been from a million to a million and a quarter annually. The Quicksilver Mining Company have a claim by virtue of this decision upon the Almaden Company for all the proceeds of the mine for over ten years, to which the stockholders of the Quicksilver Mining Company are entitled.

THE ADJOURNMENT.

The Senate will end its session this week, probably to-morrow.

PACKAGES FOR THE ARMY.

To the great gratification of the soldiers, Adams' Express has delivered during the last ten days a great number of boxes and bundles to the army; and Gen. Hooker, solicitous for the welfare and comfort of his men, has made ample provision for the speedy distribution to the various camps of all articles hereafter sent through the Express.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

Washington, Wednesday, March 11.

The Senate considered Mr. Davis' resolution, offered yesterday, requesting the President to furnish, at the commencement of the next session, the aggregate number for each State, Territory and the District of Columbia, of all officers and employes in the civil service of the United States, subject to removal by the President and by other officers, and their perquisites, etc.

Messrs. Anthony, of Rhode Island, (Rep.,) and Trumbull, of Illinois, (Rep.,) thought all this information would be found in the next Blue Book, and hence could see no necessity for the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, (Union,) explained that it was his intention, at the next session, to submit amendments to the Constitution regulating the appointment and removal of officers, and desired this information to illustrate his proposition.

Mr. Grimes, of Iowa, (Rep.,) suggested an amendment, in order to show in what capacity such civil officers have acted, and in this form the resolution was adopted.

The Senate then went into Executive session.

Kings County Circuit Court, March 12.—Nos. 12, 25, 28½, 33, 34, 39, 40, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58, 59.

THE ARMY AND THE WAR.

Letter from a New-York Volunteer on the Duty of the People.

CAMP 123D N. Y. V., NEAR STAFFORD COURT-HOUSE, Va., Thursday, Feb. 5, 1863.

Hon. RALPH RICHARDS—*My Dear Sir:* Seeing your name in one of the public prints to-day, put it in my mind to write you, the more especially as you are in some measure both the representative and manufacturer of public sentiment at home. I have been more and more impressed of late with a notion that the people at home do not stand up to that high mark of patriotism and of public virtue which the exigencies of this gigantic war demand, and which the sublime history and vast hopes of an heroic nation and a great and virtuous people entitle us to expect. The public Press and all the various modes for the expression of public sentiment indicate that a large portion of the Northern people, and, it is greatly to be feared, a majority of them, look with doubt upon the issue of this struggle, and are ready to abandon it upon any, even dishonorable terms. The prevalence of this idea in the army has weakened its courage and heroic fortitude, prepared it for weak and unmanly concessions, robbed it of the high and holy aims which sanctified its efforts, and has in a great measure reduced it from an army of patriots fighting for a great cause and conscious of the sublimity of their mission and the estimation which posterity will place upon their efforts, to an army of mercenaries, entering the service for the huge bounties offered, serving in it grudgingly and of necessity, and working with aching hearts for any mode by which they may possibly leave it.

These are painful facts, but they are daily impressed upon my mind by what I see and hear What the army needs and what the country needs is an assurance that the North is firm and steadfast in its purpose to prosecute this war to its bitter end, and that no compromise, concession or peace is possible until rebellion is utterly and entirely crushed, and the old flag floats in triumph once more over the land and over the sea, with no foe in arms against it. The danger which now menaces the triumph of our cause is not found on Southern soil, nor from rebel arms. It is to be found at home, and in the weakness or the treachery of our own people. If they will but stand fast, nourishing heroic resolves and unfaltering confidence, hoping all things and believing all things, for the cause, as well as doing all things for it; though we may have to pass through yet other disasters and defeats, suffer yet further shame and humiliation, consecrate our cause by the rich blood of our kindred and friends, and pass through yet further baptisms of fire and blood; notwithstanding all this the future is secure, and triumph will in the end crown our efforts and reward them with the rich blessings of an assured peace, a settled government, and a vital liberty. For in this war the laws of necessity fight for us, and if we can but only measurably hold our own, Time will fight our battles, win our victories; and if he does not crown us with laurels will bless us with the substantial fruits of victory. Physical exhaustion must in the end subdue the Southern people. The laws are certain which declare that the South must reach that point long before we approach it. She is confessedly fast drawing nigh to it, and the consciousness of this it is which has nerved her to a spasmodic energy which has something of the look of vital force. But the day of her final dissolution is fast approaching, and will be all the more speedily reached if you men of the North will, with the heroic spirit as well as generous act, hold up and sustain the hands of your brethren in the fight. I have suffered many painful doubts of late of the final issue of this war; doubts based entirely upon fears of the steadfastness of purposes of our people.

When I reflect upon the nature of the cause in which we are engaged, in the issues of which are the life or the death of a great people and an exalted civilization, the prosperity of future generations, and all things else which a beneficent God would bless for its goodness or curse for its wickedness, and when I reflect upon the precious blood which has already been shed in such lavish abundance, and the countless treasure already expended, the gigantic efforts already made, and the noble prize almost secured, I am filled with rage and indignation that these grand efforts, these rich sacrifices, shall come to naught, and shipwreck come to the cause, through the cowardice, the weakness, the falsehood, or the low ambition of our own people. If through the machinations of these men an unworthy peace is ever brought about, the blood of our brethren, which has so freely drenched the Southern soil, will cry aloud from the ground for vengeance upon the traitors who have betrayed them and their cherished cause.

I implore you labor early and late, in season and out of season, amongst your friends, your neighbors and your acquaintances, in public and in private, whenever and wherever your influence can be felt, to bring back our people once more to that high standard of public virtue and public confidence which swelled up like the tides of the great ocean upon the heel of the bloody disaster of Bull Run. A single manifestation of such an imperial and fast fixed resolve to win, would do more to secure the final triumph of our armies than a victory on the Rappahannock. I trust you will pardon my warmth. I have written from a full heart. I have devoted myself to a cause which I esteem the noblest and the best which ever sanctified the efforts of a Christian soldier, and I cannot speak otherwise than earnestly, when the peril of that cause is the subject. We are in the midst of a terrible storm. An intensely cold snow-storm has moderated somewhat and a heavy rain is now falling, and unguessed depths of mud will be yawning to receive us by morning. We are now in SIGEL's Grand Reserve Division, Army of the Potomac, consisting of Gen. SLOCUM's corps (our own) and STAHL's corps. The men are comfortably enough housed in huts built and abandoned by some of SIGEL's (now STAHL's) men. They have, however, much picket duty to do, which in this inclement and stormy time, is very trying to them.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain,

Yours to the end, A. H. FANNER.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

SEVENTH REGIMENT MATTERS.

Resignation of Col. Lefferts—Wing Drills—A New Adjutant, &c.

Col. MARSHALL LEFFERTS, who has commanded the Seventh Regiment since the resignation of Col. DURYEA, is about to take leave of that corps, and has accordingly issued the following:

BROTHER OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT: I am about to issue my last order, and to bid you farewell. The older members of the regiment, especially, can understand what it costs me to sever my connection with those in whose company I have passed so many pleasant hours; but family cares and business relations, with constantly-increasing demands upon my time, have long since warned me of the necessity of resigning my position as your commanding officer.

In the year 1851 I was elected from the ranks of the Eighth Company to a commission as Major, a few years later to that of Lieutenant-Colonel, and for nearly four years past I have served as Colonel Commanding the regiment, and I have to thank you most sincerely for your unwavering support, and the cheerful confidence with which you have always obeyed my orders. How far we have been successful in maintaining the standard and *esprit du corps* of the regiment is shown, I think, by its numerical strength, and complete equipment and organization, as it stands to-day. Notwithstanding the large demands upon our ranks, since the war commenced, for officers—of whom we have furnished between three and four hundred of various grades, most of them now serving in the army—we have still upon our rolls more than *eleven hundred* rank and file, who are ready for duty.

The services which you have performed during the past two years, have been honorably acknowledged by the General Government, as well as by your own State, and when impartial history shall record the events of the mighty struggle now going on, the Seventh Regiment will enjoy untarnished honor, in common with the noble spirits who have flocked to our country's standard, to defend our nationality and Republican liberty; and the names of your comrades—WINTHROP, FARNHAM, GADSDEN, O'BRIEN, and others, who have fallen in the field of battle—now shrouded in mourning drapery on your walls, in touching tribute to their bravery, and your loss—will claim conspicuous places on the scroll which is to tell posterity of those who died in defence of the Constitution and the laws.

My proudest boast—the happiest of my recollections—is that I have never asked of you any service, or anything even out of the line of official duty, which has not been most readily and cheerfully granted. These are evidences of a friendship and mutual attachment, which I trust will still continue, when our official relations shall have ceased to exist.

Let the regiment only be true to itself, and no defence of its acts will ever be needed: its history will be recorded in the hearts of our citizens.

Col. MARSHALL LEFFERTS.

NEW-YORK, March 9, 1863.

Adjt.-Gen. GEO. W. SMITH, who has served in the regiment many years, has resigned, and WM. H. HUME has been appointed to the position. H. M. FUNSTON has been elected First Lieutenant and GEO. H. KITCHING Second Lieutenant of Company A.

The right wing of the regiment will drill at the armory to-night, and the left wing on Friday night. The next concert takes place at the armory a week from Saturday.

Humorous Illustrations of Southern Life.

Mrs. N. S. BRYANT gave a very interesting series of readings illustrating the humorous phases of Southern life, at Dodworth's Hall, on Tuesday evening last. The audience present filled the hall comfortably, and the illustrations were received with marked applause. The syllabus was divided into two parts of four sections each. The selections were mostly founded on the characteristics of the negro as they appear in the South, and were truthful in their rendition. Her description of yellow fever time in New-Orleans was an accurate depiction, and her mimicry of old Aunts Dicey and Chloe humorous. The whole entertainment was well received, and gave satisfaction to all present. Whenever Mrs. BRYANT may repeat her readings she will be certain to "draw" large and select audiences.

Commencement of the New-York Medical College and Charity Hospital.

The thirteenth annual Commencement of the above institution took place Tuesday evening at the College, in Thirteenth-street. The proceedings were opened with prayer, by Rev. F. C. EWER, after which the Hippocratic oath was administered to the graduating class, by Prof. RAPHAEL. Rev. Dr. J. M. MATHEWS then conferred the degree of Doctor of Medicine on the following gentlemen, they having complied with the necessary requisitions, and passed a satisfactory examination in the various departments of medicine and surgery, both before the Faculty and the Board of Censors:

Charles A. Bacon, H. L. B. Hartt, New-York; John Friederick, Germany; H. Baronig Matteosian, Constantinople; Samuel H. Rodman, John H. Thompson, Erastus Wilson, Dubois D. P. Parmlee, New-York; Theodore Artaud, France; David Buchanan, Scotland; Gordon Winslow, New-York.

Dr. RAPHAEL announced that Honorary Degrees were conferred on Dr. GEO. FORD, Resident Physician on Ward's Island, and Dr. RICHARD S. SATTERLEE Medical Purveyor in the United States Army.

The valedictory address was delivered by Prof. H. G. COX. He defined the objects of medicine, and the sources from which it derived its powers. The speaker dwelt to some extent on the advancement of the science, and hoped that the class before him would be able to twine around their temples the wreath of success.

Prof. J. V. C. SMITH then read the report of the Committee of the Faculty on the awarding of the Von Arcken Prizes. They recommended that the first prize of a diploma should be given to HENRY LEBARON HARTT for his thesis on aneurism, and the other to JOHN H. THOMPSON, author of a thesis on Extra Uterine Gestation.

The valedictory was delivered by JOHN H. THOMPSON, and was well received by the audience. Dr. RAPHAEL stated that the Faculty took pleasure in announcing that the Spring course of Lectures would commence on Monday, March 30, and would be as follows:

On Exsections and Resections, by Prof. CARNOCHAN.
On Military Surgery, by Prof. RAPHAEL.
On Some of the Diseases Peculiar to Women, by Prof. BUDD.
On the Management of Infants, by Prof. JACOBI.
On Operative Obstetrics, (Practical Course,) by Prof. NOEGGERATH.
On Visceral and Regional Anatomy, by Prof. SMITH.
On Operations on the Eye and Ear, by Prof HOLCOMB.
On the Art of Prescribing, by Prof. PERCY.
On Diseases of the Chest, by Prof. COX.
On the Medical Uses of Electricity, by Prof. VANDER WEYDE.
On Microscopic Anatomy, by Dr. SHNETTER.

The course will be free to matriculated students of the College. The daily clinics will be continued throughout the year, and will be as follows:

Mondays, 12 M., Surgical, Prof. RAPHAEL.
Tuesdays, 11 A. M., Eye and Ear, Prof. HOLCOMB.
Tuesdays, 3 P. M., Children, Prof. JACOBI.
Wednesdays, 12 M., Females, Prof. BUDD and NOEGGERATH.
Thursdays, 12 M., Surgical, Prof. CARNOCHAN.
Fridays, 3 P. M., Children, Prof. JACOBI.
Saturdays, 11 A. M., Medical, Prof. COX.

The exercises closed with the benediction.

Naval.

DEPARTURE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS.

The *Massachusetts* transport and supply steamer to the South Atlantic fleet sailed from this port yesterday, with an immense cargo of stores, provisions and ammunition and a large number of passengers. She took out a quantity of things that are to be used in a "big fight" soon to come off. It is believed in naval circles that this is the last trip which this ship will make to the present headquarters of DUPONT's squadron. She is armed with heavy guns, and can protect herself from the pirates.

THE MONITOR.

A Washington correspondent informs us that there is a good chance of the *Monitor* being retained in the navy, although she is now at the bottom of the deep. Mr. W. H. FAIRBANK, of Washington, has made a proposition to raise her for $75,000, if the Government finds her whereabouts and furnishes tugs. Several prominent officers are endeavoring to get Mr. WELLES to accept the proposal, and thereby preserve the pioneer of our iron-clad fleet.

The screw steam-gunboat *Sumter* has been ordered as guard ship to Fortress Monroe. She is now here, and will be ordered to leave in a few weeks. Capt. WINCHESTER commands her. The *Sumter* is one of CROMWELL's vessels, purchased in 1858.

Among the propositions recently made to the Navy Department is one from a Mr. A. D. BISHOP, of New-York, to build an iron steam vessel capable of making fifteen miles an hour, for $1,650,000. It is calculated such a craft would overhaul the *Alabama*.

ANOTHER BOARD ORDERED.

Yesterday a Board of Officers, consisting of Capt. BOWEN, Lieut. FILLEBROWNE and Purser BARRY, convened at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, for the purpose of examining the losses in the various departments in their management. Mr. GALE, the boss laborer, and all the other bosses, were summoned to attend. Money lending, contracting, inspecting, and all such matters, will be systematized henceforward, and persons who have paid to be retained on the working list are wanted to testify to the facts.

Arrival of Sick and Wounded Soldiers.

Yesterday, about 12 o'clock, a car fitted up by the Sanitary Commission, in charge of Dr. HARRIS arrived in Jersey City. The car contained between forty and fifty sick and wounded men from Alexandria, who were brought through probably more comfortably and with less fatigue than the same number of men in the same condition was ever moved before. There is every facility for cooking, warming and ventilating the car. Each man lies on his own cot—his own bed, covered with his own blanket. These cots are hung on India-rubber tugs, and can be removed without trouble or distress to the patient.

The men seem cheerful, and we learned from personal conversation with the most of them, that the journey had been performed without pain or weariness.

Surgeon C. MCDOUGALL, Medical Director of the Department of the East, was on hand, as usual, personally superintending their removal to the hospital steamer, *Thomas P. Way*, assisted by Surgeons DALTON and LYNDE.

CAPT. ELLSWORTH provided the cleanest and best of beds, a good warm dinner, with kind, cheerful words, and soon after 1 o'clock the *Thomas P. Way* left for David's Island. Part of the men were to be left there and a part of them at the Ladies' Home Hospital, corner of Fifty-first-street and Lexington-avenue.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Before Justice Barnard.

At the opening of the Court yesterday morning, the jury in the case of EDWARD MCCORMICK, tried for the murder of policeman HENRY L. WILLIAMS, came into Court after having been together all Tuesday night, and announced that they were unable to agree upon a verdict. The Court accordingly discharged the jury, having previously suggested to them the propriety of their keeping silence as to how they stood when together.

Dr. EDWIN M. BROWN was then arraigned for trial, on a charge of procuring an abortion upon CLEMENTINA ANDERSON, and thereby causing her death. This is the notorious Eighth-avenue abortion case, with which the public is already familiar. After a short recess of the Court, Judge BARNARD resumed his seat upon the Bench, and stated that as the pannel of jurors present was not sufficiently large to meet the probable wants of the case, he should adjourn the Court until 11 o'clock this morning, and meantime the Sheriff would be directed to summon fifty additional jurors.

The Court then adjourned.

Drill of the Ambulance Corps.

An exhibition drill of the Ambulance and Sanitary corps, commanded by Col. HENRY R. FOOTE, took place Tuesday evening at the Academy of Music, in presence of a crowded house, and with the auxiliary attraction of the Seventh Regiment Band. The exercises commenced with an allegorical tableau, illustrative of the sufferings of the soldiers on every battle-field. Then followed a drill of the corps as soldiers—of the corps in the act of carrying off the sick and wounded—as field attendants—as hospital attendants and guards—and finally, the ambulance corps in retreat. The illustrations were much the same as those exhibited some time since at Irving Hall, and described in the TIMES. The audience was much amused at the men killed to order, the bandaging and carrying off the wounded, &c. The drill as soldiers was not as good as ELLSWORTH's Chicago Zouaves; neither was the manner of handling the wounded very gentle; nor did the force seem to be economized, since as many as six men were engaged in carrying one man from the field. The arming of such a corps with rifles would also, it would seem, give the men too much to carry besides the necessary accoutrements of the corps and comforts for the wounded. All of these defects, however, can be easily remedied, by adopting some of the many excellent features of an ambulance corps heretofore laid before the War Department. From the hilarity of the audience, it is not to be supposed that the sham wounds, the mimic lameness, or the feigned groans of the wounded, were calculated to bring to mind the horrors of the battle-field.

At the close of the exhibition, Col. FOOTE made a speech, setting forth the necessity for the corps, the defeat of the bill by the Senate, the project of organizing the corps as a cavalry regiment, and returning thanks to various gentlemen for their aid to the corps.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Oyer and Terminer. *Part II.*—Nos. 1972, 2028, 2030, 2032, 2034, 2036, 2038, 2040, 2044, 2046, 2048, 2050, 2052, 2056, 2058, 2062, 2064, 2066, 2068, 2070. *Part III.*—Nos. 1392, 719, 1560, 1524, 1644, 1662, 1161, 1102, 1403, 801½, 1582, 1586, 1590, 1606, 1616, 1630, 1638, 1640, 1656.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Issues of Law and Fact.—Nos. 359, 360, 354, 238, 252, 237, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 271, 272, 273, 157. Demurrer—No. 21.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1271, 1687, 1211, 1743, 2275, 1757, 1759, 1761, 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1777, 1779. *Part II.*—Nos. 1014, 1826, 1860, 2874, 1236, 1208, 606, 1516, 1830, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1127, 1183, 1221, 1222, 440, 948, 277, 101, 747, 1201, 92, 1277, 839, 1204, 631, 1109. *Part II.*—Nos. 894, 1674, 621, 546, 689, 677, 1303, 1304, 1305, 1306, 1307, 1308, 1309, 1310.

The Opinion in Jefferds' Case—An Intoxicated Man may Make a Voluntary Admission—Evidence.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Ingraham, Leonard and Barnard.

Charles M. Jefferds, plaintiff in error vs. The People, defendants in error.—The prisoner in this case was convicted of murder in the first degree, in killing John W. Matthews.

The offence was committed in June, 1860, and the cause was tried in December, 1861, and the prisoner was sentenced to suffer the punishment of death on the 20th of February, 1863, and to be confined at hard labor in the State Prison until such punishment of death shall be inflicted.

The case now came before the Court on a writ of error and bill of exceptions. The opinion is delivered by INGRAHAM, P. J., and holds substantially as follows: That it was no objection to the evidence of threats made against the deceased by the prisoner that such threats were made two years before the death of the former. On the contrary, long continued animosity and ill-will are better evidence of a state of mind which would ripen into deliberate murder than the hasty ebullition of passion. The theory of the law as to murder is that it is done on premeditation, and that the motives for such an act are none the less powerful because they are the result of ill-feeling entertained for years. Nor would subsequent proof of friendly feelings afterward entertained between the parties render the evidence of those threats inadmissible.

The charge of the Recorder in respect to this evidence was correct.

The evidence of William J. Walton and Wm. B. Moore in regard to the prisoner's admissions touching the killing of Walton, not having been objected to when offered, was properly admitted, and subsequent evidence showing that the prisoner was in a state of intoxication when the admissions were made, was not sufficient to warrant the Court in taking them from the jury. The fact that the prisoner made the confessions or admissions to a supposed friend, who had given him liquor for the purpose of eliciting them, did not render them inadmissible. Rex *vs.* Spillbury *et al.* 7 Com. L. P., p. 187; People *vs.* McMahon, 15 N. Y. Reports, p. 384, 391; and the People *vs.* Hendrickson, 8 How. P. R., p. 166, were cited on this point. The gist of these cases is, "that the question always is, whether the evidence can be relied on, and not how it is obtained. Under all the circumstances, the admissions must be considered voluntary. In respect to the manner in which these admissions were obtained, the Court says:

But while I am of the opinion that there was no error in suffering this testimony to go to the jury that would call for a new trial, I do not wish to be considered as in any manner assenting to the propriety of obtaining evidence in such a manner, for the purpose of convicting a criminal.

An officer may be employed by the prosecution for the purpose of watching a supposed criminal, and for the purpose of detection. Crime often cannot be otherwise discovered. But when such an officer ingratiates himself as a friend of the criminal, when he procures liquor, and uses it for the intoxication and ruin of the supposed culprit, when he urges upon him the constant use of intoxicating drinks, until, maddened by their use, the accused in a spirit of boasting, rather than in the exercise of his reason, and in response to suggestions made by the officer, proclaims his guilt, it appears to me that the officer goes far beyond the line of his duty, and is guilty of conduct throwing no credit on such an administration of criminal justice. But, however much we may condemn this proceeding, still it was not error to admit the testimony on the trial. The learned Judge before whom the case was tried, while he correctly held that the confessions were not to be kept from the jury, felt also unwilling to state to the jury his approval of the mode in which they were obtained.

In respect to the drunken insanity of the prisoner, the following language is held:

It was also urged on the argument that these confessions were the remarks of a drunken man, and that drunkenness was partial insanity, and therefore should have been excluded. I have heretofore referred to the condition of the prisoner as a matter proper for the jury to pass upon. He may have been so intoxicated as to have been unconscious of what his words meant, and he may only have been excited by liquor, but still possessed of his reason and judgment. All this was properly submitted to the jury, and the instructions on this point were not objected to.

The admission of certain evidence was then alluded to, and the Court found that the rulings of the Recorder were correct.

The opinion concludes thus:

Upon all the exceptions thus raised I find no error calling for a new trial, and am of the opinion that the verdict should not be disturbed therefore.

This cause having been tried in the Sessions, the rules applicable to exceptions by the Statute of 1855, are very much relaxed, and the Court may order a new trial if it shall be satisfied that the verdict was against law, or against the weight of evidence, or that justice requires a new trial.

If the evidence was properly admitted, there can be no ground for a new trial in this case. I have already referred to all the grounds of objection suggested to us by the counsel for the prisoner. Nor do I feel warranted in saying that there is anything in the case which would bring it within the provision of the statute that justice requires a new trial. No error has been committed, and the case having been fairly submitted to the jury, their verdict has been rendered without any appearance of prejudice or partiality. There is nothing, therefore, which calls for the exercise by this Court of the powers conferred by that statute.

The remaining question is that which arises as to the effect of the Act of 1860 in altering the law of murder. By a stipulation between the counsel the argument in this case was to be made in the case of Lowenberg at the same time. In that case the Court have decided to affirm the judgment. I have expressed my dissent in that case, but the conclusion of the Court being adverse to the prisoner, the judgment must be affirmed.

Verdict Against the Sheriff.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Moncrief.

Schemper vs. Lynch.—This was an action to recover of the defendant, Sheriff of this City and County, for the alleged wrongful taking, by levy, of certain property belonging to the plaintiff, in September last. The case was stated in the TIMES of yesterday, and now resulted in a verdict of $205 59 for the plaintiff.

Notes of Decisions in Admiralty—Collision—Pleading—Vessel at Anchor—Mutual Fault.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Before Judge Shipman.

Elisha Ruckman vs. The Schooner Five Boys.—This was a libel filed to recover damages occasioned to the schooner *Ney* by a collision with the *Five Boys* in Hampton Roads, on the night of May 17, 1857. The libelant and one Henry W. Ward owned the *Ney* at the time, and, before the suit was commenced, Ward assigned his interest in the claim to the libelant.

The *Five Boys* lay at anchor in Hampton Roads. The libelant alleges that she lay there without a light, which was denied. The *Ney*, coming in to anchor, ran foul of her; another vessel, the *Caroline Cole*, came in shortly before, and anchored near—seeing the *Five Boys* there, and avoided her.

The owners of the *Five Boys* claimed that the libelant was not entitled to recover, because, as they alleged, the *Ney* had no look-out, she was going at too great speed, the libel was too vague and general, and the cause of action was not one that could be assigned.

Held by the Court—That such assignments in cases of collision appear to have been recognized in this Court as valid. Several cases have been cited where this has been done, and the Court accordingly conforms its decision in this case to the previous cases, and holds that the libel is properly filed in the name of Ruckman. (Christopher *vs.* The *Transit.*)

That although the libel is open to criticism, yet it is not fatally defective. The objection that it does not state in what way the *Ney* endeavored to avoid the collision is hardly tenable, as the only way she could attempt to do so in the situation she was in when the *Five Boys* was discovered, was by putting her helm hard up. The place is stated to be in Hampton Roads, but there is nothing in the case which requires the exact locality to be particularly stated. The ground on which the libelant seeks to recover, viz., that the *Five Boys* lay in the track of vessels, without a light, was stated, and although in a different case the scantiness of the description in the libel might be fatal, it is sufficiently explicit to sustain this suit.

That, on the evidence, the *Ney* had a look-out, and would have discovered the *Five Boys* if she had had a light up.

That the *Five Boys* had no light visible, and no one on deck, the crew having all gone below.

That if a vessel will anchor in a much-frequented spot like this, where it is morally certain that other vessels will be seeking the same shelter, she should have some one on watch to keep her light burning.

That the *Five Boys* are therefore in fault, and liable in this action.

That the *Ney* should have shortened sail and slackened her speed in entering an anchorage ground like this. If she had done so, while she might not have avoided the collision, the extent of the damage caused by it would naturally have been diminished. She was therefore in fault in a particular, the natural tendency of which was to enhance the damages suffered by her.

That the case is therefore a proper one for apportioning the damages, a moiety of which must be borne by each vessel.

Decree accordingly, with an order of reference.

For libelant, Messrs. Beebe, Dean & Donohue; for claimant, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict.

ASSIGNMENT—PROOF.

Bryan Kinney vs. The Steamtug R. L. Maybey and the Bark Venus.—This was a libel filed by one of the owners of the steamtug *Thomas Kiley*, to recover damages for a collision which took place in New-York Harbor on Nov. 21, 1857. The libel alleged a joint ownership of the *Thomas Kiley* by the libelant and Daniel Shea, and an assignment by the latter to the libelant of his interest in the claim for damages. This was denied by the answer.

Held by the Court, That as no such assignment has been proved, nor any evidence tending to prove it offered, the libel must be dismissed with costs.

For libelant, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict; for the steamtug, Mr. McMahon; for the bark, Mr. Emmet.

United States Circuit Court....MARCH 11.

Before Judge Shipman.

George Laird, a man who was indicted for stealing property from the Navy-yard, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to be imprisoned for thirty days.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Staempfle vs. Staempfle.—Reference ordered.

Hill vs. Lord.—Motion granted with stay till June Circuit.

Hogan vs. Grafing.—Motion denied.

In the Matter of the Petition of Susan Ledyard for an Order Appointing a Receiver to Convey, &c.—Order granted.

Dunkin et al. vs. James.—Motion granted on payment of costs. Cause to be set down for trial on Monday next.

Before Justice Leonard.

Seeley vs. Hooge et al.; Berlin vs. Mapes et al.—Cases settled.

Before Justice Allen.

Defiganiere vs. Goodyear et al.—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs of opposing, without prejudice, &c.

Miles vs. Stout et al.—Reference ordered to take evidence.

United States Trust Company of New-York vs. Wiley et al.—Order granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Robertson.

Fiefee vs. Fruin & Sruger.—Motion for readjustment denied.

Howell vs. Knickerbocker Insurance Company.—Motion denied.

Hoope vs. Aune et al.—Motion granted on terms. See opinion.

Berry vs. Kelly, Sheriff.—Order for amendment granted and settled.

Towle vs. Tolan.—Requests to charge necessary to settle case. (See papers with Clerk.)

Card from H. L. Clinton, Esq.

No. 169 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK CITY,
Wednesday, March 11, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In the TIMES, of to-day, I read a report of the decision of the Judges of the Supreme Court, in the case of Hart *vs.* Kennedy, Superintendent of Police, in which my name and that of Mr. F. S. STALKNECHT are mentioned as counsel for plaintiff. I take the earliest opportunity of correcting this error, as I would not desire to deprive the counsel, Mr. GUNNING S. BEDFORD, Jr., who alone so ably conducted the case for the plaintiff, of the credit due him.

HENRY L. CLINTON.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 11, 1863.

$6,000	U. S. 6s. '81, Reg.	100¾	100	Erie Railway	78¾
5,000	do	100¾	1000	do	78⅜
60,500	U. S. 6s. '81. Cou.	102	1000	do	78⅜
1,000	U. S. 5s, '71..Reg.	91	700	do	78½
7,000	Treas. 7 3.10 p. ct.		250	do b30	78⅝
	Notes..Oct. & Ap.	105¾	450	Erie Railway P	100
10,000	do	105½	300	Hud. Riv. R. b30	98
7,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C.	99½	100	do s10	97¾
40,000	do	99¼	100	do s30	97½
5,000	do Nov	99¼	100	do s30	97¾
4,000	Cal. State 7s	135	250	do	97⅞
5,000	Erie 3d M. B. '83	117	100	do b3	98
5,000	Hud. R. 3d M.	111½	1000	Harlem Rl'd	39
1,000	Hud. R. Cvt. B.	108	1000	do	38¾
2,000	Har. R. 3d mtg	107	100	do s30	38¾
1,000	A. & T. H. 2d m. pr.	90½	400	do b30	39
500	Chi. & N. W. I B.	100	100	do	38⅞
5,000	Ch. & N. W. 1st m.	71	9	Gal. & Chi. R	91
5,000	C. & N. W. 2d Mt	42	50	do	92¼
3,000	Han. & St. J. 1st m.	71	50	do	93
7,000	Tol. & W. 2d M.	91½	25	Harlem R. Prfd	84
1,000	Gal. & Chi. 1st. ext.	115	200	do	83½
3,000	P.. F. W. & C. 2d.	105½	600	do	83
2,000	Pitts. F. W. & C. 3d.	79	100	do s10	83
3,000	do	80	300	do s30	82
2,000	Mil. & P. du C. 1st m.	110	300	Mich. Cen. R.	102
3,000	Clev. & P. 4th m.	81	100	do b60	102
10	Bank of Commerce	92½	300	do	101½
5	do	93	20	do	101
25,000	Amer. Gold	158¾	150	do b15	101½
100,000	do	158¼	50	do	101½
115,000	do	158½	200	Mich. S. & N. I. R.	60¾
40,000	do	158	500	do	60¼
20	Metropolitan Bank	103	250	do	60½
50	New-Jersey Zinc	100	100	do s30	60½
100	Minnesota Min. Co.	107	200	do b3	60¾
100	Cum. Coal Prf.	19½	100	do s10	60½
50	do	19¾	200	do s30	60½
50	do	19⅞	400	do b30	61
550	Quicksilver M. Co.	62	30	do	61
200	do	61	150	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	108
150	do	60½	550	do	109
550	do	60¼	5	Panama R.	189
600	do	60	50	Ill. Central R. S.	91¼
50	do	59¾	100	Clev. & Pitts. R.	69
125	Pacific M. S. Co.	182	200	do	68½
250	do	182½	1600	do	68
50	do	182¾	500	do s30	67½
200	do	183	400	Clev. & Tol. Rd	94½
50	do b10	183	100	do	94¾
100	do s15	182	100	do s30	94½
50	do s30	181	300	do	94½
50	do s60	178	50	Chic. & R. I. R.	92½
50	N. Y. Cen. R. s30	118	50	Chic., B. & Q. R.	109
20	do	117¾	50	Mil. & P. du C. R.	39¼
50	do	117⅞	200	do	40
50	Alt. & T. H.	33¾	200	P. Ft. W. & Ch. R. b10	63
10	do	34	50	do	63
500	Chic. & N. W. R.	16¼			

SECOND BOARD.

$4,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Cou.	102¼	500	Erie Railway	77½
60,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Reg.	101	250	do	77½
18,000	U. S. 5s, '74, Cou.	96	400	do	77
1,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ℘ ct.		200	do s30	77
	Notes. Feb. & Aug.	105	1000	do s3	77¼
13,500	do. Oct. & Apl.	105¾	100	do s5	77¼
10,500	do	106	500	Erie Railway Pref.	99½
10,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. C.	99½	800	Hudson R. R.	98
3,000	do	99½	100	do b30	98½
15,000	U. S. D. N.	158	100	do b30	98¼
6,000	Mo. State 6s	62	200	do b30	98¾
1,000	Cal. St. 7s	133	100	do	98½
2,000	Ind. St. 6s W. L.	100	100	do	98¼
6,000	Erie 5th Mt. Bds.	108	600	Harlem R. Pref. s30	83
5,000	B., N. Y. & E. 1st M.	112½	500	do	83½
3,000	do	112¼	50	do s30	82¾
1,000	C., B. & Q. 8 ℘ c. Bs.	129	100	Mich. Cen. R.	102
5,000	P.. F. W. & C. 2d.	106	100	do	104
7,000	Cl. & Pitts. 3d m.	103¼	200	do	103½
15,000	Clev. & P. 4th m.	80	30	do	103
5,000	Amer. Gold	158½	500	M. S. & N. I. R.	60½
10,000	do b30	159⅞	200	M. S. & N. I. G. S.	108½
75,000	do	158	100	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	91½
40,000	do	157⅞	15	Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	161½
700	Quicksilver M. Co.	48	200	Clev. & Pitts. R.	67½
5	do	51	1500	do	67
600	do	50	500	do b10	67
25	Cumb. Coal Prefd	19½	400	do s10	67
100	do	20	200	do s10	66¾
150	Pac. Mail S. Co.	182½	100	do	66⅞
200	do	183	50	Gal. & Chic. R. b10	93
50	do s60	180	500	Clev. & Tol. R.	95
50	do s30	181	100	Chi. & R. I. R.	92½
100	do s28	181½	10	P., F. W. & C. R.	62
200	do s60	179	300	do	62¾
150	do	183½	50	do	62⅞
5	N. Y. Cen. R.	117½	100	do b30	63¼
200	do	116⅝	170	Chi. & Alt. Pref	85
1500	Harlem R.	38	50	Chic. & Alton R.	65
500	do	38¼			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$3,000	U. S. 6s 1-yr. Cer.	99¼	100	Hud. River R.	98
10,000	do	99⅜	100	do	97¾
10,000	do	99⅝	400	Harlem R.	38
10,000	do currency	97	650	do	38¼
25,000	Amer. Gold	158¾	200	do	38⅜
80,000	do	158⅞	500	Harlem R. Pref.	83¼
60,000	do	158¼	100	do s10	83½
150	Cumb. Coal Pref.	20	100	do	83½
25	Quicksilver M. Co.	55	100	do	83¾
200	do	53	300	do	83⅞
150	do	52	850	M. S. & N. I. R.	60¾
50	do	51½	300	do	60½
25	do	52	300	Clev. & Pitt. R.	68
150	do	51	100	do	67⅞
100	Pacific M. S. Co.	183	100	do	67¾
200	do s60	180	200	do	67⅝
300	do	182⅝	200	do s10	67½
100	do s30	181	400	do	67½
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	117¾	100	Clev. & Tol. R.	94½
50	do	117½	200	do	94½
200	Erie R.	77¾	50	P., Ft. W. & C. R.	62½
500	do	77⅝	50	do	62½
100	Erie Pref.	100¼	100	do s3	62½

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$2,000	U. S. 5s, '74, Cou.	96	450	Erie R. Pref.	100
15,000	Treas. 7 3-10 ℘ c.		150	Hud. R. R.	98½
	Notes	106	100	do s10	98½
500	do	106	100	do	98⅝
10,000	Debt Certif.	99½	100	do b3	98¾
61,000	do Nov.	100	200	Harlem R. Pref. s30	83¾
40,000	Amer. Gold	157¾	500	do s30	84
80,000	do	157¼	200	do	84
30,000	do	157½	450	do	84½
2,000	do	157¼	100	Mich. Cen. R.	102⅞
100	Quicksilver Min. Co.	50	200	do	103½
5	do	50	50	do	103¼
450	do	51	50	do	103⅜
200	Pacific Mail s60	180	650	M. S. & N. I. R.	60¾
1100	do s60	181	200	do	108½
100	do	184⅞	1900	Clev. & Pitts. R.	67
100	do	184¼	1600	do b10	67
600	do	184	700	do s10	66¾
200	N. Y. Cen. R.	117	100	do	66¾
300	do	117½	200	do	66⅞
500	Erie Railway	77⅝	1000	do b30	67¼
100	do	77¾	1000	do b30	67⅜
300	do s30	77½	100	Chic. & R. I. R.	92½
1800	Harlem R.	39	250	do	92⅝
1500	do	38⅞	200	do	92¾

WEDNESDAY, March 11—P. M.

The unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, pronounced yesterday, that the Public Stocks and Bonds of the Federal Government cannot be taxed by the States, or by any County, City or other corporation or municipality acting under State authority, is so comprehensive and conclusive, as to settle the question beyond all future litigation. This opinion of the Supreme tribunal was not unexpected, but it is not the less timely and important for the investment of private capital, bank and insurance capital, and all trust funds in the Public Funded Stocks of the United States, *paying their interest exclusively in Gold Coin.* In addition to the plighted faith of the Government to the prompt and uniform payment of interest in Gold Coin, Congress has provided and pledged a fixed and certain source of revenue, receivable exclusively in Gold Coin from the Customs Duties on our Import trade.

The *security* of such investments is, in every possible sense, the very highest in the country. There is no Stock or Mortgage of any other description that carries with it the Public Faith of so rich a Government, or a lien upon so vast a property. The relative profit or *income* to the holder, during the War, assuming only the par value of the Public Stocks of the United States carrying 6 ℘ cent. interest in Gold, may be thus illustrated by comparison with any of our highest 7 ℘ cent. local securities. And after the War another general resumption of Specie payments by the Banks and the Treasury, there will be no Stocks or Mortgages whose advance, immediate and prospective, will be so sure as the Funded Stocks of the United States. We present a few examples of comparison as to present income:

$10,000 Erie First or Second Mortgage at 120..		$12,000
Paying 7 ℘ cent. currency	$700	
Less Government Tax	21—	679
Equal to 5.60 ℘ cent a year on cost.		
100 shares New-York Central at 118		$11,800
Paying 7 ℘ cent. free of Government Tax...		700
Equal to 5.92 ℘ cent a year on cost.		
$10,000 United States 6 ℘ cents. at par		$10,000
Paying 6 ℘ cent. in Gold	$600	
33⅓ ℘ cent premium	200—	800
Free of *all* Taxes and equal to 8 ℘ cent. a year on cost.		

Or thus:

$10,000 United States 6 ℘ cents. at par		$10,000
Paying 6 ℘ cent. in Gold	$600	
20 ℘ cent. premium	120—	720
Free of *all* Taxes and equal to 7.20 ℘ cent. a year.		

In case the income of the holder of United States 6 ℘ cents. is over $600 ℘ annum, clear of his expenses, the income tax of the Government is only 1½ ℘ cent. on the excess, whereas the general income tax is 3 ℘ cent. on the excess over $600 ℘ annum, if such income be derived from any other source than the Public Stocks of the United States.

The more important consideration, beyond the question of the Federal income tax, *is the immunity of the holder of United States Stocks from all State, County and City taxation.*

The prevailing impression to-day is that the Secretary of the Treasury will not at present attempt to negotiate on long-date Funded Stock bearing so high a rate of interest as 6 ℘ cent. The privilege of converting United States Notes of legal tender into 6 ℘ cent. Stock, to be paid off or reduced to 5 ℘ cent. interest at the pleasure of the Government, at any time after five years, continues good to the holders of United States legal-tender until the 30th of June next. It will then expire by limitation of the recent Loan Act of Congress. The following notice on this subject has been issued by the Subscription Agent of the Treasury in Philadelphia:

SPECIAL NOTICE.—On and after July 1, 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of legal-tender notes into the National Six Per Cent. Loan (commonly called "Five Twenties") will cease.

All who wish to invest in the Five-Twenty Loan must, therefore, apply before the 1st of July next.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10, 1863.

FISK & HATCH, Sub-Agents, New-York.

The United States Funded Stocks of 1881 improved to-day to 101 for the Registered and 102½@102¼ for the Coupon Stock. The 5 ℘ cents. of 1874 advanced 1 ℘ cent. The 7.30 ℘ cents. to 106 ℘ cent. The Certificates of Indebtedness to 99½ ℘ cent. These all bear interest in Gold Coin. Since the approval of the new Loan Act, the temporary paper issued by the Treasury carries interest in Currency only. And this fact, together with the decision of the Supreme Court, have enhanced the demand for the long date 6 ℘ cent. Stocks and 7.30 ℘ cent. Treasury Bonds, as investments; while, for the temporary employment of Money, the Certificates of Indebtedness of the old issue are sought for at 99½@100. A parcel due in November, $60,000, sold this afternoon at par and interest.

The speculation in Gold Coin was remarkably quiet to-day. There was an entire absence of excitement at the Public Board at 1 o'clock, when, usually, of late, the greatest confusion is observable between buyers and sellers. At the later Board, the price was 1 ℘ cent. lower, closing about 157 ℘ cent. There is nothing done of a definite quotation in Exchange since the sailing of the *Africa* this morning. The steamer carried out $1,265,000 in Gold. A much larger sum was rumored yesterday, but the turn in the Exchange market failed to justify a heavier shipment. The market for Money is easy at 6 ℘ cent. Intimations are current to-day, that the Secretary of the Treasury will soon advertise to receive Money at this rate in exchange for 3-year Treasury Notes, interest payable in Currency, and the principal reconvertible into Currency at certain given periods.

The Share Market to-day was generally lower on the Railways; higher again on Pacific Mail, and less excited than yesterday on Quicksilver Company. At the 4 o'clock Public Board the depression in the Railways was recovered on the Harlems, Hudson, Michigan Central and Toledo and partially on Eries; the general market leaving off firm, except for Cleveland and Pittsburgh, of which very heavy sales were made at the decline.

	Tues.	Wed.		Tues.	Wed.
Gold Coin	158⅜	157	Harlem	38⅞	38⅞
U. S. 6s, 1881	101	102¼	Harlem Pref.	85	84¼
Tennessees	61	62	Mich. Central	102½	103½
Missouris	61½	62	Mich. Southern	61¾	60⅝
N. Y. Central	117¾	117¼	Mich. Guarant'd	108¾	108½
Erie	78¼	77¼	Illinois Central	92¼	92
Erie Preferred	100¼	100	Pittsburgh	69½	67
Hudson	96⅞	98¼	Fort Wayne	63¾	63
Toledo	95	95½	Rock Island	92¾	93
Pacific Mail	179½	184	Treasury Certifs	98⅞	99½
Quicksilver Co.	58	51	7-30 Tr. Notes	105¼	106

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares, which have improved on the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States against taxing Capital invested in United States Stocks:

New-York	112½	Mercantile	120
Merchants'	100½	American Exchange	98½
Mechanics'	107	Chatham	80
America	113½	Bank of the Republic	103½
Phenix	105	Metropolitan	103
Tradesmen's	102	Market	91
Fulton	140	Nassau	102
National	100	Shoe and Leather	103
Merchants' Exchange	89	Corn Exchange	100
State of New-York	96	Continental	87
Commerce	92¾	Marine	125
Broadway	140	Commonwealth	80½
Ocean	82	New-York County	105

And the following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages:

Buf., N. Y. & Erie 1sts, '77	112	Chi. & N. W. 1sts, assd.	70
Harlem firsts, '69–'73	115	Chi. & N. W. seconds	41
Harlem seconds, '64	102	Han. & St. Jo. firsts	71
Harlem thirds, '68	106	Del. Lack. & W. 1sts	120
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℘ c. 1sts	128	Tol. & Wab. seconds	91¼
Mich. So. 7 ℘ c. seconds	103	Mil. & P. Du Ch. firsts	110
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c., '75	125	Clev. & Tol. s. f.	111
T. H. & Alt. 2ds pref	90	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3ds	79
Chi. & N. W. s. f.	105	Clev. & Pitts. thirds	103½
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds	97	Clev. & Pitts. fourths	80

The Brokers are already conforming to the Stamp tax on transactions over 3 days in Gold Coin. The regulations on the subject, published this morning, caused an extra demand for large stamps at the depository of Messrs. THOMPSON.

ERIE CO. FIRST ANNUAL REPORT—JAN. 1.

Funded Debt		$20,131,500
Capital—Common Stock	$11,437,500	
Preferred Stock	8,535,700—	19,973,200
Total		$40,104,700
Traffic in 1862 in gross		$8,400,334
Operating cost, 58 ℘ cent., or		4,860,748
Leaving		$3,539,586
Less Rents and Taxes		409,093
Net earnings of year		$3,130,493
Funded Interest	$1,399,405	
Loss by fire at Elmira	94,736—	1,494,141
Net Income of year		$1,636,352
Floating Debt paid off		1,182,994
Balance for Dividends		$453,358
Five ℘ cent. on Preferred Stock		426,785
Balance unappropriated		$26,574

Assuming the new Corporation to have been free of arrearages or floating debt, from the process of reorganization in January, 1862, the net income of the year would appear to be equal to

Seven ℘ cent. on Preferred Stock	$587,599
9.16 ℘ cent. on Common Stock	1,048,352
Together	$1,636,352

The details of the rents paid to the Long Dock and other branch properties are as follows:

Long Dock	$144,040
New-Jersey Union Road	83,400
Chemung	30,000
Elmira	25,000
Pavonia Ferry	25,000
Together	$307,440
Taxes—State, United States, &c	101,553
Total	$409,093

The above rents, if capitalized at 7 ℘ cent., would be equal to an addition of $4,400,000 to the permanent cost of the road, having preference to either class of Stock. Or assuming both rents and taxes as part of the expenses of operating the line, they are equal to about 5 ℘ cent. on the gross traffic of 1862; raising the ratio of expenses from 58 to 63 ℘ cent.

The details of the earnings of the road are as follows:

From		From	
Freight	$7,065,363	Telegraph	$19,872
Passengers	1,200,450	Rents	7,058
Mails	101,652	Storage	1,424
Hire of cars	1,874	Interest	1,522
Sleeping cars	1,117		
Total			$8,400,334

The increased earnings of the year over the last year of the old corporation were $2,054,000, exclusively from freight traffic, as follows:

	1861.	1862.	Inc. in 1862.
Through, East	$2,706,141	$3,639,764	$933,622
Way, East	1,198,193	1,462,863	264,670
Through, West	654,096	1,196,750	542,664
Way, West	453,230	765,985	312,754
Total, E. and West	$5,011,661	$7,065,363	$2,053,701

The new construction and equipment account derived, $152.075 in cash and Lake and other old moveable property, from the Receiver of the old Corporation, (the latter since sold for $256,320,) and out of this the expenditure of the year for equipment and ferries, in all $303,843 has been defrayed; leaving a balance of $104,532 for the same object this year.

The classification of the Funded Debt of the Company is as follows:

First Mortgage.	$3,000,000	Fifth Mortgage	$1,791,500
Second Mortgage.	4,000,000	Buffalo Branch	200,000
Third Mortgage.	6,000,000	Real Estate	200,000
Fourth Mortgage.	5,000,000		
Total			$20,131,500

Mr. O. D. ASHLEY, of the Stock Exchange, has taken into partnership Mr. W. WETHERLY and Mr. G. H. WATSON, and constituted his firm under the style of O. D. ASHLEY & Co.

The earnings of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company for the first week in March were as follows:

1863	$37,941
1862	21,964
Increase	$15,977

The Phenix Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn, has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 ℘ cent., payable on demand.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer, United States, was as follows: Receipts, $633,985 71, including for Customs, $148,000; Payments, $908,817 19; Balance, $13,907,891 71.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 11, 1863—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been: 68 bbls. Ashes, 11,191 bbls. Flour, 1,650 bags Corn Meal, 641 bushels Wheat, 3,470 bushels Corn, 800 bushels Rye, 1,113 bushels Barley, 16,525 bushels Oats, 689 bushels Malt, 8,108 pkgs. Provisions, and 641 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Pots continue in demand, and 40 bbls. have been sold at $8 75@$8 87½; Pearls remain as last noticed. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse, this morning, 465 bbls., including 429 bbls. Pots and 36 bbls. Pearls.

COAL—Foreign has been in more demand, but prices have been quoted somewhat lower and unsettled. Nothing new in Anthracite.

COFFEE—Has been inactive to-day at previous prices. Java closes at 37½c.@39c., Laguayra and Maracaibo at 32c.@35c., Rio at 30½c.@34½c., and St. Domingo at 30c.@31c. ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Has been less active and less buoyant to-day. Sales and resales have been reported of 1,000 bales, including Middling Uplands at 86c.@86½c. ℘ ℔.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been moderately inquired for, including No. 1 Canton at $2 05@$2 10 ℘ box.

FISH—The demand has been moderate for the principal kinds, at very firm prices, including Dry Cod at $5 25@$5 75 ℘ cwt.; Mackerel at $11 50@$14 50 for No. 1; $8 25@$9 75 for No. 2, and $5 50@$7 for No. 3, ℘ bbl. Pickled Herring at $3 50@$5 25 ℘ bbl. Smoked Herring at 37c.@38c. for Scaled, and 26c.@27½c. for No. 1, ℘ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less sought after, and has declined 5c.@15c. ℘ bbl. The reported sales since our last have been 11,250 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $6 90@$7 10; poor to choice extra State at $7 15@$7 65, chiefly at $7 20@$7 35; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 65@$7 75 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$6 90	@	$7 10
Extra State	7 15	@	7 65
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 20	@	9 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g br'ds	7 65	@	7 75
Extra Ohio, trade brands	7 80	@	9 00
Extra Genesee	7 75	@	9 00
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	7 75	@	10 25

Southern Flour is heavy and a shade cheaper; sales 1,170 bbls., at $7 50@$7 85 for poor to good superfine: $7 90@$9 50 for fancy to choice brands, and $9 55@$10 25 for very superior family brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is depressed and lower; sales 700 bbls. Extra, at $7 20@$9 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet at $3 60@$5 50 for fine and superfine, ℘ bbl. Corn Meal continues salable and firm, at $4 10@$4 15 for Jersey, and $4 95@$5 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in limited request at a reduction of about 2c. ℘ bush. Sales have been reported of 19,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 90; Amber do. at $1 77@$1 78; Red do. at $1 71@$1 76; Amber Iowa and Wisconsin at $1 66@$1 68; Milwaukee Club at $1 55@$1 65; Chicago Spring at $1 40@$1 60; and Amber Jersey, at $1 78@$1 80 ℘ bush. Corn is in less demand at lower rates. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 42,000 bushels, at 92c.@94c., in store and delivered, for shipping Mixed Western; 89c.@91½c. for Eastern, do.; 82c.@88c. for Unsound, and 97c.@98c. for Yellow Western, ℘ bush. Rye is quiet at $1 08@$1 12, according to quality, ℘ bush.; sales, 2,800 bush. Oats are in moderate demand, including Canada, at 80c.@81½c., Western at 80c.@82c., State at 81½c.@82½c. ℘ bush. Barley is inactive, at $1 42½@$1 58 ℘ bushel; sales, 3,100 bushels. Sales were also made of 1,000 bushels Barley Malt at $1 65 ℘ bushel.

HAY—North River is in moderate demand to-day, at 85c.@$1 ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—New are dull and heavy, to-day, at 21c.@27c., according to quality, ℘ ℔.

HIDES—Have been in less request at a reduction of ½c.@1c. ℘ ℔. Stock, 130,400 against 129,000 same time last year.

IRON—A moderate inquiry prevails for Pig. including Scotch at $40@$41, and No. 1 American at $36 ℔ ton.

LATHS—Have been quiet at former rates. Eastern, $1 40 ℔ thousand.

LEATHER—Has been in less demand; prices of Hemlock tanned have been depressed; other kinds have been quoted very firm.

LIME—Rockland has been in demand at $1 for Common, and $1 25 for Lump, ℔ bbl.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, 50 hhds. new crop Porto Rico at 56c.; and 240 bbls. old and new crop New-Orleans at 47c.@55c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine has been much depressed, and sales have been made of 225 bbls., including 50 bbls. by auction, at $3 17½, and the balance on private terms, ℔ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been inactive and depressed. Sales 450 bbls., at $14 50@$14 75 for old Mess, $16 75 for new Mess; and $11 50@$13 75 for old and new Prime, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are in moderate demand at 7½c.@8½c. for Hams, and 5½c.@6c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Bacon is in good request at 7½c.@9¾c. ℔ lb. Sales, 1,750 boxes. Lard is heavy and cheaper; sales, 1,000 tcs. and bbls., at 10⅛c.@11⅞c., ℔ lb. Beef is less sought after; sales since our last, 175 bbls., at $13@$13 75 for Extra Mess, and $11 25@$13 for Plain Mess, ℔ bbl. Prime Mess, $21@$23 ℔ tierce; India Mess, $24@$26 ℔ tierce. Beef Hams, $15 50@$16 50 ℔ bbl. Butter is in less request, at 17c.@23c. for poor to choice Western, and 22c.@28c. for common to very choice State, ℔ lb. Cheese is in moderate demand at 13c.@15c., the latter rate for choice, ℔ lb.

RICE—Sales have been reported, since our last, of 15 bbls Carolina, at $9 75, and 1,650 bags East India, part at $8 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

SALTPETRE—Crude has been in demand at 16c., and pure Refined at 21c. ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in fair request, and sales have been made of 950 hhds., including New-Orleans at 10⅜c.@12⅛c., and Cuba at 10⅛c.@10⅞c.; also, 114 boxes Havana, at 11⅛c.@12c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales, 165,000 lbs., at 12⅝c.@13c., and Butchers' Association, at 13⅛c. ℔ lb. Messrs. Knight & Sons notice the week's business thus: "For the past week we have to notice a decline of ⅜c., owing to the rapid fall in gold, and the consequent stagnation in the exchange market, which has caused shippers to stop purchasing until the excitement has somewhat subsided. The supply of prime lots is very small, and we quote 12⅞c. as the fair price, although some choice brands would bring 13c. Price this date, 1858, 11c.; 1859, 10⅜c.; 1860, 11c.; 1861, 9⅛c.; 1862, 8⅞c. ℔ lb.

WHISKEY—Sales 500 bbls., in lots, at 46½c.@48½c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been quiet to-day. For Liverpool, 600 bbls. Flour were taken at 1s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; 10,000 bushels Corn, in bulk, at 5½d. ℔ bushel; 100 tcs. Beef at 3s. 6d. ℔ tce; 100 bbls. Pork, by steamer, at 7s. ℔ bbl.; 1,500 pkgs. Provisions at 17s. 6d.@20s. by sailing vessel, and 50s.@60s. by steamer, and 16 tons Tallow, by steamer, at 50s. ℔ ton. For Bristol—100 hhds. Tallow at 25s. ℔ ton. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: "A Br. ship, 689 tons, to London, 4,500 Petroleum at 7s. 6d.; a Norw. bark, 439 tons, to Grangemouth, 2,500 Petroleum, 8s. 6d.; two barks, 417 tons and 422 tons, to Oporto, Wheat 11d., Flour 4s., and Bbl. Staves for dunnage £2 10s.; a ship, 936 tons, to Havre, 31s. 3d.; a Br. brig, 240 tons, to Greytown, Nic., and back, $3,000; one, 99 tons, to West Indies and back, $1,800, half in gold; one, 126 tons, same voyage, $1,800; a Br. schr., 136 tons, same voyage, $2,000, half in gold; a bark, 420 tons, from Elizabethport to Aspinwall, coal, $7; a brig, 320 tons, to Zaza and back, sugar, 47½c., and molasses on deck, $3; a British bark, 415 tons, to Havana, $3,600; one, to same port, $2,100; a British bark, 282 tons, to Sagua and back, sugar, 52c.; a ship, 674 tons, from Frankfort, Me., to River Plate, an Italian brig, 261 tons, to Bordeaux, a British bark, 535 tons, to Havana and back to New-York or to Cork or Falmouth for orders, a bark, 622 tons, to Melbourne, a British brig, 226 tons, to Matanzas and back, and a brig, 209 tons, to Nuevitas and back, on private terms.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of New-York	Mar. 14	New-York	Liverpool.
New-York	Mar. 14	New-York	Southampton
Hibernian	Mar. 14	Portland	Liverpool.
Arabia	Mar. 18	Boston	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	Mar. 21	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	Mar. 21	New-York	Southampton
Australasian	Mar. 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	April 1	Boston	Liverpool.
Asia	April 8	New-York	Liverpool.

FROM EUROPE.

Teutonia	Feb. 25	Southampton	New-York.
City of Baltimore	Feb. 25	Liverpool	New-York.
Anglo-Saxon	Feb. 26	Liverpool	Portland.
Australasian	Feb. 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Edinburgh	Mar. 4	Liverpool	New-York.
Europa	Mar. 7	Liverpool	Boston.
Saxonia	Mar. 7	Southampton	New-York.
Asia	Mar. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Hansa	Mar. 18	Southampton	New-York.
Bavaria	Mar. 25	Southampton	New-York.
Hammonia	April 8	Southampton	New-York.
Borussia	April 22	Southampton	New-York.

European Mails.

The mails per steamship *Hibernian, via* Portland, close on Friday at 12:45 P. M.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, per the *City of New-York*, close on Saturday at 10½ A. M.

The mails for Ireland, per the *City of New-York*, close on the same day at 10½ A. M.

Mails for the Southern Coast and the West Indies.

The mails for Havana, the West Indies and New-Orleans, per the *Columbia*, close at 2 P. M. on Thursday.

The mails for Newbern, Port Royal, Beaufort, North and South Carolina, per steamship *Fah-Kee*, close at 1 P. M. on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at............5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at............at 5 A. M. 4:30 and 10½ P. M.
Western Mails (*via* Erie Railroad)..5 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at 5 A. M., 1 45 P. M., 4 P. M. and 6:30 P. M.
Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 6½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

PERSONAL.

FRIEND.—I REPLY FOR THE ABSENT ONE; would like to hear from you. PATRIOT.

NO IMPOSITION.—MAD. ROSS, DOCTRESS AND ASTROLOGIST, was born with a natural gift: she tells the past and the future; she causes speedy marriages; shows a likeness of future husband or absent friend; lucky numbers free. Ring basement bell.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG MAN, (LATE OF THIS CITY, but at present in a regiment in the Army of the Potomac,) of good social position in the community, whose integrity and morals are unquestioned, and whose sole motive in entering the army was a desire to see his country restored to peace and her former prosperity, wishes to open a correspondence with a lady not over 23 years of age, with a view to matrimony on his return home; she must be prepossessing in appearance, amiable in disposition and a staunch Unionist. All answers will be forwarded by a kind friend. Address, in confidence and sincerity, PATRIOT, Box 190 *Times* Office, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR

MAINTAINS THE PRE-EMINENCE. A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SIZES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
LESLEY & ELLIOT,
No. 494 Broadway.
Also—The Gothic Furnace, the Eureka Clothes-Wringer.

WATER-PROOF VIENNA AND STRELLA MATCHES.

These matches are made without sulphur, and being free from disagreeable odor, are not only very desirable but almost indispensable for use in the parlor and sleeping-chamber. They are put up in fancy colored boxes and small packages for family use, and are also carefully packed in cases for transportation. For sale wholesale and retail by
JAMES R. DEY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.
P. S.—Country merchants will do well to call and examine our stock.

A LADY OF RESPECTABILITY WOULD like to meet with a gentleman who would advance her a small sum of money to enable her to engage in some occupation by which she could make a living. Good security would be given, and the most satisfactory references given as to character and respectability. Address TRUTH, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—FROM 500 TO 1,000 empty ale casks and half casks, at the brewery of HOWARD & FULLER, corner of Jay and Plymouth-sts., Brooklyn, New-York. Any brewer having a surplus can find a purchaser at a reasonable price, by calling immediately as above.

ALL SOLDIERS DISCHARGED ON ACcount of wounds received in battle, and wishing to procure their $100 bounty, will bring their discharge and two witnesses of identity to the office of NETTLETON, GILBERT & CAMP, No. 111 Broadway, first floor.

FOR SALE.—STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS of all kinds, new and second hand; one portable hoisting engine, one 18 inch Ericsson's Caloric Engine, new, all complete, by THOS. K. MILLS, No. 114 Wall-st.

WANTED FOR CASH—FOUR HYDRAULIC Presses; ram 7 to 10-inch diameter, 2 to 3½ feet run, from 2 to 3 feet between the rods. Address A. F. MIGEON, by letter, No. 626 Washington-st., New-York.

REMOVAL.—MERRITT & WOOD HAVE REmoved from 190 Fulton-st. to No. 32 Barclay-st., three doors below Church-st.
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1863.

COMMISSIONER FOR THE STATES and Notary—No. 5 Beekman-st., over Park Bank—Room No. 8—3d floor.

AUCTION SALES.

B. A. CHILTON, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SALE OF WHITE BEANS.

Will be sold at auction, on SATURDAY, March 14, at storehouse No. 69 Greenwich-st.:

1,278 barrels White Beans, (condemned;) have just been reinspected, and will be sold as four different qualities. Sale positive. Terms cash. Sale by order
Col. A. B. EATON,
A. C. G. of Subsistence, U. S. A.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, (late with A. H. MULLER.)

FIFTEEN LOTS,

ON TENTH-AV., THIRTY-EIGHTH, FIFTY-FIRST, FIFTY-FIFTH AND ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH STREETS.

D. M. SEAMAN will sell, on THURSDAY, March 12, 1863, at 12 M., at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

38TH-STREET—1 lot, north side, 125 feet west of 1st-av.
10TH-AVENUE—1 lot, west side, 50 feet 5 inches north of 54th-st.
10TH-AVENUE—2 lots, east side, 60 feet 5 inches south of 65th-st.
51ST-STREET—2 lots, north side, 475 feet east of 11th-av.
55TH-STREET—1 lot, north side, 150 feet east of 7th-av.
109TH-STREET—3 lots, south side, 110 feet east of 3d-av.
109TH-STREET—5 lots, north side, 300 feet east of 2d-av.
Terms liberal. Maps, &c., at the Auctioneer's office, No. 33 Wall-st.

B. A. CHILTON, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SALE OF HIDES AND TALLOW.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
On FRIDAY, March 13, at 12 o'clock,
At Naylor's Storehouse, No. 17 Albany-st.:
About 300 Green Salted and Dry Hides, just arrived.
Also, 37 barrels Tallow.
Sale positive.
Terms Cash.
By order of
Col. A. B. EATON,
A. C. G. of Subsistence, U. S. A.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.—$8,000 WORTH OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND SPLENDID DECORATIONS AT PUBLIC AUCTION (WITHOUT RESERVE.)

THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 11 o'clock precisely, being the entire contents of the superb and costly furnished residence No. 152 West 21st-st., between 7th and 8th avs. The parlors, dining-room, chambers and nursery are beautifully furnished with everything appropriate for a fashionable residence, including a superb rosewood pianoforte; also bronzes, rich vases and etageres, and mantel ornaments that cost over $2,000; rich china, cut glass, silverware, cutlery, velvet, tapestry, and ingrain carpets; superb beds, mattresses and bedding. No postponement. Catalogues at house.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

CHAMBERS-ST. PROPERTY.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 12, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

CHAMBERS-ST.—The valuable 3-story brick house and lot, No. 9 Chambers-st., north side, between Chatham-st. and City Hall-place, Lot 24 feet front, 25 feet rear, about 51 feet 10 inches east side, and 58 feet 11 inches on the west side. Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

SUPERB CABINET FURNITURE.

By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at his salesroom, No. 158 Broadway, one of the most elegant assortments of first-class furniture ever offered at auction, consisting of parlor, bedroom, library and dining suites, in great variety; library tables, buffets, encoigneurs, chiffoniers, &c., &c.

The above are now on exhibition and worthy the attention of those wanting strictly first-class furniture. Sale positive.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

ROSEWOOD 7⅓ OCTAVE PIANO-FORTE.

TO-MORROW, at 11 o'clock, at salesrooms No. 141 Broadway, a large and varied stock of first-class City-made furniture, for account of whom it may concern. Catalogues at sale.

EDWARD SINTZENICH, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF THE FURNITURE, mirrors, carpets, Phelan billiard tables, fixtures and fittings of the Hotel Julian, by D. W. IVES & CO., on the premises known as the Hotel Julian, corner of 9th-st. and Broadway, THIS DAY, March 12, at 10½ o'clock—The whole of the elegant furniture, fixtures and fittings of said hotel, comprising Brussels, ingrain and superfine carpets, oil-cloths, curtains, cornices, chandeliers, parlor suites, chamber suites, prime hair and other mattresses, blankets, &c.; pier and mantel mirrors, dining tables, china, glass, plated ware, cutlery, table and bed linen, &c., and all articles found in a first class hotel.

PHELAN BILLIARD TABLES—Two rosewood tables in superb order, made by this celebrated manufacturer; balls, cues and other fixtures. Bar fixtures, fittings, large safe, made by McFarland; counters, show cases, oval mirrors, framed paintings, engravings, &c. Also the usual culinary articles, signs, &c. The above goods are all in fine order, and afford a good opportunity for persons furnishing. Catalogues ready and goods on exhibition morning of sale.

A. M. CRISTALAR, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry and movements, the largest retail stock offered at auction this year.—A. M. CRISTALAR, No. 23 Bowery, will sell, THIS DAY, 12th instant, at 10½ o'clock, about 150 diamond articles, consisting of cluster earrings, brooches and rings; single stone do., do., do.; studs, sleeve buttons, crosses, bracelets, necklaces, ranging from a quarter to five carats each; also, a very fine cluster diamond, full set, and an elegant pearl necklace, together with a large assortment of fine gold watches from the celebrated manufactories of Messrs. Jurgensen, Beesley, Roskell, Tobias, Robinson, Moncas, Johnson and others, with a number of silver anchors, levers and cylinders; also, about 400 ounces of silver table ware and a large lot of fine jewelry, watch movements, plated ware, one regulator, jeweller's safe, show cases, &c. Catalogues at sale. Also, one large outside regulator.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

SALE OF PROPERTY ON BROAD AND NEW STS., BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 12, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building.)

By order of Albert Smith, Executor of the Estate of Casper Meier, deceased.

Broad and New streets.—The valuable property, No. 42 Broad-st., running through to No. 38 New-st., being 21 feet on Broad-st., 32 feet on New-st., 148 feet 11 inches on the north side, and 153 feet 9 inches on the south side.
TERMS TO SUIT. SALE PEREMPTORY.
Maps, &c., at the Office of the Auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF PROPERTY ON BROAD AND NEW STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 12, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of the estate of J. R. Peters, deceased:

BROAD AND NEW STS.—The valuable property known as Nos. 10 and 12 Broad-st., running through to and including Nos. 6, 8 and 10 New-st., being 44 feet 8 inches on Broad-st., 61 feet 8 inches on New-st., 154 feet north side, and 153 feet 9 inches south side, more or less.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. on day of sale; $100,000 in cash; balance can remain on mortgage for 5 years at 6 per cent., interest payable semi-annually.

Maps and further particulars at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st. 2567

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL SELL at auction THURSDAY, March 12, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, (No. 111 Broadway,) 12 lots on 115th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.; Gothic house and 14½ lots on Broadway and 153d-st., fine view of Park, East River, Long Island, &c.; house contains laundry, servants' rooms, larder, drawing-room, bath, closets, &c., in perfect order, and all the conveniences of a City house; coach house, stables, ice-house, &c.; garden well stocked with choice fruit and shade trees, flowers and vegetables; one of the handsomest plots on the island. Can be seen from 11 to 4. Maps and particulars at No. 12 Pine-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. WILL sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 12, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

THIRD-AVENUE—4 lots east side, between 58th and 59th-sts.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEENTH-STREET—4 lots, north side, 100 feet west of 9th-av.

Maps, &c., at No. 12 Pine-st.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

JAMES M. MILLER WILL SELL, ON THURSDAY, March 12, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the balance of the property lately owned and occupied by Peletiah Perit, Esq., consisting of 70 lots, with the valuable water front situated on 74th, 75th, 76th sts., between 11th and 12th avs. This property is beautifully located, and ready for immediate improvement. Also, some valuable lots on 101st and 102d sts., between 11th and 12th avs. Sale without reserve.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS OF JOHN R. PETERS, DECEASED—Will sell at 12 o'clock on THURSDAY NEXT, March 12, at the Exchange Room, No. 111 Broadway, the valuable property Nos. 10 and 12 Broad-st., running through to and including Nos. 6, 8 and 10 New-st., formerly occupied by the U. S. Appraisers. Terms—10 per cent. on day of sale, $100,000 cash, balance in 5 years at 6 per cent. Possession May 1. Maps at No. 3 Pine-st.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, MARCH 13, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.—Central Salesrooms, Willoughby, corner of Pearl-st., Brooklyn, two rosewood pianos, two mahogany do., mirrors, bureaus, bedsteads, sofas, chairs, extension tables, bookcases, hair mattresses, feather beds, gas chandeliers, four sewing machines, showcases, crockery, carpets, oil-cloths, &c. Also, a good bay horse, sound and kind, three light wagons, one grocery wagon, nearly new, harness, &c.

MILLER & KENNELLY, Auctioneers.

MILLER & KENNELLY WILL SELL, at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the valuable lot on the southwest corner of 8th-av. and 54th-st., full lot. Sale positive.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

JOHN H. BURLEY WILL SELL THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, at No. 414 Canal-st., bureaus, sofa-beds, chairs, tables, mirrors, carpets, oil-cloths, beds and bedding, lace curtains, window shades, bar and oyster counters, &c.

ALVIN C. BAKER, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at No. 48 West 16th-st., near 6th-av., at 11 o'clock, comprising rosewood and black walnut parlor, chamber and oak dining-room furniture, silverware, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

REGULAR SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY

Will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) March 12, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, for account of whom it may concern—

Shares.		Shares.	
50 Del. & Hud. C. Co.	$100	100 Brooklyn Cen. R.Co.	$50
20 Grand-st.&NewtownR	50	50 Gt. Western Mar. Ins.	—
13 Manuf.& Merch.Bk.	100	25 Firemen's T.Ins.Co.	10
10 Corn Ex. Ins.	50	10 Grocers' Ins Co.	50
10 Gebhard Ins. Co.	100	10 St. Nicholas Ins. Co.	25
10 Lafayette Ins. Co.	50	40 People's Ins. Co.	50
20 Mercantile Ins. Co.	50	7 Commonwealth I. Co.	100
20 Metropolitan Bank	100	10 Bk. Commonwealth	100
60 W'msburgh Gas. Co.	50	10 Citizens' Bank	35
45 Beekman Ins. Co.	25	15 Columbian Mar Ins.	100
171 Paterson Gas Co.	5	5 N. Y. & N. Haven R.	100

$2,000 Virginia State 6 per cent. Bonds.
$3,000 Missouri State 6 per cent. Bonds.
$4,000 U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes.
Next Regular Sale MONDAY, March 16.

Regular Auction Sales of STOCKS and BONDS every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 BROADWAY, which have been the regular established days for many years.

A. H. N. buys and sells at the Stock Board—STOCKS and BONDS, AMERICAN GOLD and GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, FOR CASH OR ON TIME, EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION.

STOCKS and BONDS, also INSURANCE SCRIP, BOUGHT and SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.

Interest allowed on Deposits, and Dividends Collected.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Auctioneer and Broker, No. 52 William-st.

J. E. HALSEY, Auctioneer.

BY J. E. HALSEY & CO.,

Salesrooms No. 66 Liberty-st.
THIS DAY, (Thursday,) March 12,
At 10½ o'clock,
A large assortment of
POCKET CUTLERY,
Embracing some 400 lots.
ALSO,
SAMPLE CARDS OF POCKET CUTLERY, SCISSORS, &c.
BLANK BOOKS,
Consisting of Medium, Demi-Royal and Super-Royal Ledgers and Journals, assorted, from 16 to 32 quires, extra bound, and all first-class.
Also, several fine
BANK LEDGERS.
FANCY GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.
HARDWARE, &c., &c.
ALSO,
ONE FINE GOLD WATCH, CHAIN AND RING.
Catalogues ready on morning of sale.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 130 VALUABLE LOTS AND GORES, WITH VALUABLE WATER RIGHTS, AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 24, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., Executor of the estate of the late Anson G. Phelps, Sen.:

1ST-AV., 29TH AND 30TH STS.—14 lots, being 6 lots and gore on the east side of 1st-av., between 29th and 30th sts., and 8 lots in the rear of above, being 4 on each street.

1ST-AV., 29TH AND 30TH STS.—14 lots and gore on the west side of 1st-av., being 8 on the avenue and 1 on each street in the rear.

Also, 8 lots the entire front on the east side of 1st-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

30TH AND 31ST STS.—29 lots. 15 on north side of 30th-st., and 14 on south side of 31st-st., in rear of above and extending to the East River, with a valuable bulkhead of about 300 feet and water right.

AVENUE A, 57TH AND 58TH STS.—8 lots, the entire front on the east side of Avenue A, between 57th and 58th sts.; 8 lots on the north side of 57th-st. and south side of 58th-st., in rear of above and extending to the East River, with the valuable bulkhead and water right.

AVENUE A AND 59TH-ST.—16 lots, 8 on the west side of Avenue A, entire front between 58th and 59th sts., and 8 on the south side of 59th-st., in rear of above; Avenue A, 8 lots being the entire front on the west side of Avenue A, between 59th and 60th sts.

Also—8 lots, the entire front on the east side of Avenue A, between 58th and 59th sts.

58TH AND 59TH STS.—10 lots on the north side of 58th and south side of 59th-st., in rear of above, and extending to the East River, with valuable bulkhead and water right.

AVENUE A AND 59TH-ST.—11 lots and gores on the east side of Avenue A, between 59th and 60th sts., and north side of 59th-st., and extending to the East River, with the valuable water right.

EVERY LOT WILL BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD.
TERMS WILL BE MADE KNOWN AT SALE.
Book, maps and full particulars may be had at the Auctioneer's office, E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY

IS NOW OPENING

Full lines LADIES' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, from 12s. doz. up. Full assortment of LINENS, LINEN DAMASKS, LINEN NAPKINS, DOYLES, TABLE-COVERS. Also best makes ENGLISH and FRENCH BLEACHED MUSLINS, all at much less than present cost of importation.

FULL LINES of SWISS and BOOK MUSLINS, DOTTED SWISS MUSLINS, JACONETS, PLAID and STRIPED CAMBRICS, NAINSOOK MUSLINS, TARLATANS, &c., bought before the rise in goods.

A FULL STOCK OF FINE FLANNELS, much below the present market price.

NOW OPENING,

A FULL STOCK OF LADIES', MISSES', and GENTS' COTTON HOSIERY and UNDER-WEAR of the very best manufacturers, purchased last Fall in anticipation of the rise, and selling 20 PER CENT. LESS than the PRESENT cost of IMPORTATION.

NOW OPENING, FROM AUCTION,

A large assortment of FRENCH and SCOTCH EMBROIDERED BANDS.
NEEDLE-WORK SWISS BANDS.
NEEDLE-WORK FRENCH HANDKERCHIEFS.
NEEDLE-WORK INFANTS' DRESSES AND WAISTS.
NEEDLE-WORK TRIMMINGS in great variety.
A great variety of FRENCH NEEDLE-WORK COLLAR SETS, LINEN DO., &c., &c.
SLEEVE NETS, ALL QUALITIES.
TRIMMING LACES, every description.
LACE VEILS, REAL and IMITATION.
GRENADINE VEILS.
FULL LINE REAL AND IMITATION LACES, in great variety.
RIBBONS AND FLOWERS!!!
FULL STOCK OF RIBBONS, ALL DESIRABLE SHADES AND WIDTHS.
Now opening, SPRING STOCK OF PARIS FLOWERS.
CORSETS!!
And ladies' made up UNDER-CLOTHING in great variety.
YANKEE NOTIONS!!
in great variety, and from auction the last week. An invoice of REAL FRENCH PERFUMERY at very low prices.
KID GLOVES!!
REMEMBER that we IMPORT OUR OWN KID GLOVES.
That we sell the best QUALITY LADIES' KID GLOVES LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY.
Now opening fresh.
500 doz. LADIES' MODE KIDS STITCHED.
500 " LADIES' MODE KIDS PLAIN.
500 " LADIES' BLACK KIDS, PLAIN AND STITCHED.
500 " LADIES' PARTI-COLORED KIDS.
500 " LADIES' WHITE KIDS.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.,
Two doors below 14th-st.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 369 BROADWAY,
ARE MAKING UP EVERY STYLE OF
CURTAINS, VALLENCES,
CORNICES AND TRIMMINGS,
GOLD, PAINTED & HOLLAND
WINDOW SHADES,
AT A SLIGHT ADVANCE ON
OLD PRICES.

CHEAPEST SHIRT HOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES.

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Six Shirts, made of Wamsutta and Wouregan Muslin, which is equal in wear to the best New-York Mills Muslin; six for $14, and six for $15. Six New-York Mills Muslin Shirts, with Extra Fine Linen Bosoms and Wristbands—six for $18. This is cheaper by $6 per dozen than any other house. Send for circular. Single Shirts made for sample. FREDERICK LEWIS, No. 655 Broadway.

PARIS KID GLOVES.—75 CENTS, NICE COLors; plain black, 85 cents; fancy backs, $1; two buttons, fancy backs, $1 10. Also, a large assortment of Fall and Winter Gloves, Hosiery, Under-garments, Leggings, Sontags and Ladies' Drawers, all sizes. N. B.—Ladies' fine Merino Vests, 75 cents; Zephyr Worsted; Saxony Yarns, all colors. Alexandre's Gloves, at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

MEETINGS.

HANCOCK LODGE, NO. 49, I. O. O. F.—The members of Hancock Lodge, No. 49, I. O. O. F., are hereby requested to meet at the Lodge-room, Odd Fellows' Hall, on THIS (Thursday) MORNING, March 12, at 12½ o'clock precisely, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late Brother, P. G. John Reed. By order. LOUIS LEWENGOOD, N. G.
JAMES GRAY, Secretary.

CORINTHIAN CHAPTER NO. 159 ROYAL ARCH MASONS.—The Officers and Companions are hereby notified to meet at their rooms, corner of Centre and Grand sts., on THURSDAY, at 12 o'clock, to attend the funeral of late Companion JOHN REED. By order.
ROYAL G. MILLARD, H. P.

NEW-YORK LODGE, NO. 330, F. AND A. M.—The members of New-York Lodge are hereby notified to meet in their Lodge Room, (Corinthian,) Odd Fellows' Hall, THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of uniting with Lafayette Lodge, in paying the last tribute of respect to our late W. Bro. JOHN REED. By order. W. B. SMITH, M.

THE POLYTECHNIC ASSOCIATION OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE will meet at its rooms in the Cooper Union Building THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject: *The Best Mode of Defending Harbors.* The meetings of this Association are open to the public. SAMUEL D. TILLMAN, Chairman.
THOMAS D. STETSON, Sec'y.

EARLY CLOSING MOVEMENT.—GROcers' meeting (this) THURSDAY, 12th inst., at 8 P. M., in the Music Hall, corner 44th-st. and 8th-av. Come one, come all.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

TO EMPLOYERS OF FIRST-CLASS FEMALE SERVANTS, IN CITY AND COUNTRY.—Hotels and private boarding-houses will please notice that they can be well suited with respectable, neat, competent and industrious girls, with good reference, for City and country, of all nations and professions, as housekeepers, ladies' maids, nurses and seamstresses, for traveling families; also, cooks, washers and ironers, chambermaids and waitresses, laundresses and smart girls for general housework; American, English, Scotch, German and others. Good situations more of an object than high wages. Please observe, all letters and communications promptly attended to by applying at the Select Female Employment Office, No. 111 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. A lady in attendance. Employers will please favor us with a call. Four Protestant cooks, washers and ironers, four chambermaids and waitresses.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Two respectable young women wish situations—one as cook and to assist in the washing; the other as chambermaid or waitress, or chambermaid and to assist in washing; no objection to the country; the best of City reference can be given if required. Call, for two days, at No. 96 West 19th-st., in the rear, between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A respectable person, as cook in a private family; understands making bread and biscuit, and also game and soup, and willing to assist in washing and ironing. To be seen, for two days, at No. 365 6th-av., 2d floor, back room.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER,—Wanted, a situation by a young woman, as cook, washer and ironer; understands all kinds of pastry and game; would like to engage in a small private family. Can be seen for two days, at No. 200 East 14th-st. Has the best of City reference.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A very competent woman with good City references to cook, and will assist with the washing; is a first-rate family cook; a good baker of bread, biscuit, pies, breakfast cakes, &c., &c. Inquire at No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS COOK.—A STEADY YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation, as cook in a small, respectable family; is a good baker of bread and pies; is a first-rate laundress; is competent; has good reference for honesty and sobriety. Can be seen at No. 107 West 27th-st., in the cottage.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID.—SITUATIONS wanted, by two competent persons; as cook, understands her business perfectly, and as chambermaid; understands her business; would do sewing or fine washing, and can give very satisfactory references. Call at No. 94 West 20th-st.

AS COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WHO UNderstands all kinds of cooking, and can give the best City references, wants a situation in a private family. Apply immediately at the French Institute of M. C. GAILLARD, No. 149 East 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., late No. 51 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young woman as good plain cook; is a first-rate washer and ironer; an excellent chambermaid and laundress; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 111 West 26th-st., top floor, back room, for two days.

AS COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS COOK WANTS A situation in a gentleman's family; understands all kinds of family cooking, both English and American; has no objections to leave the City; Newport preferred; has eight years' City reference. Call at No. 121 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable Protestant woman as first-class cook in a private family; she understands her business perfectly in all its branches, and can give the best of City reference. Address No. 120 West 16th-st., between the 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted by a young woman; is a first-rate cook, and a washer and ironer; is willing and obliging; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 122 Union-st., South Brooklyn.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable woman in a small private family as good cook, washer and ironer; understands baking; would be willing to go a few miles in the country. Call at No. 19 West 28th-st.

AS COOK.—A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS A SITuation as cook in a private family; perfectly understands her business, can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 111 West 25th-st.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL DESIRES a situation as cook in a private family; will assist with the washing; can procure the best of references from her former employer as to ability, &c. Can be seen at No. 105 West 26th-st., in the rear.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of testimonials as to capability and character; has lived eight years in one family. Can be seen for two days at No. 119 West 24th-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE American woman, a situation as cook in a private family or boarding-house; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Reference can be given. Can be seen until suited at No. 11 Prince-st., near Bowery.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable girl as good plain cook; understands baking; is an excellent washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 1,371 Broadway, between 39th and 40th sts.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED AS COOK by a young woman, who understands all kinds of cooking; is willing to assist with the washing; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 35 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable Protestant woman, as cook; has no objection to assist with the washing; best of City reference. Apply at No. 103 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear.

AS COOK, &c.—NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A situation by two Protestant girls; one to cook, wash and iron; the other as nurse and seamstress. Can be seen at their present employer's, No. 130 West 22d st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A REspectable woman, as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of City references. Call at No. 220 7th-av., for two days.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted by a respectable woman in City or country, in the above capacity; is a good cook and baker, and an excellent laundress. Call at No. 3– 6th-av.

AS COOK AND WAITRESS.—WANTED, situations in a first-class private family; they are excellent servants, and have the very best of City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—A VERY COMpetent woman having first-class City reference wishes a situation in a private family as above; understands all kinds of plain and fancy dishes. Can be seen at No. 952 Broadway, near 23d-st.

AS NURSE AND CHAMBERMAID.—WANTed, by a respectable girl, a situation as nurse and light chamberwork or waiting alone; has the best of City reference. Call at 113 West 24th-st., bet. 6th and 7th avs.

AS NURSE OR CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG girl wants a situation as nurse or chambermaid, with the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 216 West 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable person as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth, or do plain sewing, fine washing and ironing; good reference. Call at No. 146 8th-av.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WANTS a situation as nurse and to do plain sewing. The best of City references. Call for two days at No. 3 7th-av.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two Protestant young women lately landed, situations in a private family—one to take care of children and make herself useful; the other to do chamberwork and sewing, or would assist with the washing. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 90 West 19th-st., in the rear.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—WANTED, by a young Protestant girl, a situation to take care of children and do plain sewing, or would assist with chamberwork. City references given if required. Call at No. 93 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., rear house, first floor.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted, by a middle-aged Protestant lady, in a gentleman's family or institute; will be found fully competent; is not afraid to work; can do as well as direct; no objections to leave the City. Unexceptionable reference given. Can be seen or addressed for two days, at No. 87 West 44th-st., near 6th-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A GIRL WANTS A SITuation as seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses neatly, and dress ladies' hair, or take charge of a baby from its birth; has no objections to go a short distance in the country; the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at No. 217 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—SITUATION WANTed, by a young woman, as seamstress; is willing to assist in chamberwork, or to take care of children; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 71 West 20th-st., for two days.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—SITUATION WANTED, as first-class waitress, or chambermaid and seamstress, by a thoroughly competent young woman, a Protestant, with excellent City reference. Can be seen at BOOKHAM'S, No. 311 4th-av., next to 24th-st. W. E. CONNOR, Superintendent.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN a first-class boarding-house or hotel, by a thoroughly competent young woman, of good address and pleasing manners. Is willing to go in the country. Can be seen at BOOKHAM'S, No. 311 4th-av., next to 24th-st. W. E. CONNOR, Superintendent.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable Protestant young woman, in a first-class private family, as waitress; understands her work thoroughly. Can give the best City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 194 East 13th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY AN experienced girl, with the best of City reference, a situation as laundress and chambermaid, or regular laundress; does fluting and shirt-ironing in magnificent style; wages $8. Call at or address No. 192 East 21st-st., for two days.

GOOD SERVANTS IN GREAT ABUNDANCE and variety, may be found at the Employment Society's Office, at Clinton Hall, on Astor-place and 8th-st., a few doors east of Broadway. German, Dutch, French and Italian languages spoken.
Rev. WM. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

A FEW EXCELLENT ENGLISH, SCOTCH, Irish, American and German servants, well recommended for City or country, now want situations. Can be seen at the New-York Employment House, No. 482 Broadway, near the St. Nicholas Hotel. Highest references given. Girls sent to any part of the country.

ABUNDANCE GOOD SELECT SERVANTS ready at the Large Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.; English, German, Irish, Scotch, American and Protestant help, civil and capable, to suit all; also, neat, tidy small girls. Conducted by MRS. FLOYD.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion, by a respectable young girl, as chambermaid; would do fine washing and ironing, or take care of an invalid lady; can flute; would go a short distance in the country. The best of City reference. Can be seen for two days. Apply at No. 185 East 34th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOman, having the best of City reference, wants a situation as chambermaid and assist with sewing or care of grown children; would go to the country. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress by a young woman; can sew on a machine; can do embroidery and fine sewing; no objection to the country for the Summer. Call at No. 51 6th-av., second floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE girl wants a situation in a private family to do upstair work and fine washing and ironing, or to attend to children; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 171 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND PLAIN SEWER.—A respectable young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; has got good City references; has no objections to go to the country. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 140 East 25th-st., corner 2d-av., third floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a young girl as chambermaid and fine washing, or chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference if required; is to be seen for two days at No. 156 East 31st-st., between 1st and 2d avs., fourth floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—AN ENGLISH Protestant girl desires a situation in City or country, prefers the latter, as chambermaid and plain waitress, or as nurse and plain sewer; no objection to general work; has good references. Call at No 378 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing. Good City reference given. Can be seen at No. 224 East 19th-st., second floor, front room; can be seen for 2 days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable woman as chambermaid and fine washer or nurse; has three years' reference from her last place; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 83 West 19th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG PROTESTant girl wishes a situation in this City to do chamberwork; has no objections to do housework in a private family; is a good cook and an excellent baker. Call at No. 81 West 28th-st., fourth floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—SITUATION WANTED, by a young woman, as chambermaid; understands operating on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; good references can be given; can be seen for two days at No. 124 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a respectable girl, as chambermaid and waitress or to assist in fine washing; best City reference. Call at No. 133 West 33-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid; best of City reference; can be well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 121 West 24th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SEAMSTRESS that sews for private families, not having relatives in the City, a permanent situation is desired; would sew and tend store, or as seamstress in a private family; does all kinds of sewing, shirts, embroidery, and children's clothes. Call or address a note to No. 35 King-street.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A PROTestant young woman, a situation as first-class seamstress; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 410 6th-av., near 25th-st.

MALES.

MERCHANTS' AND CLERKS' EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.

Believing that an agency through which merchants can obtain clerks, and clerks places, can be made useful to both parties, the undersigned has opened an office for this purpose at No. 62 John-st., near William. No efforts on his part will be spared to procure good clerks for the one, and good places for the other. In connection with each clerk's name will be appended such information as can be ascertained in regard to him, and in no case will a clerk be recommended whose position is not fair through references.

In commencing a business of this kind, it is difficult to make the charge just right at first, as the expenses cannot be fully ascertained; but relying on a liberal support from those most interested, they are made correspondingly low; the risk, if any, is clearly on the part of the agent. Those interested are invited to call and get circulars.
JAMES WEEKES.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a very respectable single young man, fully competent to take charge of a vegetable garden, hot-beds, &c.; would take care of a horse or two if required; can milk, and would make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place; best of references from last employer. Address B. C., Box No. 195 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a married man, without family, who thoroughly understands his business in a flower, fruit and vegetable garden, greenhouse, hot and cold, graperies, &c., and is a man of sober and industrious habits; has the best of City references. Address, for 2 days, G. G., Box. No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A MARRIED Scotchman, a situation as gardener, who thoroughly understands the culture of flowers, fruits and vegetables; is perfectly acquainted with the building of graperies and green-houses, and the drainage of grounds, &c., &c. The best of references given. Apply at the seed-store of Buist & Beattie, No. 925 Broadway.

AS GARDENER AND FARMER.—WANTED, a situation by a man who understands gardening and farming, the care of all domestic cattle, and is willing to assist in every useful department; no objection to distance. Reliable reference from City and country. Can be seen, for three days, at No. 251 East 13th-st., or address a note to J. FANNING, said number.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a single man, who understands his business in all its branches; the best of City references. None except those wanting a gardener need apply. Call or address H. J., at Mr. Bridgeman's, No. 876 Broadway, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a man who understands his business in all it branches; can give undoubted reference as to character, &c.; has lived fifteen years in his last place. Refers to Walter M. Franklin, Esq., No. 16 Wall-st., at the Lenox Fire Insurance Company.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by an Englishman, who is well acquainted with the business in all its branches; can give satisfactory references as to character and ability. Address T. H., at Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED AS gardener by a married Scotchman, who understands his business in fruit, flowers and vegetables, &c., &c.; good references from his last employer. Address, for two days, N. D. H., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man; has no family; thoroughly understands gardening in all its departments; can produce the best City reference. Address M. D., Box No. 198 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED AS gardener, by a Scotchman, married, who understands his business thoroughly in all its branches, and has good references from his last employer for eight years. Address, for three days, R. S., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a Scotchman, married, who understands his business thoroughly in all its branches, and has good references from his present employer. Address for two days, A. B., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a young man (Protestant) who understands the culture of vegetables, fruits, flowers, and the care of a greenhouse. Call at Mr. Elliott's, No. 27 John-st., or address WM. HENRY.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a married Scotchman, who understands gardening in all its departments, and has eight years' reference from his present employer. Address for three days J. B., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion as gardener and farmer by a single man; is willing to make himself generally useful; good reference. Address R. Q., Box 195 *Times* Office.

AS ASSISTANT GARDENER.—WANTED, by a married German, a situation as assistant gardener on a gentleman's place; can take care of horses and cows, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address, for two days, M., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER OR ASSISTANT GARDENER.—Wanted, by a respectable married man, a Protestant, without family, a situation as farmer or assistant gardener on a gentleman's place; would be willing to make himself generally useful; can be well recommended by his present employer. Address W. F. J., No. 15 John-st.

AS FARMER OR GARDENER.—WANTED, by a married man, German, a situation as farmer and gardener; does not mind taking care of horses or cows; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address C. M., Box No. 190 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation, by a practical working man; is a Protestant; his wife as laundress or dairy maid. Address J. M. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A man of 28; has worked on a farm 6 or 7 years; understands the care of horses, cattle, and to drive, milk, &c., willing to make himself generally useful. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

AS FARMER, &c.—A GERMAN, WHO speaks English well, desires a situation in City or country; understands farming, gardening and care of horses; is a fine, strong man, willing to work. Apply to Mr. MANNING, No. 15 Court-st., Brooklyn.

AS FARMER, &c.—A YOUNG UNMARRIED Protestant man wishes a place as gardener; is a good farmer; and a first-rate man to take care of horses and cows. Apply at No. 560 4th-st., Room No. 10.

AS FOREMAN FARMER AND VEGETABLE GARDENER.—Wanted, a situation in the above branches, by a single man; has excellent reference. Any gentleman who wants such a man can address N. W., Box No. 206 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GERMAN GARDENER AND FARMER.—A married man, without incumbrance, who understands farming and gardening, with City reference, wishes a situation; could take charge of any place. Apply at the Employment Office, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, near Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A SITuation wanted by a married man, with one child in family; has long experience in this country; he is a sober and industrious man; has the best of City and country reference; he is a good vegetable gardener and thoroughly understands his business. Address J. M., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—SITUAtion wanted as coachman and gardener, by a respectable single young man who has lived six years in the above capacity; references unexceptionable; can milk, &c.; wages $19 per month by the year. Address, for three days, C. O., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND PLAIN GARDENER.—Situation wanted as coachman and plain gardener; can milk a cow, if required; is willing to make himself generally useful. Has good reference. Address D. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN JUST ARrived from the old country wants a situation as coachman or groom; understands his business in all its branches, and can be well recommended. Apply at the private stable, No. 237 9th-st. No objection to go to the country.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED A SITUATION, BY a single man, as coachman; understands the care of horses, carriages and would keep things in good style; good City reference. Address W., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable man a situation as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; also, his wife as cook; understands all kinds of cooking; very best City references. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 203 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman and to assist in the garden; can milk a cow if required; has good reference; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address C., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation by a single man as coachman; understand the care and management of horses; has no objection to the country; good references. Address, J. E., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE SINGLE young man, who has the best of City and country references, wishes a situation in the above capacity; is willing and obliging, and knows his business. Address M. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN IS DESIRous of procuring a good situation for his coachman. Call or address No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., where he can be recommended.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable young man, a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands his business. Address B., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, a situation by a steady, sober, single man; he is a good groom and careful driver; has good City reference. Can be seen by addressing C. W., in care of Mr. Stellins, saddle and harness store, No. 1,166 Broadway.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family by an experienced respectable single man—a Protestant; has got the best of City references. Address J. P. T., No. 252 4th-av., corner of 20th-st., at Mr. Keppler's.

AS PORTER.—SITUATION WANTED, BY A respectable young man, who would make himself useful in any house of business. Address R. D., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

AS USEFUL MAN.—WANTED, BY A SMART, willing young man, a situation in the City or country; is willing to devote his time to the interest of his employer; good reference given. Can be seen at No. 952 Broadway, near 23d-st., at A. M. See's.

BY MAN AND WIFE.—A HARDWORKING German and his wife desire situations; the man is a good coachman and groom, also a very good plain gardener and farmer; the wife is an excellent cook, washer and ironer and dairymaid. Call at No. 3–5 6th av.

BY MAN AND WIFE.—SITUATIONS WANTED, by man and wife; the man is an excellent coachman and groom; and the woman as cook; is an excellent laundress and a good baker; understands the care of dairy, &c; best of references. Apply at the Servants' Institute, No. 307 4th-av. C. C. BEDELL.

HELP WANTED.

A COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—WANTed, a smart, tidy and competent girl, that can come well recommended, to do plain cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; will find a good home, and receive kind treatment and a full equivalent for her services. Call at No. 132 West 40th-st.

A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a Protestant nurse and seamstress—a smart, capable woman, fond of children, tidy in her habits, and willing to go into the country in the Summer. Call between 11 and 2 o'clock, at No. 81 St. Mark's-place. Good City reference required.

A NURSE.—WANTED, A VERY CAPABLE nurse, to take care of four children; none but the most efficient, and who can bring the highest testimonials for character, need apply. Inquire at 11 A. M., at No. 47 Lafayette-place.

A GOVERNESS.—WANTED, A GOVERNESS to superintend the education of three boys in a neighboring town. None but those fully competent need apply. Address, giving particulars and references, K, Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

A SALESMAN.—WANTED, A SALESMAN, OF good ability and undoubted character and habits, for a Canadian wholesale jewelry and fancy goods house. Apply personally to-day at No. 37 National Hotel, Cortlandt-st., from 5 to 7 P. M.

AN ENTRY CLERK.—WANTED FOR ONE month, in a jobbing-house, an entry clerk; only experienced persons need apply; salary $50 per month. Address Box No. 424 Post-office.

A BOY.—WANTED, A BOY ABOUT 16 YEARS of age, in a stationery store in the lower part of the City; must be honest, active and willing, and reside with his parents. Salary, $100 first year. Address Box No. 4,852 Post-office.

A BOY WANTED IN AN OFFICE.—MUST be respectable, and neat in appearance; duties light; salary $75 first year. Apply at No. 111 Broadway, Room No. 37.

A BOY WANTED—ONE RESIDING IN NEW York, between 14 and 16 years of age. Apply at the office of the *Methodist*, No. 114 Nassau-st., at 12 o'clock, this day.

A COPYIST.—WANTED, IN A LAWYER'S OFfice, a good copyist; must be a good writer and temperate. Address, in handwriting, and giving references, Box No. 1,629 Post-office.

FLOWER-MAKERS WANTED.—200 EXPErienced girls, to branch French materials, to whom good wages will be paid and permanent employment given. Apply at No. 327 Broadway, up stairs.

A COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, in Brooklyn, a first-rate cook, washer and ironer, and to assist in general housework; must have satisfactory reference from her last place. Apply in Bedford-av., east side, four doors south of Gates-av.

A COOK, &c.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT woman, English, Scotch or Welch, for the country, to cook, wash and iron, and to take care of a small dairy; the best of references required. Call at No. 243 West 20th-st., near 9th-av., from 9 till 2 o'clock.

A GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—WANTed, a woman to do the general housework of a small private family; also, a young girl to take care of children. Apply at No. 38 East Warren-st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN AND FARM LABORERS WANTED.—Must be Protestants and well recommended. Apply to MORRIS, Office of New-York *Observer*, No. 37 Park Row.

$10 POSITIVELY MADE FROM $1.—Something urgently needed in every family and by every person; very light and portable. Agents wanted everywhere. Call and see, or a sample sent by mail, free of postage, for 10 cents, that retails for $1, by R. L. WOLCOTT, No. 170 Chatham-square, New-York.

$75 A MONTH!—I WANT TO HIRE AGENTS in every county, at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing-Machines. Address S. MADISON, Alfred, Maine.

$60 A MONTH!—WE WANT AGENTS, AT $60 a month, expenses paid, to sell our Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners, and 13 other articles. 15 circulars free. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Me.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED FOR A LADY AND daughter, 7 years of age, in a small family where the comforts of home can be obtained. Would furnish room if desired. Terms must be moderate. Location between Lexington and 6th avs., near 30th-st. Address, stating terms, Box No. 4,740 New-York Post-office.

BOARD WANTED.—SEVERAL MARRIED AND single gentlemen (residents of a house about to close,) wish to procure rooms and board in a desirable locality between 2d and 6th avs., and below 14th-st. Address J. C. W., Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES to obtain board in a private family. Terms not to exceed $8 per week; location between 4th and 23d sts., and 2d and 6th avs. Address C, Box No. 1–5 *Times* Office.

WANTED BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN A large, neat and comfortably furnished room, containing fire and gas, with breakfast at 8 A. M. and dinner at 6 P. M. A private family preferred. References given and required. Location above 11th-st., between 3d and 7th avs. Address, stating terms and location, C., Box No. 1,471 Post-office.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN DESIRES A large room, with board, in a private family, where no other boarders are taken, somewhere in the vicinity of Broadway; the best of reference given. Address E. D. L., Box No. 142 *Times* Office stating full particulars.

AT NO. 176 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST., A front room to suit a gentleman on third floor; a large front room on the fourth floor to suit two young ladies. The house has all the modern improvements. Reference required.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms on second floor to let, with board, to a gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen, at No. 33 West 33d-st. References exchanged.

MILLINERY.

SPRING BONNETS AT L. BINNS' MILLINERY, No. 581 Broadway. Bonnets and Hats at old prices. Also, Ribbons and Flowers. Trade supplied. Opera Bonnets, Traveling Bonnets, Bridal Hats, Straw Bonnets and Hats. Cut this out.

SEWING MACHINES.—ALL FIRST-CLASS Sewing Machines—Wheeler & Wilson's, Singer's, Finkle & Lyons', Howe's, &c., &c.—new, for sale, on monthly payments, and to rent. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 530 Broadway.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Ernani.

WINTER GARDEN—Love.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Fair One with Golden Locks—Rough Diamond.

WALLACK'S—Ernestine—Little Treasure.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Satanella: or, the Power of Love.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—The Empress of Beauty—Com. Nutt—Hippopotamus, &c., at all hours.—Syro-Arabic Troupe.

BANVARD'S HALL OF ART—Four Panoramas in one Night.

GOUPIL'S GALLERY—(No. 772 Broadway,)—Weir's Picture, "Taking the Veil."

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Revenue Stamps for Checks, in sheets, for sale at Times Counting-Room.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Rumors have reached Memphis, and are thence telegraphed, that an engagement has taken place at Port Hudson. If there has been a battle there, it is pretty certain to have been a victory for our forces—else we should before now have heard of it from the rebels.

Important changes in the rebel army are noted in our telegrams this morning. Pemberton, until recently commanding in the Department of the Mississippi, has been removed, and Bragg has been put in his place; while Longstreet has taken command of Bragg's old division in Middle Tennessee. It is said also that Price is again to operate in Missouri, he having obtained from the rebel Government all the power he required; and that Kirby Smith will go to Arkansas, while Hindman will be sent east of the Mississippi, and Holmes will be removed.

We have reports from the Army of the Potomac, corroborated by reports from the rebels themselves, that large numbers of the rebel troops are being withdrawn from the vicinity of Fredericksburgh. It is known positively that Longstreet has gone—the Charleston *Mercury* says—taking his entire division with him.

We have another bad report from Tennessee. It is stated in a dispatch from Jackson that two hundred men and two pieces of artillery belonging to Gen. Sullivan's division have been surrounded by rebel cavalry and captured. No particulars are yet received.

In the United States Senate, yesterday, Mr. Davis' resolution, submitted on Monday, calling for information, to be submitted at the next session, regarding the number of persons employed in the civil service of the Government, was passed, after some debate. An executive session was then held.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday the bill to extend the time for the collection of taxes was reported favorably. The bill to extend the Chenango Canal was passed—20 to 8; also the bill relative to the collection of taxes in New-York City. An Executive Session was then held, after which the bill to appropriate the remainder of the Canal revenues of 1863 was passed. The Assessment bill was again considered, as the special order, until the adjournment.

In the Assembly a report was received from the Auditor of the Canal Department, of the moneys received for Canal tolls and paid out. A large number of bills were reported favorably—among them one to authorize the extension of streets between Fortieth and Forty-third streets, New-York. A bill was reported to regulate the fees of public officers so as to make them conform to the National currency. A bill appropriating $5,000 for the improvement of Beaver River was also reported. Among the bills noticed, was one to establish a ferry from Mott Haven to Tenth-street, New-York. Mr. McCann introduced a bill to establish a Police for the City of New-York. It makes the City and County one district, and the Mayor, Recorder and First Judge of the Court of Common Pleas Commissioners. The bill was referred to the Committee on Cities.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamships *City of Baltimore* and *Kangaroo* arrived at this port this morning. the former from Liverpool on the 25th ult., and from Queenstown on the 26th, with four days later advices from Europe. The *Kangaroo's* advices are no later than before received. The news by the *City of Baltimore* is interesting and important. The London *Times* announces that the arrangements for the Confederate loan in Paris have been perfected. Washington's Birthday was observed with great spirit by the Americans in London, Minister Adams making a speech on the occasion. The Philadelphia ship with relief for the Lancashire operatives had arrived at Liverpool. A monster meeting assembled in Manchester on the occasion of the presentation of an address of thanks to the Commander of the *George Griswold*, the New-York relief ship. The call for the correspondence between the rebel Commissioner Mason and the British Government, on the subject of recognition, to be made in the House of Commons, had been postponed. The Polish question was assuming ominous importance. No doubt was entertained that Louis Napoleon would intervene. The accounts of the progress of the Revolution are conflicting, and apparently unreliable. The Liverpool Cotton market was languid. Breadstuffs and Provisions were dull.

Cassius M. Clay was yesterday confirmed by the Senate as Minister to Russia, *vice* Simon Cameron.

The substance of the opinion of the Supreme Court at General Term in Jefferds' case, delivered by Justice Ingraham, will be found in the law column. The opinion embraces many points of interest.

The Jury in the case of Edward McCormick, tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer for the murder of Policeman H. L. Williams, came into Court yesterday morning and announced that they could not agree, and were discharged. The case was set down to be retried on Wednesday next. The trial of Dr. E. M. Brown for abortion (the Eighth-avenue abortion case) will commence at 11 o'clock to-day.

The Gold market was unusually quiet yesterday, closing at 157. The price of United States Stocks improved 1@1½ ℘ cent., on the unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States settling the question of taxation. The City Bank Stocks improved from the same cause. The Railway Share market was depressed early in the day; but recovered late in the afternoon.

Breadstuffs and Provisions were less active, yesterday, though buyers had any existing advantage. Groceries were also in less request, but essentially unchanged in value. Cotton was heavy and a shade cheaper. Whisky was less sought after, as also were Hay, Hides, Hops, Leather, Oils, Seeds, Spices, Fruit and Tobacco. A fair business was reported in Fish, Tallow and Foreign Coal. Freights were quiet, with 497 vessels, of all classes, in port.

The Copperheads and the Soldiers.

"The idea of officers and men, sent to the battle-field to fight against an enemy in arms, turning their backs upon their enemy, and their faces upon the men who feed them, clothe them, and who have given them all the liberties they ever had, and who, *instead of them*, mean to maintain those liberties! [cheers.] They cannot frighten any man who is fit to be a freeman." Thus Vallandigham scoffs at the soldiers. To avoid cavil we extract from the *World's* report of the speech. The patriotic appeals and remonstrances, which have come up from the camps, are answered with this venom.

We have learned to expect almost anything in the way of malignity from this accomplice of treason, but we were hardly prepared for this. It is the very quintessence of insolence. "Officers and men sent!"—that is to say they are *hirelings*. "Turning their backs upon their enemy!"—that is to say they are *cowards*. "Their faces upon the men who feed them!"—that is to say they are *ingrates*. "Instead of them, *we* mean to maintain those liberties!"—that is to say they are *renegades and traitors*. Such is the meaning of the language, if it means anything, addressed by the Copperhead chief to the patriots who rallied to the old flag when traitors were smiting it to the dust—who, in devotion to that same "standard-sheet," for well-nigh two long years, have been encountering privation, disease, and the rage of battle, till the graves of their comrades are crowding hillside and plain. Their offence is that they have rebuked sympathy with the enemy, and have besought their fathers and brothers, whom they left behind, to stand firm. For this alone are they thus reviled.

The Copperhead leaders have done their best to alienate the soldiers from the National cause. They have sent to them seditious speeches and papers, without price and without stint; they have sought to fasten upon them officers of their own sort; they have been quick to seize every opportunity to make it appear that the Government was treating them with neglect or injustice; they have magnified difficulties, and darkened every prospect; they have tried to discourage, by holding out that there was no chance of future reinforcement, that enlistments were at an end and conscription impossible; they have sought to play upon every private feeling touching Slavery and the black man, and to stir up every old political prejudice; they have, so far as they were able, presented every temptation, and afforded every facility to desertion. Never was there a more systematic or persistent effort to demoralize an army than has been made upon the National forces for the last six months. It has all been futile. The army, as a whole, has, in the sublimest manner, kept true to the cause. Nay, it has more than kept true. It has acquired a depth of earnestness, an intensity of determination, of far more real force and worth than their first buoyant enthusiasm. Hard experience has sobered it, but only to make it all the sterner. The blood it has poured out for the old flag has only made that flag all the more sacred. What was before a public sentiment has now acquired something of the force of a personal passion. Private spirit is combined with public spirit. Infinitely less than ever will our soldiers willingly submit to see that flag, after the sacrifices they have made for it, lowered to the feet of traitors. This feeling pervades the entire army. It is its dominant emotion, its master impulse. All political influences are as nothing against this; and so, in fact, is every extraneous consideration. *Come what may, that flag shall float to triumph*, is now, as never before, the universal inspiration. The appeals and remonstrances which have been coming from so many regiments, have been no less remarkable for their unanimity than their emphasis.

Baffled and foiled, the Copperheads vent upon the faithful army their most rancorous spite. They have very bitterly denounced loyal men of all classes; but we can recall no such utterly malignant and contemptuous contumely as this. It cannot be considered merely as the wild escapade of a single individual. The fact that it was loudly cheered, and that it continued to receive applause as it was repeated in various forms, evinced that it was in complete harmony with the feelings of the whole Copperhead gathering. The species everywhere has become infected with this hatred of the soldiers. At the West their virulence is even less decent than here. "Rosecrans has written himself down an ass," was the ejaculation of the Chicago *Times*—which is the leading Copperhead organ of the Northwest—upon the letter which thrilled every patriotic pulse in the land. It is with these rebel sympathizers as with the rebels themselves—treason to the flag develops special rage against its special defenders.

Were any new proof needed of the infatuation which has seized these peace factionists, we should have it to the full, in this unmeasured heaping of insult and abuse upon our heroic soldiers. It not only intensifies the righteous wrath of the army, but it kindles a fierce animosity against them in every one of the hundreds of thousands of Northern households to which those gallant men are bound. It is, in fact, just the indignity of all others most calculated to inflame the popular heart at large. They might better flout at and defile the glorious old flag itself, than thus vilify the men who are standing by it and for it in the deadly breach. Those recreants are as insensate as they are base, and are leaving nothing undone to make their swift destruction sure.

The Bench on Legal Tenders.—The *Tribune* has a "sensation" rumor to the effect that one of our Judges of the Supreme Court is about to decide against the constitutionality of the law of Congress making "greenbacks" a legal tender in the payment of debts contracted before the law took effect. When we get such a decision it will be quite time enough to discuss its merits. For the present it seems to us quite sufficient to say that Judges are not in the habit of announcing beforehand what their decisions will be,—either to the public at large or to any special friends who might desire to profit by such knowledge. It is quite possible that such a decision may be given, for in these days of copperhead-ism and of a partisan judiciary, all things are possible in this direction. But it would amount to nothing whatever, beyond a fresh demonstration of the willingness of certain classes of men to embarrass and weaken the Government in every possible way at the present moment. It would certainly be reversed by the upper Courts.

Local Interests and Rights Against the National Welfare.

Thirty years ago, M. Sismondi, the historian of the Italian Republics, writing in France of the dangers to which free Governments were exposed, spoke as follows of the relations of local authorities and local opinion to the interests of the nation at large:

> "All those provincial authorities more immediately constituted by the people have most frequently, however, to defend the interests of their constituents against central authorities. Their resistance may be virtuous, patriotic, even enlightened, but enlightened by a light shed over parts, not over the whole. The duty of the Government of a great nation often requires it to call upon the nation to make sacrifices; every day it demands its money by taxation, or the purest of its blood, by even forced levies of soldiers or sailors. The provinces ill understand this necessity, and in past ages deputies assembled in the Parliaments of England, or in the States-General of France, wished for war, and refused their sovereigns the means of making it. It is only in later times that parliaments, become the great councils of the nation, have understood the necessities of government. Local assemblies do not yet understand them. *They decide on questions of peace and war by their relation to their own province, or to its safety, or the danger to which it will be exposed, or to its employments, and to the interruption of its commerce, or by neighboring rivalries or hatreds.* They decide on administrative questions by their relation to their district."

This was written mainly in reference to France. It was inspired by the study of the history of modern Europe, and it was written while we were still rejoicing in our strength and unity, and before a shade of doubt as to our security against all assaults, either from foes within or foes without, had passed over any body's mind, either in Europe or America. And yet there is not a line of it which does not derive ample support and illustration from what we now see passing before our eyes in every State in the Union. The "States Rights" party is a party which has been found in every free country since the world began. It is not new, nor is it peculiarly American. When Vallandigham or Fernando Wood are calling on New-Jersey or New-York to withdraw their troops from the army, to treat separately with the public enemy, to consider the welfare and honor of the State apart from the honor and welfare of the nation at large, they are but repeating a cry which was once as familiar in Athens and Florence, and Antwerp, and Ghent, as it is now in New-York and Cincinnati. But, if it should succeed in alluring us into ignoble courses, we shall deserve our fate tenfold more richly than those who have trodden the dark path before us, because we have tenfold their light, and ought to have profited by their experience.

If you ask a New-York Copperhead why he sighs for peace at any price, he will tell you that New-York has lost the Southern trade by the war, and will never recover it if it is protracted. If you make the same inquiry in Illinois, you will learn that corn only brings ten cents a bushel, and that freight to the seaboard is double what it was. If you ask in Connecticut, you are told that the carriage trade is suffering, and that there is a glut of clocks and brogans. If you ask in Pennsylvania, you are informed that Davis' manners and appearance are better than Lincoln's, and that niggers are an inferior race. And so on throughout the country. The malcontent wishes to break up the nation because of the personal inconvenience to which the war subjects him; another because he has not been consulted in the choice of a commander-in-chief; another because battles cause bloodshed; and another because the enemy is brave and skillful; and another because he has a vague fear that emancipation will lead to matrimonial alliances on a grand scale between freed negroes and white ladies.

Then there is another large sect, in whose minds the party to which they belong has taken the place of the nation at large. To them their opponents stand very much in the position of alien oppressors. There are Democrats in whose eyes the late Congress was a sort of foreign body, whose behests he is not bound to obey if he can help it. It was precisely what the Constitution of the United States prescribed it should be, and what the people of the United States made it, and yet we hear orators every day talking of it as if it were the British Parliament or the French Senate attempting to usurp jurisdiction here. When Gov. Seymour was supposed to be about to oust the present Police Commissioners, on the Saturday following his inauguration, and appoint successors on the Monday following, so that the State Senate, which was to meet on the Tuesday, might not be able to interfere, the *World* highly applauded the trick, as a notable device for outwitting "the partisan Senate." The writer was evidently of opinion that, being mainly Republican, the Senate had no rights which any Democratic Governor was bound to recognize.

In the eyes of these men too, the public debt is but "a republican debt," for which Americans who do not belong to that party are not morally responsible. The army is "Lincoln's army," with whose glory or shame Democrats have no concern. The war is "Greeley's or Cheever's war," with which Americans who do not agree with these gentlemen have nothing to do. And there are men who do not care a straw for victory, if McClellan does not win it, and would be rather glad of a defeat, because Fitz John Porter has been dismissed from the service. In short, if Sismondi were alive to-day, how many proofs might he not collect from the reports of Copperhead lectures and conventions in support of his assertion, "that the ancients understood liberty and the conditions of free governments infinitely better than we do. They gave to sustain their republics not phrases, but a spirit of life. They taught all citizens to make a religion of the love of country, *instead of considering their country only a mercantile partnership*, where profit and loss are calculated, and from which a man endeavors to retire when the balance is not favorable. They encompassed the majesty of the people with veneration, but the people was to them the whole of the nation, with every class of citizens, all its interests, all its recollections, all its hopes, all its glory."

Military Surprises.

The capture of Gen. Stoughton in his bed by a party of rebel cavalry at Fairfax Court-house is another of those utterly disgraceful incidents with which this war has abounded. There have been within the last four months half a dozen surprises inflicted on our cavalry on the Potomac, which have been so inexcusable and stupid, that they lead us to doubt not simply the military ability of our cavalry officers, but their common sense. Cavalry is commonly supposed to furnish the eyes and ears of the army; but ours, so far as their performance of outpost duty is concerned, have helped to bring the enemy down on our infantry and baggage rather than to keep them off. Our outposts seem to serve the purpose not of warning Stuart off, but of letting him know where to attack us.

We may guess the way in which the picket duty of Col. Johnson's command was performed, when a large party of the enemy were enabled to pass them unobserved, and to seize Gen. Stoughton in Fairfax Court-house. And what makes the story all the more racy is, that Col. Johnson, the cavalry officer in command of the post, was himself in bed, and undressed, and escaped in his shirt by taking refuge in the roof of a barn. We regret exceedingly that he was not caught, then and there, and carried into Dixie's Land, in *statu quo*. The appearance of a National cavalry officer, taken when on outpost duty in his night-shirt, paraded through a rebel town in the same airy costume, would not only have supplied the unfortunate inhabitants with some amusement, but have served as a severer warning to his comrades left behind than they are likely to receive in any other way.

We believe that in the regular army of any other country, such a thing as a cavalry officer in command of an outpost undressing and going to bed at night is unknown; we believe, moreover, that there are but few military men in any well-ordered service, who ever think, under such circumstances, of doing more than taking their coats off. We do not counsel our authorities to prescribe in what manner officers on duty at the front shall pass the night. But we do strongly urge that any cavalry who is surprised in this way be dismissed, and disgracefully dismissed, from service. The supineness, laziness, negligence, and indifference to the safety of the army which is revealed in all these raids of the enemy on our lines, not only produce the worst impression on the men, but create the worst possible impression abroad as to our chances of success.

The Prize Commissioners.

The comments which have been made in various quarters of late, upon the manner in which prize property has been disposed of at this port, indicate a good deal of misapprehension as to the powers and duties of the Prize Commissioners. It is not surprising that they should be but imperfectly understood, considering that we have, during the whole period of our national existence, been engaged in but two wars, both of short duration. The prize cases brought before our Courts in 1812 were few in number, and in the Mexican war we believe there were none at all, so that when the blockade was established last year, and Prize Commissioners appointed by the United States District Court, even the Bar was not very familiar with prize practice.

Prize Commissioners are to the Court sitting in Admiralty, very much what the Masters were to the old Court of Chancery. They possess no power or control whatever over prize property, except what is expressly granted them under the rules or by the order of the Court. As matters stand in this District, when a prize arrives within the jurisdiction of the Court, it is made the duty of the Commissioners, or one of them, to proceed in person to take possession of it for the Court, to put it under their official seal, and to take such measures for its safety and preservation as they may deem necessary, such, for instance, as seeing that it has safe anchorage or dockage. They then receive from the Prize Master the captured papers, if there are any, and take his affidavit identifying them and a statement of the particulars of the capture. Upon this the "libel," as the complaint or declaration in Admiralty Courts is called, is usually framed, and this done, a monition is issued by the Court to the Marshal, directing him to take possession of the prize property of every kind. From this time forward to the close of the proceedings, the Marshal has entire and exclusive control over it, and holds it without the intervention or supervision either of the Prize Commissioners, or of any other officer whatever.

The only other duty of the Prize Commissioners in connection with the proceedings, is the taking of the evidence. In prize causes the evidence is not taken orally in open Court, but as in the Court of Chancery, by separately and privately written "interrogatories," prepared by the Court, and very general in their nature, and adopted in their main features from the forms in use in the English Admiralty practice. The witnesses examined are generally the officers and crew of the captured prize, and their answers are to the interrogatories reduced to writing by the Commissioners, and are recorded and placed under their seal, to be read in Court on the trial of the cause, and, together with the Prize Master's affidavit, are deposited with the Clerk of the Court.

Ordinarily, the duties of the Commissioners cease with the taking of the evidence. The property remains in the hands of the Marshal, and when the order is issued for its sale, it is sold by an auctioneer appointed by the Marshal, and the proceeds of the sale are placed in his hands and remain there. In this District, however, it has been the practice of the Court to require the Commissioners to appraise the property prior to the sale, "by an expert to be by them appointed," and to deposit the appraisal with the Clerk of the Court. They have also been required to attend the sales, and the orders for sale direct it to take place under their "superintendence," and in compliance with this they attend the sales, and advise the Marshal as to the details of the proceedings. But they have nothing to do either with the appointment of the auctioneer, or the receipt or disposal of the proceeds, or the payment of the expenses. All this devolves on the Marshal alone.

The Army and the People.

We publish an excellent and patriotic letter from a New-York Volunteer serving on the Rappahannock. It is full of expressions of fortitude and hope; but the writer has been led to the conclusion, from various indications, that a large portion, if not a majority, of the Northern people look with doubt upon the issue of this struggle, and are ready to abandon it upon any, even dishonorable terms. He thinks that the prevalence of this idea in the army has weakened its courage and fortitude, robbed it of the holy aims which sanctified its early struggles, and prepared it for weak concessions. He says he is filled with rage and indignation that the grand efforts and sacrifices of the army should come to naught, and shipwreck come to the cause, through the cowardice, the weakness, the falsehood and the low ambition of our own people. He calls upon patriotic men to labor early and late to bring back the country once more to the high standard of virtue and confidence which has so often before swelled up like the ocean tides, and adds that a single manifestation of such an imperial and fast-fixed resolve to win would do more to secure the final triumph of our arms than a victory on the Rappahannock.

The patriotic soldier, however, commits a perilous mistake—which we should be sorry to think prevailed to any extent in the army—when he comes to the conclusion that a majority, or anything like a majority, of the Northern people are ready to abandon in despair this struggle for the Union, and to accept dishonorable terms of peace. The Copperhead faction, it is true, have made a great noise. Their dastardly whimperings have been loud and long. They have howled, yelled, raved, raged and whined, through the Press, on the rostrum and in Congress, till they have almost cracked the nation's ear. But they have not broken the Union by it, nor have they broken the nation's spirit, or weakened its purpose. Of the strength and determination of these, there is no doubt whatever. Nine-tenths of the people of the North are to-day *determined* in their inmost souls that the rebels shall not destroy this Union, that the Government shall prosecute this war to triumph, and that the army and navy shall grow in magnitude and power until they are sufficient to achieve their work. The soldiers must not judge of the spirit of the people at home by the croakings and ravings of certain newspapers which are being flung into their camps in great profusion.

There is no doubt, however, that the efforts and demonstrations of the Copperheads are calculated to destroy the fortitude and valor of the army. The soldiers are still citizens; they still look back to their old homes for guidance, instruction and encouragement; and they still sympathize with the feelings and hopes that pervade the bosoms of the people. It is not for themselves alone they are battling, but for their country; and if any part of the people underrate the value of their efforts, cry down the war in which they peril their lives, abuse the Government which they uphold, and depreciate the Union which they would cement with their heart's blood; if some hiss when all should cheer; if they try to break down where they should build up, and weaken where they should strengthen—it is impossible but that the soldiers should feel as well as know it. The courage, the endurance, the confidence of the army rises or falls with that of the people; and a coward by the fireside infects the soldier by the camp-fire.

It is the first duty of every patriotic citizen to sustain, strengthen and cheer the gallant soldiers who are fighting their country's battles. They have done a prodigious and heroic work during the past two years. They have more work of the same kind to do during the present year—work which has been put upon us and them by God himself, and which cannot be shirked without bringing ruin upon the army, the country and the prospects of human liberty.

Health and Mortality of the Army.—We publish, to-day, a document of value to medical men, and of interest to the general public—the report to the Surgeon-General of the health and mortality of the Union army for the year ending with the close of last June. At the latter date, McClellan's army was still on the Peninsula, and our main armies of the West were in Middle and Western Tennessee. The exhibit is much more favorable than the public might anticipate.

The statistical summary is compiled from reports which represent an annual mean strength of 281,660 men—the largest force represented in any one month being in April, 1862, in which the reports are from a strength of about 400,000 men.

From the annual mean strength, 80,081 cases of disease and 18,434 deaths are reported, exclusive of the slain in battle—being in the ratio of 3,121 cases and 65 deaths per 1,000 of mean strength. The figures will appear large; but the report says it is doubted whether the armies of any European nation, actually engaged in warfare, have ever presented so small a proportionate mortality as we have been favored with. Of course these estimates are but approximate and partial, as, in an army so great, spread over so vast a surface, so often changing locality and varying in numbers, it was found quite impossible to get accurate or full returns.

The chief diseases from which our troops have suffered have been camp fevers, diarrhœa and dysentery, catarrhal affections of the respiratory organs, rheumatism and measles; and in all these diseases there has been a much less average fatality than prevails in active armies abroad. One cause of the good health of the army is the comparative immunity from scurvy which our troops have enjoyed—only 1,322 cases and 8 deaths from this malady being reported.

The medical profession will doubtless wish that this report had been a little more in detail, and had had some classified tables by which the relative mortality in different sections and at different seasons could be inferred. As it is, no deductions whatever can be made from it, and no intelligent or definite conclusions reached. But we suppose this will be fully done in the Medical History of the Army, which it is proposed to have ready before the close of the year.

Naval Force in the Pacific.—We had a story some days since that a rebel privateer had been fitted out at Melbourne for service in the Pacific. There is very little probability in the report, for lack of coaling facilities would alone prevent the rebels from carrying on their piratical operations in the Pacific with any prospect of success. But the Government may very wisely take precautions against such a contingency, and at the same time prepare for the possible danger of a foreign war. The California delegation have applied to the Secretary of the Navy for the construction of one or more iron-clads at San Francisco. If the requisite facilities exist for doing such work there, the request ought to be granted. In the event of a foreign war, San Francisco would be more exposed to hostile visitations than any other port in the country, and it is only just that preparations should be made for its defence. Beside this, there ought to be a more effective naval force in the Pacific than we have at present, for the protection of our whaling and other vessels in that region.

The Election in New-Hampshire.—The result of the election in New-Hampshire proves the hollowness of the predictions made by the Wood and Vallandigham school of Democrats, that the popular voice would be against the prosecution of the war. The people of that State are not willing to be misunderstood on this subject. They have elected a Republican member of Congress in every district, and a strong Republican majority in the Legislature, which insures the election of a Republican Governor. The result is one of great importance. It indicates on the part of the people of the State a firm and settled purpose to stand by the Administration in its prosecution of the war. It is for Connecticut to speak next. The Democrats are making strong efforts to carry the State, but unless we are greatly mistaken they will meet a disastrous defeat. If they succeed they will certainly be entitled to put down *that* State as against the war. The Copperhead wing of the Democracy understand perfectly that a victory in Connecticut now will be *their* triumph, and they are putting forth every effort to make it secure.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music.—The performance of "Ernani." last night, was so thoroughly excellent that a paragraph recording its success is almost all that need be said, without repeating general expressions of praise concerning each member of the company. It is seldom that such an admirable representation is enjoyed in New-York; and, to our recollection, the finale to the first act has never been so forcibly and dramatically rendered here. An *ensemble* involving such a grand combination of power and precision is not often heard in the grand opera houses of London and Paris, and certainly was worthy of the best establishment in any other city. Mme. Medori, as *Elvira*, gave a fine dramatic reading to the part, and her large voice, except in certain forced passages, where it scarcely reached the limits of just intonation—was heard to immense advantage. Signor Massolini sang as heretofore, with ease, finish and great power. Signor Bellini, the baritone, made his *rentrée* as *Carl*, and although barely recovered from the indisposition that veiled his voice on the opening night, sang with spirit, and demonstrated amply that he has a voice of the first class, and is an artist who understands thoroughly the dramatic scope of his *rôle*. This latter characteristic, we may mention, is the peculiar feature of Mr. Maretzek's company—all the singers seem to be actors, and enter thoroughly into the spirit of the scene. Signor Biachi, a new basso profondo, made his *début* as *Siloa*, and by the combined powers of a good voice and a most excellent method, succeeded at once in winning the favor of the house.

With four such voices—all of the best kind and quality—the performance of an opera depending so much on a powerful quartette, could hardly fail to be a success. It was more, for the chorus and orchestra were alike admirable. The finale to the first act barely escaped an *encore*, the finale to the third act was not so fortunate, and had to be repeated. The applause throughout was of the warmest and most spontaneous kind, and the success of the opera was thorough and complete. Signor Nuno presided in the orchestra with great ability.

The Syro-Arabic Troupe.—At the Museum, Mr. Barnum has secured the services of a troupe of Arabs, whose gymnastic and acrobatic feats are immense. Zara and Zuleika, the female contortionists, turn and squirm, and wheel and fly, and perform in a manner at once fearful and wonderful. Women have never before attempted, in the face of an American audience, such physical agility or such astounding suppleness of limb. Zara may have the normal quantity of bones, but if she has, she makes no bones of disjointing them, one and all, and stretching her muscles to an extent absolutely beyond belief. The juggling and acrobatic feats of the male members of the troupe are equal to anything the Hanlons ever attempted at Niblo's. The troupe remain here this and the following week only.

Missouri Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., Tuesday, March 10.

A resolution has been offered in the Senate, that the two Houses go into joint session for the election of two United States Senators on the 16th of March—that the joint session shall only be dissolved by the discharge of the duties for which it was called, or by concurrent resolutions of the two Houses, nor shall any recess of the joint session be taken beyond the adjournment of the present sitting of the two Houses. The resolution lays over one day.

Early Closing.—The Dry Goods Clerks' Early Closing Association will hold a meeting at Cooper Institute to-morrow evening. The "Old Folks" will be present to add to the attractions of the occasion.

THE NEW-HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

The following telegram was received by THURLOW WEED, last evening:

CONCORD, Wednesday, March 11.

New-Hampshire all right. Members of Congress, House and Senate. N. G. ORDWAY,
Chairman State Committee.

DISPATCH TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

CONCORD, N. H., Wednesday, March 11.

The election is still very close. If Judge EASTMAN is not elected Governor by a majority of votes, he will only want a few hundred. His plurality over GILMORE will be from 4,000 to 5,000.

In the First Congressional District, after making corrections in this morning's returns, it is probable that MARCY, Democrat, is elected by from 200 to 300 majority.

It will be necessary to have the official account to decide the Second and Third Districts.

The Democrats carry the following counties: Merrimac, Grafton, Coos, Carroll and Belknap.

The Republican and Harriman ticket united has a majority in Rockingham, Strafford, Hillsborough, Cheshire, and probably in Sullivan Counties.

In the House the Republicans will have nearly as large a majority as last year. The Senate may stand six and six. Perhaps the Opposition to the Democratic party may have secured seven or eight of the 12 members.

LATER FROM HAVANA.

No News from Mexico—Arrival of Rebel Vessels, &c.

HAVANA, Saturday, March 7.

The English steamer from Vera Cruz is over due, and we are anxiously looking for her, as the first news we get from that quarter will doubtless be of importance as Gen. FOREY will have attacked Puebla at least.

The Spanish mail steamer *La Cubana* came in this morning with troops on board. She has been sent to Quarantine, as one of the soldiers died of small-pox. No communication has been had with her as yet. There have been a few cases of yellow fever in the harbor, but it is too early to expect it to get ashore. We have been having unusually warm weather for a week past. The thermometer was one day up to 91°, a very rare occurrence.

The *Melita* leaves on the 9th, and the *Tubal Cain* on the 10th.

AUGUST BELMONT is staying at Mrs. ALMY's Hotel.

Arrived yesterday, rebel schooner *Relief*, nine days from Mobile, with cotton; arrived to-day, rebel sloop *Ranger*, nine days from St. Mary's, with eight bales of cotton.

The rebel sloop *Mattie* came in this morning, and has been sent to Quarantine, as she brought no papers. She left Mobile on the 22d ult.

The Spanish steamer *Cubana* will probably be sent to Mariel to stay during the time of her quarantine. The health in the harbor is much improved. There are no cases of yellow fever to-day.

Vallandigham's Speech Against the War.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

After reading the monstrous and absurd balderdash which appears in yesterday's *World*, purporting to be a speech of C. L. VALLANDIGHAM, for my amusement, pen in hand, I ran over it a second time to note its fallacies and falsehoods. I found that every material position he took was either false or else a fallacious hypothesis, without novelty or plausibility. I reduced my annotations to paper, and send them to you.

First—He says that though the first effort of the Government was to crush rebellion, its chief efforts are now directed to crushing liberty. Is not this a huge falsehood? What liberty does the Government desire to crush, but the liberty to give aid and comfort to the rebels? This is the liberty that VALLANDIGHAM desires to exercise.

Second—He labors to break the effect of the great Union meeting in New-York last week by saying the orators of that meeting spoke for *power*, while he speaks for *liberty*. More truly stated, we may say they spoke to save not only the life of the nation, but liberty in its broadest sense, while he speaks for the destruction of both.

Third—The great uprising of the nation in 1861 he calls "*insanity*." That is, he calls the sublime effort to preserve the integrity of the nation "*insanity*." And claims that it would have been wisdom to have submitted to the dismemberment of the Republic and the dictation of traitors and rebels.

Fourth—He stigmatizes the war measures of the Thirty-seventh Congress as making the President a Dictator; as if it were possible to carry on a war without investing the Executive with the charge of the means of carrying it on—the purse and the sword.

Fifth—He is terribly indignant that when a suspected traitor is arrested he is required to take an oath that he is not a traitor before he can be discharged.

Sixth—Then he rings the changes on the stale fallacy that the war has become a war for abolition. As if it was not apparent from the first that wherever our armies penetrated the rebel lines, Slavery, *ipso facto*, ceased.

Seventh—This champion of Liberty bitterly denounces our soldiers in the army because they have dared to speak their sentiments. As if they were only to be allowed the privilege of fighting and obeying, and not the poor liberty of expressing their opinions as to the *fire in the rear* which such patriots as VALLANDIGHAM are pouring into their ranks.

Eighth—He says the Union cannot be restored by force. How else is any rebellion ever subdued? Is not nine-tenths of history only the detail of the conquest of one people by another, and the subjugation of resistance or rebellion by force of arms? What is to prevent the submission of any people after their military power is broken down?

Ninth—Oh, but peace is, he says, indispensable to pave the way necessary to the restoration of the Union! JEFF. DAVIS and the Confederate leaders won't favor the restoration—but somebody else at the South —*some time or other, will.* Beautiful surmise this, to justify the suspension of hostilities, just as we are on the eve of triumphant successes! As if when we permit them to establish peacefully their Government, and ally themselves with foreign Powers, restoration of the Union will come of itself, by the spontaneous action of successful rebels.

Tenth—He falsifies history by denying that the Union of the United States was antecedent to the Constitution. Every schoolboy knows that the Union commenced with the Congress of 1774; that the articles of Confederation had no validity till 1776, and were not subscribed by all the States till 1781. The preamble to the Constitution admits a *previous* Union which it was intended to make "*more perfect.*"

Eleventh—He claims, virtually, that the Union and Constitution are not obligatory on the South, because the South do not now consent to them. As if the consent already given, and persisted in for three-fourths of a century, is not of any binding force. Upon such principles how could any rebellion against any Government be rightfully suppressed?

Twelfth—He falsely charges that men are arrested simply because they condemn Mr. LINCOLN's policy, knowing that they are arrested only because they give aid and comfort to the enemies of the country, or are charged with that offence.

Thirteenth—Declaring that he won't threaten the Government, he distinctly threatens civil war at the North and anarchy—if the license to abuse and villify and bear false witness against the Government, is in the slightest way infringed.

Fourteenth—There is no word of condemnation of the rebels in any part of the speech.

The whole speech is merely a diatribe of violent malevolence, devoted to denunciations of the war, its commencement, its continuation, the means of carrying it on, the agents by whom it is carried on, and the prospects of its success. J. B.

TRENTON, N. J., March 10, 1863.

PIANO-FORTE MAKERS.—The piano-forte makers of this City have made a demand on their employers for an increase of 25 per cent. on their present rates of wages. It is said that a majority of the manufacturers have very promptly acceded to this, and it is believed the rest will follow.

FROM THE REBEL STATES.

THE ATTACK ON SAVANNAH.

From the Savannah (Ga.) News, Feb. 26.

Our telegraphic correspondent gives us information, derived from a reliable source, that the "Nigger Ginral" HUNTER, having settled his fisticuff affairs with his rival, FOSTER, designs commencing his grand movement for the capture of Savannah on the 1st of March, (next Sunday.) His plan is to make a land demonstration on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, at Pocotaligo, and a simultaneous attack on Genesis Point and Causton's Bluff, preliminary to the grand movement against the city. We attach importance to this report, not only because of the reliance which we place in our correspondent, who, no doubt, obtained his intelligence from a reliable source, but for the reason that the programme is consistent with the previous movements and tactics of the enemy. Despairing of success by a direct approach, their design is, if possible, to obtain a lodgment on land north and south of us, when they hope, by the aid of their gunboats in the river, to be able to completely invest the city, and accomplish by a protracted siege what they dare not attempt by a bold assault. But come when they may and as they may, they will be met at every point, and as we confidently believe, successfully resisted. The seaport of the Empire State is not for them. It will be defended while a Georgian can raise an arm, and only surrendered when a heap of smouldering ruins.

FREE NAVIGATION OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

In the Confederate Congress, on the 2d inst., Mr. OLDHAM, of Texas, from the Committee on Commerce, to whom had been referred the joint resolution relative to the free navigation of the Mississippi River, reported back the same, with the following amendment by way of a substitute:

Whereas, It is a well-settled and recognized rule of international law, that the right of navigating, for commercial purposes, a river which flows from one State through the territory of another State into the sea, or into the territory of a third State, is common to all the nations inhabiting the different parts of its banks, the exercise of which right can only be effectually secured by mutual convention regulating the same; that the origin of this right is mutual and not conventional, and cannot be refused or shackled by regulations not necessary for the peace or safety of the inhabitants, as to render its exercise impracticable without gross injury to the State affected thereby; and

Whereas, The States of Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi, respectively, through their Sovereign Conventions, have by ordinance recognized the right of the navigation of the Mississippi River and its tributaries, free to all friendly people living upon the same; and

Whereas, The Provisional Congress of the Confederate States did, by act approved the 25th of February, 1861, declare the peaceful navigation of the Mississippi River free to any of the States upon its borders, or upon the borders of its navigable tributaries; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Congress of the Confederate States of America, That the Confederate States again repeat the principles above set forth and declare the free navigation of the Mississippi River to be the natural right of the people of all the States upon its banks, or upon the banks of its natural tributaries.

The amendment and an accompanying report of the Committee were put on the calendar and ordered to be printed.

G. W. SMITH.

From the Charleston Mercury, Feb. 26.

Maj.-Gen. G. W. SMITH has tendered his resignation, and the same has been accepted by the President, between whom and the General some cause of disagreement has existed. Gen. LONGSTREET has been appointed by the President to the military department made vacant by the resignation of Gen. SMITH. This department includes South Virginia and North Carolina, and embraces all the operations south of the army of Northwestern Virginia, commanded by Gen. LEE. Gen. LONGSTREET's headquarters will be at Petersburgh.

GEN. LONGSTREET.

From the Charleston Mercury, Feb. 25.

Gen. LONGSTREET's division of LEE's army is in motion. Some 15,000 moved through Richmond a few days ago. They took the route pointing to the south side of the James.

A Union Club Formed at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, March 11.

There was an immense assemblage at the Musical Fund Hall to-night, to inaugurate the National Union Club. The house was crowded, and minor meetings were held outside. The meeting was presided over by Gov. CURTIN, who made an eloquent speech, calling on the people of Pennsylvania to give undivided support to the Government. He gave credit to Philadelphia for having originated Union Leagues, but said the people of the interior and of other States were equally alive to the importance of similar patriotic combinations. In this connection he alluded to the recent demonstration in New-York, where patriotism and fidelity attracted to the same platform, and representative men of all parties, who had hitherto been separated by political affinities, speak together in such harmony that their words might be taken as the emanation of one mind. He deeply deplored the partisanship which was being incorporated in the spirit of the struggle by Northern sympathizers with the rebellion; but he believed the people would not be misled by them.

Resolutions, appropriate to the occasion, were unanimously adopted, and speeches were also made by Gov. Johnson, of Tennessee, who labored from severe hoarseness, Ex-Gov. Wright, of Indiana, Sentor Doolittle, Representative Hendrick B. Wright, Benjamin H. Brewster, Daniel Dougherty and others. The proceedings were conducted with much enthusiasm.

The New-Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Wednesday, March 11.

At a joint meeting this afternoon, R. M. SMITH, Democrat, was reëlected State Treasurer, and JOSEPH B. WALKER, of Atlantic, Democrat, was elected Prison Keeper. All the old Inspectors of Prisons were reëlected, and a new one, WM. V. WARD, of Monmouth, to fill vacancy.

Rhode Island Politics.

PROVIDENCE, Wednesday, March 11.

The Democratic Convention has nominated for Lieutenat-Governor WILLIAM C. COZZENS, who, it is said, declines.

All the Conventions renominated J. R. BARTLETT for Secretary of State; and HENRY H. COOK for General Treasurer.

ΙΩΔΗΣ ....IODINE WATER.

Pure IODINE in pure WATER. A cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, and all those distressing and afflicting maladies, which arise from an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, defective nutrition, an impure atmosphere, &c. Its genuineness as a pure solution, and its excellence as a medicine are attested by such distinguished names as Dr. J. R. Chilton, Prof. E. H. Parker, Pro. J. C. Booth, Dr. J. B. C. Smith and others.

$1 per bottle, $5 per half dozen.

Dr. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

For Coughs, Hoarseness,

Irritation and Soreness of the Throat, nothing is so efficacious, as a Throat Remedy, as BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

Take

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

to purify the blood and purge out the humors, pimples, boils and sores, which are merely emblems of the rottenness within.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Relieves the child from pain, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Dust! Dust! Dust!

The Patent Metallic Weather Strip Company, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st., take pleasure in informing the public that they are prepared to render doors and windows of every description dust, air, and water-tight, as well as putting the same in thorough repair, (as we employ none but experienced carpenters,) from the present date until Oct. 1, at a reduction of 10 per cent. from Winter prices, with Browne's Anti-Dust Window Bands and Weather Strips, now so universally used and approved of on so many of the most elegant residences in this City and vicinity.

NEW-YORK, March 12, 1863.

Mrs. Murray's Dropsy Specific is the only certain remedy for Dropsy ever discovered; never failing to cure if taken as directed. Prepared only by Mrs. J. MURRAY, No. 571 Washington-st., New-York.

Trusses.—Dr. RIGGS' Hard Rubber Multipedal Truss invites the most searching criticism. This instrument and a Varicocele Truss may be seen at Dr. RIGGS' office, No. 2 Barclay-st., New-York.

Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—New and reliable treatment—in Reports of the Howard Association—sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss, Office No. 2 Vesey-st., (under Astor House,) opposite the church. No connection whatever with any other Truss Office of same name. A female attends ladies.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Premium on Gold.—The Subscriber, who cannot change his prices with the fluctuations of gold without incurring enormous expense in advertising the changes, is compelled to sell his Pens at old prices. Thinking his customers entitled to the benefit of the premium on gold, rather than the Wall-street debasers of the best currency this country ever had, he now offers to all remitting the amount of their orders in gold, the full premium in this City on the day when received. In this way he hopes to do the country and his customers some good without injuring himself, for the MORTON PEN cannot be made without gold. When Paper Money is sent, United States is preferred over any other. A. MORTON,
No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

MARRIED.

HUNTER—HITT.—In Golden's Bridge, on fourth day, 11th inst., after the ceremony of Friends, LEANDER HUNTER, of this City, and AYTON K., daughter of Hiram Hitt, of the former place.

DIED.

BARBER.—On Wednesday, March 11, at 5 o'clock P. M., of typhoid fever, MAXWELL ROGERS, son of Dr. J. Barber, of Staten Island, aged 21 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at St. Paul's Church, Tompkinsville, S. I., on Saturday, March 14, at 1 o'clock P. M.

BROWN.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 10, Mrs. W. R. BROWN, wife of George William Brown, and daughter of the late Peleg Remington, of Pawtuxet, R. I.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday morning, at 11 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 38 West 9th-st., without further notice.

☞ Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.

BROWN.—On Wednesday, March 11, AMELIA ANN BROWN, in the 91st year of her age.

Due notice will be given of the funeral.

BREUSING.—On Monday evening, March 9, CHARLES BREUSING, of apoplexy, in the 39th year of his age.

His remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery. His friends are invited to attend his funeral, without further invitation, from his late residence, northeast corner of 46th-st. and 3d-av., to-day, (Thursday,) at 1 o'clock P. M.

CURTIS.—In Paris, on Monday, Feb. 16, AUGUSTA CURTIS, wife of J. D. B. Curtis, Esq., and only daughter of Catharine Laurence and Baron Alfred Renbell, of that City.

DILKS.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 10, of congestion of the brain, THOMAS H. DILKS, in the 59th year of his age.

The friends of the family, and of his brothers, George W., John M., Wm. W. and Joseph C., also of his brothers-in-law, Rev. Dr Burchard, and Wm. Walcutt, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 123 Bleecker-st., on Thursday, March 12, at 1 o'clock P. M.

EDGERTON.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 10, GERTRUDE, wife of A. T. Edgerton, in the 76th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Friday morning, March 13, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, Edward Hodges, No. 133 East 19th-st, without further notice. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

JOSEPHI.—The friends of the late EDWARD JOSEPHI are invited to attend his funeral, on Friday, March 13, at 9 o'clock A. M., from the synagogue "Shaaray Tefila," Wooster-st., between Spring and Prince sts.

HOOD.—In Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, March 10, WILLIAM TASSY, infant child of Frederick and Mary M. Hood, aged 2 years and 3 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 317 Washington-st

HART.—In this City, on Wednesday, March 11, suddenly, of inflammation of the lungs, HARVEY HART, in the 58th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 35 West 24th-st., on Thursday afternoon, March 12, at 4 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to New-Haven for interment.

MOSS.—On Wednesday, March 11, at 1 o'clock A. M., OSWALD, the beloved and only son of Theodore and Octavia A. Moss., aged 1 year and 11 months.

Fare thee well, my child, forever;
In this world I lost my joy.
Fare thee well, my child, forever;
Fare thee well, my baby boy.

OUTWATER.—In Hackensack, N. J., on Tuesday, March 10, Mrs. MARY OUTWATER, in the 79th year of her age.

Funeral on Friday, March 13, at 1 o'clock.

PRINDLE—In this City, suddenly, on Monday, March 9, ANNA M., second daughter of Edward E. and the late Ann S. Prindle.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 52 East 37th-st., on Thursday, the 12th inst., at 2 P. M., without further notice.

PIERCE.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, March 11, MARY Q., wife of Henry M. Pierce, Jr., aged 30 years.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 437 5th-av., on Friday, March 13, at 3 o'clock P. M.

REED.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 10, JOHN REED, aged 43 years.

The friends of the family, his sons, George A. and John C., his brothers, George and Asahel, his brothers-in-law, F. A. Leggett and George Roberts, the members of Lafayette Lodge, No. 64, F. A. M., Hancock Lodge, No. 49, I. O. of O. F., and Adelphic Chapter, R. A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 345 Grand-st., on this (Thursday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

REED.—*Masonic.*—JOHN REED, late Worshipful Master of Lafayette, No. 64, F. and A. M. Members see special notices this day. W. IRVING ADAMS, Secretary.

SICKELS.—In West Farms, on Tuesday, March 10, PHILIP LYDIG SICKELS, only son of William B. and Christine Sickels, aged 1 year and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, March 12, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the residence of his father, West Farms.

VAN NOSTRAND.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Tuesday morning, March 10, of congestion of the brain, JENNIE C., wife of Abram Van Nostrand.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, on Friday afternoon, March 13, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 481 Pacific-st., Brooklyn.

WARD.—In Williamsburgh, on Monday, March 9, SUSAN D. WARD, aged 22 years.

The funeral will be attended at the house of her father, Dr. J. M. Ward, at Lyons' Farms, near Newark, N. J., on Thursday, March 12, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further invitation.

WILLIAMS.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 10, MARTHA F. DEREMER, wife of Edmund M. Williams, in the 44th year of her age.

The friends, and those of her sister, Mrs. H. R. Masterson, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, March 12, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of Stephen Pell, No. 73 Horatio-st.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 119.—March 11, 1863.
77, 4, 68, 69, 46, 67, 37, 26, 63, 59, 18, 7, 16, 60.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 120.—March 11, 1863.
67, 64, 71, 25, 27, 26, 30, 51, 7, 29, 10, 57, 56.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

GREAT CONGRATULATORY MEETING

In behalf of the Early Closing Association, will be held at Cooper Institute FRIDAY EVENING, March 13, at 7½ o'clock, on which occasion the following eminent speakers will positively address the meeting:
REV. SIDNEY A. COREY,
HON. HORACE GREELEY,
EDWIN JAMES, ESQ.,
SIMON STERN, ESQ.,
Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, Hon. JOHN VAN BUREN,
Hon. JAMES T. BRADY, RABBI RAPHAEL,
Hon. JAMES BROOKS, Rev. ED. H. HATFIELD,
Have been invited and are expected to be present.
"THE OLD FOLKS"
Have kindly volunteered and will appear in the costume of one hundred years ago, and will give a selection of their most amusing songs.
Tickets to be had at the St. Nicholas, Fifth-avenue and Metropolitan Hotels, and at the door.
J. B. GRAY, MORRIS ALTMAN, B. E. OSGOOD, } Committee of Arrangements.

BANQUET OF THE KNIGHTS OF ST. PATRICK,
AT THE CHINESE BUILDINGS.

Tickets can be had up to Friday noon, 13th inst., at R. Stewart & Co.'s, No. 46 Beaver-st.; John McAuliffe, No. 43 Nassau-st.; Parmelee's Fruit Store, No. 585 Broadway; Noonan's Book-store, No. 82 Nassau-st.; P. Cuff's, corner 26th-st. and 8th-av., and at the office of the *Irish American.*

PRICE TWO DOLLARS.

PURE GOLD WEDDING RINGS,
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS.
NEW STYLES,
Some as low as One, Two and Three Dollars a set. For sale by G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

ORTHOPEDIC INSTITUTE,

For the treatment of diseases incident to the BONES, MUSCLES, JOINTS, &c., and all Deformities, as Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Shortening from Fracture, and Hip Disease, Morbus Coxarius, or Diseases of the Hip Joint, Loss of Motion from Contractions, &c., with others, successfully treated, (without operation,) restoring their use and natural appearance. Apply at, or address the Institute, Office No. 20 Bond-st.
W. MILLER, M. D., in charge.

CHASED AND PLAIN
FINE GOLD RINGS,
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.
One door below Canal-st.

LADIES' GILT COMBS,
NEW STYLES,
Just received from Paris. For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.—The great popularity of this safe and efficacious preparation is alone attributable to its intrinsic worth. In the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all Consumptive symptoms, it has no superior, if equal. Let no one neglect the early symptoms of disease, when the agent is thus at hand which will alleviate all complaints of the Chest, Lungs and Throat.

Sold by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston; by J. A. Milhau, No. 183 Broadway, New-York, F. C. Wells & Co., D. S. Barnes & Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—AT A MEETING OF the retail hat dealers of this City, it was unanimously resolved that, in consequence of the immense increase in the cost of material and labor, they have been compelled to advance the price of silk hats $1 each.

COTTON WANTED—FROM MATTRESSES, cushions, comforters, etc., etc.; highest price paid, or will exchange good curled hair. Cotton waste of all kinds bought. A. GODDARD, No. 7 Beekman-st.

DEAFNESS,

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Air-Passages.

DR. LIGHTHILL can be consulted daily until 3 P. M., at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place. Patients will not be received except during the regular office hours, unless in cases of emergency or by special arrangement. Parties residing at a distance are hereby informed that a personal examination is requisite in every case before appropriate treatment can be instituted.

Dr. Lighthill's recent work, "A Popular Treatise on Deafness—Its Causes and Prevention," may be obtained of Carleton, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway, or of any respectable bookseller. Price $1.

NEW TESTIMONIALS

From Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

SCHENECTADY, Jan. 17, 1863.

Dr. LIGHTHILL—

SIR: Having been cured by you of a discharge in an ear, which has been very offensive of late, and as far back as I can remember, always more or less so; and having been entirely restored to hearing since under your care, I feel that I cannot withhold this acknowledgment from any use it may be to others, especially as I have applied in vain to my family physician and other physicians of reputation. Yours, truly, JOHN NOTT.

No. 11 DEY-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1863.

DR. E. B. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* It is with the kindest feelings toward you, and hoping to do service to some one who is afflicted, that I forward the inclosed document to you.

To whom it may concern: I am personally acquainted with the success which attended Dr. Lighthill's treatment in a case of discharge from the ear and chronic inflammation of the throat, and would be pleased to give further information on application.
V. D. W. WEEKS.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, NEW-YORK, Jan. 7, 1863.

I have pleasure in testifying to the skill and kind attention of Dr. Lighthill, who has relieved me from a troublesome deafness, brought on by a severe cold. I shall be happy to answer any inquiries made by persons seeking information, at my address, as above.
ROBERT CLIVE, Book-keeper.

I placed my wife under the care of Dr. Lighthill, for deafness in one ear of nearly three years' standing, accompanied by constant noises. I am happy to state that her hearing is now entirely restored, and the noises removed. Those residing in New-York who are desirous of further information may apply to my brother-in-law, Capt. William Edwards, at No. 95 East Thirty-fourth-st., who is acquainted with the circumstances of the case.
FRANCIS GOULDY.

NEWBURGH, No. 73 Grand-st., Dec. 23, 1862.

I have been suffering for some time with noise in my head and deafness. Having applied to Dr. Lighthill, I have great pleasure in saying that he has completely relieved me, so that now I can hear as well as ever, and am not troubled with the noise in my head.

I may also mention that a young man named Henry Laws, staying with me, was also afflicted in a similar manner, and Dr. Lighthill was equally successful in his case.
JOHN MURDOCK, No. 197 Fulton-st.
BROOKLYN, Jan. 2, 1863.

This may certify that, having been afflicted during the year 1856 with severe and almost total deafness, and having tried the ordinary medical and surgical aid, under the care of those esteemed as eminent practitioners, I was induced at last to put myself under the care of Dr. E. B. Lighthill. His treatment was brief and successful. I was completely restored, and the cure is apparently permanent. I have all confidence in Dr. L.'s skill and integrity in the diseases he makes specialties.
JAMES CRUIKSHANK, LL.D.,
Editor New-York *Teacher*.
ALBANY, Oct. 1, 1862.

NEW-YORK, June 29, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill:

DEAR SIR: I am pleased to be able to testify to the efficacy of your treatment in the case of my wife, whose hearing in one ear you succeeded in restoring, after treatment of various kinds had been applied in vain. I may futhermore state that her hearing remains good up to the present time, though it is several years, since she has been under your care. E. CLAYBURGH, No. 141 Duane-st.

No. 42 FIFTH-ST., NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DR. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable skill and judgment you displayed in the case of my daughter, who had been partially deaf, accompanied by discharge from the ears, since early infancy, and is now, thanks to your treatment, able to hear as well as any one, while her ears are free from the discharge. Although it is nearly two years since she has been under your care, her hearing remains as good, and her ears as sound, as the day she left you.
O. S. HOLLY.

CATARRH CURED.

From Rev. P. R. Russell, Lynn, Mass.

I have been much troubled with catarrh of the worst type for some twenty years. It gradually grew worse, producing cough and hoarseness, destroying the sense of smell, and breaking down my general health to such a degree as to compel me to resign my pastorate, and suspend public speaking.

I made diligent use of the usual remedies, such as snuffs of different kinds, nitrate of silver, tar water, olive tar and inhalations, but without any very salutary effects. Last Summer I heard of Dr. Lighthill's successful mode of treating catarrh, visited him, and put myself under his treatment. I began immediately to improve, and this improvement has gone on to the present time. My catarrh has gradually melted away, my cough has disappeared, my voice has become natural, and I am once more able to preach the blessed Gospel. Let me advise all troubled with catarrhal difficulties to apply to Dr. Lighthill.
P. R. RUSSELL.
LYNN, Mass., Feb. 1, 1862.

No. 740 WATER-ST., NEW-YORK, June 5, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill has succeeded in completely restoring my hearing, which was seriously impaired, although previous to applying to him I was treated by several physicians without the least benefit. Any further information I should be pleased to render on application to me at my residence, No. 173 Second-st., Brooklyn, E. D., or at my place of business, No. 740 Water-st.
WM. H. WATERBURY.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, NEW-YORK, April 1, 1862.

DEAR SIR: I take much pleasure in testifying to the professional skill exhibited by you in your treatment of a case of severe inflammation of the throat and ear with which I have lately been afflicted. Upon coming under your charge I was immediately relieved and speedily cured of a most aggravated complaint, which several physicians had previously sought in vain to mitigate.

As I am somewhat of a stranger in the City, I would state that you are at liberty to substantiate my statements, if necessary, by reference to my relatives, Mr. A. V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank of New-York, and to Mr. Everett Clapp, of the Western Transportation Company, No. 1 Coenties-slip.

With much esteem, I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
FRED. M. HANKS.
To Dr. LIGHTHILL, No. 34 St. Marks-place, New-York.

☞ Further reference to parties of the highest respectability, residing here and elsewhere, on application.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW
The causes and cure of catarrh, read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents tables free at the principal newspaper depots throughout the country, at E. WARNER'S, No. 1 Vesey-st., or of the author, Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

A MOST ACCEPTABLE PRESENT TO any officer or private in the Army or Navy, would be the new ARMY AND NAVY POCKET DICTIONARY, by WM. G. WEBSTER, now ready. Weighs but 4½ ounces, but is crammed with useful matters, containing a General Pocket Dictionary of the Language, a Dictionary of Military and Naval Terms, with Pictorial Illustrations, and numerous Tables as of Rank, Pay, Rations, &c., in Army and Navy; Moneys, Weights and Measures of Different Countries; Colored Illustrations of Flags, &c., &c. Sent by mail, post-paid, for 75 cents, in flexible leather binding, and $1 in tucks, gilt. Published by
MASON BROTHERS,
Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York.

BOCCACCIO'S DECAMERON.—"THE GAYEST literary feast that ever regaled human taste." New edition, with 18 fine steel engravings, $1 20.

DRYDEN'S TALES AND FABLES, with very fine plates. A charming little pocket companion, 60 cents.

ROUSSEAU'S CONFESSIONS—"The most fascinating book ever written." A new and full translation, in two beautiful 12mo volumes, $2 50. Sent by mail, carefully sealed from impertinent curiosity, on receipt of price and 10 per ct. for postage. C. BLANCHARD, No. 30 Ann-st.

ESTABLISHED IN 1848, BY PROF. JAS. J. MAPES.
THE WORKING FARMER.
March number contains full directions for the
CULTIVATION OF FLAX,
with cuts illustrating the mode of harvesting and preparing the crop for market. Also, articles on the
CULTURE OF TOBACCO,
and other topics interesting to EVERYBODY. The same subjects will be further treated in the April number, to be issued March 25. Single copies 10 cents. ONE DOLLAR per annum.

Send for a copy to the publisher.
WM. L. ALLWIN,
No. 130 Nassau-st., New-York.

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L. EDGERTON,
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CARPETINGS,
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MATTINGS,
RUGS,
DRUGGET, &c.,
Which he offers at prices which cannot fail to make a good impression on first-class buyers.
F. W. HOTCHKISS invites his friends to call and examine the stock.

A CURE FOR COPPERHEADS!

SPEECHES OF JAMES T. BRADY, JOHN VAN BUREN, JUDGE DALY and DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, at the great Cooper Institute Union Meeting last Friday, together with an account of the proceedings, will be published on Friday, in pamphlet form for general circulation. Price, (not including mail or express charges,) single copies 3 cents; 30 copies, $1; 100 copies, $2 50; 500 copies, $12; 1,000 copies, $20. Address
THE EVENING POST,
No. 41 Nassau-st., New-York.

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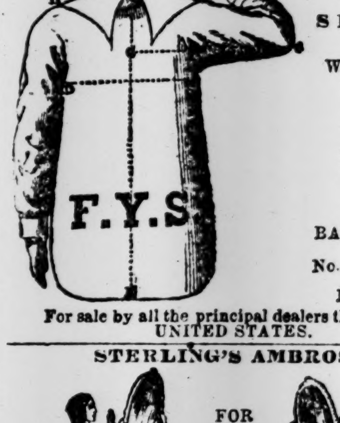
Nearly all newspapers published throughout the country are received and filed at this office.

REFERENCES.—Messrs. H. J. Raymond & Co., publishers of the New-York *Times*, and the publishers of the leading newspapers throughout the United States and Canada.



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Send for a Circular.
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For sale by all the principal dealers through the UNITED STATES.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA

FOR
THE
HAIR.

DR. STERLING'S AMBROSIA is a stimulating oily extract of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp, and itching of the head; entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling out, or turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. Sold by druggists everywhere. Put up in a box containing two bottles. Price, $1.
DR. H. H. STERLING, Sole Proprietor.
Dépôt No. 493 Broadway.

TO JOBBERS ONLY.
T. A. BROUWER,
(Late SMITH & BROUWER,)
Importer and Manufacturer of
NECK TIES.
46 Murray Street.

CARD.
ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1863.

The undersigned beg leave to inform their friends and the traveling public generally, that they have leased the St. Nicholas Hotel for a number of years.

The house will be refitted throughout. The cellars will be stocked with the choicest wines and liquors.

By strict attention to the comfort of their guests in every particular, they hope to render it as attractive as any Hotel in the United States. SPOTTS & HAWK.
HARRY I. SPOTTS. SAMUEL HAWK.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

FANS, NEW STYLES,
FROM PARIS,
For sale by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

STORE TO LET—A GOOD AND SUBSTANTIAL store, No. 100 West-st., between Cedar and Liberty sts., in the immediate vicinity of the Albany, Troy, Boston and Philadelphia line of steamers, and the Jersey City Ferry; will be rented to a good tenant on reasonable terms.

Also, a two-story and attic brick dwelling, No. 382 Washington-st., next to the corner of Beach-st., in the Fifth Ward. Rent moderate. Apply to HENRY HARRISON, No. 115 Bedford-st., between 8 and 10 A. M., or No. 81 Cortlandt-st., in the basement.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—The Fifty-sixth Annual Commencement of this institution will be held at Irving Hall, corner of Irving-place and 15th-st., on THURSDAY, March 12, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

The profession and the public are invited to attend.
SAMUEL ST. JOHN, M. D.,
Secretary of the Faculty.

ALUMNI ASSOCIATION—COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.—The annual oration before the alumni will be delivered by Dr. WILLIAM C. ROBERTS, at Irving Hall, corner of Irving-place and 15th-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, during the Commencement exercises.

The anniversary meeting of the Association will be held at the house of Dr. Abram DuBois, No. 13 West 11th-st., on FRIDAY EVENING, March 13, at 8 o'clock.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES, with Patent Combination Cushions. Purchasers can now select from a stock of one hundred Tables, by calling at our manufactory.
PHELAN & COLLENDER.
Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 69 Crosby-st.

THE
INDEPENDENT.
EDITED BY
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER,
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AND
THEODORE TILTON.
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REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Valuable and improved property on 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th-sts., in lots to suit purchasers.

The Managers of the New-York Institution for the Blind, offer at private sale, the entire block between 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th sts., excepting three lots on 33d-st., occupied by the church.

The property offered comprises the entire front on the 8th-av., 197 feet 6 inches by 100 feet in depth, with the improvements thereon, admitted to be the most valuable and best improved front on the avenue; 12 vacant lots on 34th-st., and 9 on 33d-st., adjoining the above; 12 lots on 33d-st., and 12 on 34th-st., covered by a large and expensive marble building, which runs from street to street, and 8 vacant lots on the 9th-av., each 24 feet 8½ inches in width, by 100 feet in depth, (the entire front.)

The centre of the block is the crown of the streets, the ground falling each way to the avenues, in each of which there are sewers. 34th st. is 100 feet wide, and the improvements already made on the north side, opposite to premises offered for sale, are of the first class, as are also those on the opposite side of 33d-st.

For terms and particulars apply to GEORGE F. ALLEN, President of the Board, at the office of Clarkson N. Potter, Esq., 61 Wall-st., between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICE.—TO BE SOLD TO CLOSE THE ESTATE OF GEORGE GRIFFIN, DECEASED.—The subscribers will sell at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 18th day of March next, at noon, by E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers, the real estate of the late George Griffin, deceased:

1. The house and lot No. 20 Beach-street, fronting on Hudson-square in the Fifth Ward of this City, being 26 feet 6 inches front and rear, and 100 feet deep, more or less, with its right in the Hudson-square.

2. The house and lot No. 255 East Tenth-street, 169 feet east of First-avenue, on the north side, being 25 feet front and rear, and 94 feet 8 inches deep, more or less.

3. The stable and lot of land on the north side of Nineteenth-street, 125 feet east of the Fifth-avenue, known as No. 5 East Nineteenth-street, being 25 feet in front and rear, and 92 feet deep, more or less.

4. Sixteen lots of land on the north side of Twenty-sixth-street and south side of Twenty-seventh-street, commencing 212 feet 4½ inches, or thereabouts, west from the corner of the Seventh-avenue, and extending in the rear to Twenty-seventh-street, each lot being 24 feet 10½ inches wide, and 98 feet 9 inches deep, more or less, being eight lots on each street.

6. Six lots, being three on the north side of Twenty-seventh-street and three on the south side of Twenty-eighth-street, commencing 292 feet 2 inches west of Seventh-avenue, and each lot 24 feet 10½ inches wide, and 98 feet 7 inches deep, more or less.—New-York, Feb. 7, 1863.

DANIEL LORD,
DANIEL D. LORD,
Executors George Griffin, deceased.

PHENIX MANUFACTURING COMPANY FOR SALE.

All the property belonging to the above Company, situated on Boudinot-st., Paterson, N. J., consisting of very substantial, large and numerous stone and brick buildings, lot 200x150 feet; superabundant power, with ample machinery in perfect order, ready for immediate use; is offered for sale, free of debts, and with a valuable rental and other peculiar advantages belonging to this Company. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY FOR SALE.—The Derby Building and Lumber Company, of Derby, Conn., offer for sale their entire property, consisting in part of a factory, 120x60 feet, 3 stories high, with an engine of about [illegible]-horse power, and a complete assortment of all the machinery necessary for their business, and about two acres of land. The property is on the Housatonic River, having about 200 feet of docks, while a side track of the Naugatuck Railroad runs directly upon the premises. It will be sold cheap, upon accommodating terms. Address, at Derby, Conn., either

GEO. W. SHELTON,
J. M. COLBURN, or
THOS. BURLOCK.
DERBY, Feb. 23.

FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENCE IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE.—Large brown-stone house, built in the best manner, containing every modern improvement and convenience, and in thorough repair, four lots of ground handsomely inclosed and improved, with fruit, shrubs, grapes, etc.; within ten minutes' walk of the ferries, and one of the most desirable properties in the City. Will be sold cheap. Two-thirds may remain on bond and mortgage if desired. Address Box No. 5,201 New-York Post-office, with real name.

ELEGANT EXTRA WIDE HOUSE AND STABLE NEAR UNION-SQUARE, FOR SALE.—The house and lot known as No. 41 East 16th-st. The house is 40 feet wide, built in the best manner, by Robert Hoe, Esq., for his own use. It has every modern improvement and convenience, with a fine stable on rear of the lot, approached by an alley-way of 10 feet. The property cost about $50,000. Will be sold much below its cost. For further particulars and permit to view, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house, southwest corner of [illegible]-st. and 2d-av.; size 21x60, three rooms deep, three-story and basement, high stoop, complete with all modern improvements, in perfect order, built by the recent owner for his own use, by day's work, at an expense of [illegible]. Will sell it for $12,000. Can be seen during the day.
JOHN FOLEY,
No. 82 Lexington-av. and No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—FOUR first-class dwellings on East 41st-street, between 5th and Madison avs., Nos. 8, [illegible]. The houses are well built and neatly finished, replete with every convenience; houses 21x50 feet. Terms made easy. Also a house and four lots of ground on 125th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., two-story frame house, with high basement, pleasantly situated; gas and Croton water. Also five lots on 120th and 121st-sts., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to W. N. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

FOR SALE—A FOUR-STORY, HIGH STOOP, modern brown-stone front house, full size, together with an extra lot adjacent, on [illegible]th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., each lot 25 feet by half the block, the extra lot for a stable, affording an opportunity to have a house and lot, and stable and lot, in one parcel, and near to 5th-av. Price $27,500 for house and two lots. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—CLINTON-AVENUE, BROOKLYN—East side, between Fulton and Atlantic avs., a very desirable house, with six or ten lots, extending through to Hamilton-st., with or without furniture; parlors, library, dining room and kitchen on the first floor; five bedrooms and bath-room on second, and four rooms in attic; garden stocked with vines, fruits and shrubbery; possession immediately. Inquire of
D. FARLEY, No. 91 Front-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE, IN FOURTEENTH-STREET, between 7th and 8th avs., a strictly first-class house, 4-story, high stoop, brown stone, 2 extra, and two party walls; lot 25x120, house in complete order; has been occupied by the owner since it was built; possession on 1st May. Price $26,500. Terms easy. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—HOUSE NO. 317 Henry-st., 3-story brick, tastefully finished, furnace, gas, range, bath, &c. Price $6,500. Also house No. 191 Degraw-st., 3-story brick, furnace, gas, range, &c. Price $5,000. Both are pleasantly situated, near two ferries.
GEO. A. JARVIS, Lenox Fire Insurance Co.,
No. 16 Wall-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THREE NEW two-story basement and sub cellar houses, with modern improvements, on Bedford-av., near Willoughby; good neighborhood, and less than one block from Myrtle-av. cars. Price $3,000 each. Inquire of WM. MARTIN, on the premises, or of ALEX. UNDERHILL, corner Bedford and Park avs.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DOUBLE framed house, with nice garden of eight lots and carriage-house attached, in Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn; house is very convenient, garden and grounds in good order, with plenty of fruit-trees, grapes and shrubbery; makes a pleasant residence in an excellent neighborhood. Apply to C. L. BENEDICT, 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE.—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN STONE house and lot, No. 17 West 24th-st., opposite Trinity Chapel; house full size, 25 feet front, three rooms deep, all modern improvements; lot 100 feet deep; near Madison-square and Fifth-avenue Hotel; finest location in the city; will be sold at a bargain. For terms and permits to see the house, apply to D. S. DUNCOMB, No. 8 Pine-st.

$1,800.—COTTAGE—BROOKLYN—Frame filled in with brick, near Bedford-av.; very pleasant location; house 24x32 feet, two-story and large attic, seven rooms, good cellar; lot 24x100 feet; grapevines, fruit in yard. $800 on mortgage. Apply to SANDFORD & CORNELL, No. 16 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—THE FIRST-class four-story house, No. 383 4th-st., near Broadway, Philadelphia brick front, built in the most substantial manner, of the best material, for the owner's use; contains all the modern improvements, and is in splendid order. Lot extra depth, 132 feet. For further particulars, apply to R. H. CUDLIPP, No. 119 Nassau-st.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN THE TENTH WARD.—The two brick houses and lots, Nos 125 and 127 Allen-st., between Rivington and Delancey sts.; lots 25 feet front, each, by 87½ feet deep. A considerable portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply at No. 146 Eldridge-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY, high-stoop house, No. 19 5th-av.; house 26½ feet wide, with 2-story extended back building; lot 26½ by 127 feet; house in fine order. Possession 1st May. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY No. 6 Clinton-place, near Broadway, and Stewart's new store. The house rents well and is in good order. The lot is a leasehold. $250 ground rent; is 25x100 feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY STONE FRONT house, No. 71 East [illegible]th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs., with all modern improvements; terms easy. For which, and permit to view the premises, apply to A. P. MAN, No. 64 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE HOUSE AND FURNITURE cheap, three stories, high stoop, moderate size and in good order, situated on the west side, up town. A large amount of the purchase money can remain if desired. Address D. D. A., Box No. 106 Times Office.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—On 6th, near South 4th-st., Williamsburgh, a good brick dwelling, water, gas and gas fixtures. It has twelve rooms. Apply to ALEX. OSTRANDER, No. 1 Park-place.

FOR SALE LOW ON TERMS TO SUIT—Several three-story brown-stone first class high-stoop houses, located on West 50th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Apply at No. 245 West 50th-st.

BROWN-STONE HOUSE FOR SALE—NO. 147 Lexington-av., corner of 30th-st.; lot 22 by 100 feet. For terms, &c., apply foot of East 24th-st., before noon.
SAMUEL LEGGETT.

FOR INVESTMENT.—FOR SALE, A PLOT OF ground of about 50 lots on [illegible]-st., between 8th and 9th avs., with house and stable. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE NEAR CENTRAL PARK.—Thirty-two lots on 4th-av., and 102d and 103d sts., lying nearly together. Apply to C. A. MEIGS, No. 50 Exchange-place, N. Y.

ELEGANT BRICK HOUSE, 20X45, MODERN improvements, in Williamsburgh, for sale low. J. TURTON, No. 190 Front-st., or S. COCKCROFT, No. 4 Pine-st., and No. 82 South 7th-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON BROADWAY, BETWEEN 37th and 42d sts., and on 40th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. W. W. PELL, No. 9 Carroll-place, Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BOWERY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The house and lot No. 319 Bowery, opposite Bleecker-st., New-York.

BROADWAY PROPERTY.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A large modern seven-story store, over 200 feet deep, on Broadway, below Fulton-st. Formerly rented for $12,000, and is well worth now $100,000. Will be sold to an immediate purchaser, clear, for $80,000—$50,000 in greenbacks and $30,000 in other property, either personal or real, (unimproved preferred,) in New-York or elsewhere. A country seat or farm for the whole or part of the $30,000 would be taken, as the owner does not reside in the City, and he could make use of such property. If desired, a mortgage would be taken back on the property for part of the purchase-money. Rented now to a good tenant for the ensuing year. Apply to the owner by letter. Address to D. D., Box No 5,058, New-York Post-office.

HARLEM LOTS FOR SALE.

4 lots on 125th-st., near 3d-av.
2 lots on 123d-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
2 lots on 122d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.
3 lots on 4th-av., near 125th-st. Also, 1 lot on 5th-av., near 110th-st. The above will be sold low and on easy terms. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS FOR SALE.

Also, houses and lots in New-York and Brooklyn, desirable for investment. Money to loan at 6 per cent.
Apply to H. A. SPAFARD, No. 18 Wall-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—VALUABLE property at Orange, N. J.; a large store-house and three dwelling-houses, with 8 acres of land, situated in Orange, about 12 miles from New-York City and 3 miles from Newark, N. J., about half a mile from railroad; cars run every half hour. The store-house has been occupied as a store for 20 years past; a good stand for business. Corner property and valuable for improvement. Price $6,000. Half the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of SAYRE BROTHERS, near Centre-st. depot, Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE VALUABLE property, No. 613 Water-st., 50 feet front by 140 feet deep, running through to Front-st., with four-story brick building, with steam-power, well calculated for any kind of manufacturing business, one block from the river. For further information, apply on the premises. Also, to let, with a set of tools, a blacksmith-shop, with a good run of work. Apply as above.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house in East 40th-st., for $5,500; one in East 50th-st., for $6,500; brown-stone front in East 50th-st., for $8,000; one in East 33d-st., for $7,500. Terms very easy. Apply, for permits, to W. G. MACKAY, No. 4 East 23d-st., or JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE.—WILLIAMSBURGH—THREE-STORY brick house, with all modern improvements, No. 50 South 3d-st.; also, house and lot No. 56 South 6th-st.; also, four-story brick tenement No. 8 South 3d-st. Apply to D. N. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, No. 33 Wall-st., (late with A. H. Muller.)

NEW CHAMBERS-ST. PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The fine three-story and basement dwelling-house No. 260 William-st., with front on New Chambers-st., for sale on easy terms. Can be made into a store fronting on either street, at a small cost. Apply to C. HAUSELT, No. 39 Spruce-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE PROPERTY situated at No. 191 Adams-st., Brooklyn, consisting of two genteel dwellings, (front and rear,) paying a splendid interest. Terms easy. Apply to C. PARSONS, No. 59 Beekman-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME ENGLISH BASEMENT house in 38th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house is 18x65 feet, with all the modern improvements, and in perfect order throughout. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story brown-stone front house, on Murray Hill, furnished or unfurnished; terms easy. Apply on the premises, No. 28 East 35th-st., near Madison-av., from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—A NICE house with 2, 4 or 8 lots, pleasantly located on Willoughby, near Yates-av.; has 13 rooms, water, gas, range, heater, &c. Apply to E. S. YOUNG, No. 25 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 47 CARROLL-st., between Hicks and Columbia sts., Brooklyn. House three-story brick; rents for 10 per cent. on price. Apply to CHAS. L. BENEDICT, No. 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS HIGH-STOOP brick house No. 42 West 28th-st., full sized, between Broadway and 6th-av. Apply to D. M. SEAMAN, auctioneer, No. 39 Wall-st., (late with A. H. Muller.)

FOR SALE—TWO LARGE LOTS, SOUTH SIDE of East 32d-st., 85 feet east of 3d-av. For sale on favorable terms. Apply at No. 245 Water-st.

FARMS.

A PROMISING INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE, ON ACCOMODATING TERMS.

A farm of 109 acres, with a good brick house and dependencies—one and a half hour from Chambers-street depot, and within ten minutes of depot at Peekskill.

It is situated on beautiful rising ground, with many primeval forest trees and woods, and a copious and swift stream through the land.

It can be easily divided into several building sites, from every one of which a fine view of the North River and surrounding country can be had—the United States Topographical Engineer's Station, commanding a view of forty miles round, being near the rear of the premises. Every train of the Hudson River Railroad stops at Peekskill.

The property can be obtained on advantageous terms, considering that the environs of Peekskill notwithstanding their great natural advantages, have not felt, to the same extent as the region below, the effects of the speculation and consequent rise in prices.

Apply to G. MERLE, No. 290 Water-st., New-York.
Also for sale, 16 acres land at Bay Ridge.

FOR SALE—A FARM, FOR $80 PER ACRE, OF 165 acres of the most productive loamy soil, and comfortable old-fashioned buildings, pleasantly situated, plenty of good fruit, pure spring water, and within one mile of two Friends' meeting-houses and nine Partners' School, eighty miles from New York, fifteen from Poughkeepsie and seven from Dover Plains. Any one wishing to learn particulars, may address DANIEL LYON, Washington, Dutchess County, New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—ON THE LINE OF THE Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, containing 95 acres, one hour's ride from Jersey City, a large brick house and a large orchard, dwarf pears, grape vines, &c. Location unsurpassed for healthfulness; one mile from the village of Tappan. Terms easy. Title unquestionable. Inquire of J. PANGBURN, 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 220 ACRES, IN HYDE Park, Dutchess County, N. Y., location two miles from Hudson River Railroad, at Hyde Park Station. Title perfect, and a large proportion of the purchase money may remain secured at the option of the purchaser. For particulars, apply personally to the subscriber, on the premises, or address as above. THOMAS NEWCOMB.

FARM FOR SALE—AT WHITE PLAINS, WESTchester Co.; 125 acres; choice and productive land; excellent buildings, all in good repair; various and abundant supply of fruit; elevated ground, very healthy and without incumbrance. Price $16,750. Terms liberal. Sickness only cause of selling. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FARM FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN.—Forty acres of choice land, abundance of fruit of all kinds, good house, barn and carriage-house, only 2½ miles from the depot. Also, a farm of 219 acres; a fine stock farm, good buildings, in complete order, three miles from depot. Terms easy; price low. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE LOW.—FIRST-CLASS GRAIN AND DAIRY.—92 acres Orange County farm. Finely-timbered, fenced, watered and fruited; good and ample buildings; one mile from Hampton Depot, N. Y. & E. R. R., some 60 miles from City. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY, containing 100 acres, 21 miles from the City, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad; the outhouses, &c., in good order; fruits of various kinds. Also, a valuable property corner of 20th-st. and 2d-av. Inquire at the Marble Yard, No. 343 Bowery, corner of 3d-st.

FARM TO LEASE—CONTAINING 55 ACRES, all under cultivation, well calculated for market gardening or milk business; house suitable for boarders, with all the necessary outbuildings, within five minutes' walk of the depot, Jamaica, L. I. GEO. SKIDMORE, No. 16 Nassau-st., New-York. Hours, 10 to 1.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 97 ACRES IN WESTchester County, 3 miles from the City limits, with large dwelling and farm-house, fine prospect and abundance of choice fruit. Price, $25,000. Inquire of
JOHN S. LAMSON, No. 77 Maiden-lane.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN THIS City, not above 50th-st, in exchange for a small valuable farm on the Hudson River. For particulars, apply to ISAAC A. BIGGS, No. 73 Nassau-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

STEADY STEAM POWER.

TO LET—Well lighted, desirable rooms, with steady steam power from a 150-horse power steam engine in the buildings, Nos. 137 and 139 Elm, and Nos. 211 and 213 Centre-st. Apply at the office, No. 213 Centre-st.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET—In the buildings Nos. 446, 448 and 450 Water-st. Nine lofts, 25x40 feet, with hatchways, hoistwheels, &c. Good light, front and rear; location good, and premises suitable for almost any manufacturing business. Apply at No. 224 South-st.

TO LET, WITH STEAM POWER—THE second and third floors and one room on the fourth floor of the building corner of Duane, Centre and Reade sts. Light on three sides. Inquire of JAS. CONNER'S SONS, Centre, corner Reade sts.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, TWO LARGE rooms, 50x100 feet, basement and first floor, corner 28th-st. and 7th-av., suitable for manufactory. Apply at No. 294 7th-av., or No. 259 Canal-st., up stairs.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM POWER, the second floor of the building No. 20 North William-st. Apply to R. HOE & CO., No. 31 Gold-st.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, THE SECOND story of No. 64 Duane-st., with use of steam hoistway; alley in rear. Apply to ROBERT HOE, No. 31 Gold-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—AN UNFURNISHED house, situated between 4th and 6th avs., 11th and 46th sts., for a small family, no children. Address R., Box No. 783 Post-office.

LOWER PART OF A HOUSE WANTED by a gentleman, wife and infant, between 3d and 17th sts., 1st-av. and Bowery. Rent moderate. Address FRANK, Box No. 113 Times Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, NO CHILdren, wish a nice house up town, furnished wholly or partly, and board the owners, without other boarders. Address ERNEST, Box No. 166 Times Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE.

A VERY HANDSOME PLACE ON STATEN ISLAND.
Apply to E. J. DONNELL,
No. 49 Broad-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A FRAME HOUSE and lot on Ashburton-av., house 24x32 deep, lot 50x200: house two story, attic and basement, filled in with brick, built in the best manner, contains nine rooms, coal and sauce cellars; shade and ornamental trees, and choice fruit in abundance; small barn in rear of lot; high ground, good neighborhood, commands a fine view of the Hudson River, and overlooks the entire village; said place fifteen minutes walk from depot; price, $5,000, part of the purchase-money can remain on mortgage. Apply to Mrs. DE VOE, the owner on the premises; or to ACKERMAN & DEYO, Grocers, corner Broadway and Dock-st.

FOR SALE, OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM of years, or to rent for the Summer, completely furnished, a country residence on the Hudson River, in the village of Peekskill, N.Y. The house contains all the modern improvements, such as gas, bath-room, hot and cold water in every chamber, speaking-tubes, stationary wash-tubs, &c., and is thoroughly heated by steam. There is an abundance of choice fruit, a large carriage-house, stable and other out-buildings. For further particulars, call on JOHN B. KITCHING, Esq., No. 14 Pine-st., or on HENRY A. SMITH, No. 112 Reade-st., New-York, or address C. TOWNSEND, Peekskill, N. Y.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NORWALK, CONN.—One of the most desirable locations in this village, situated on the hill at the head of the harbor, and commanding a fine view of the same; on said premises are a large barn, carriage-house and other outbuildings, all in good repair. For further particulars inquire of Mr. M. O. BANKS, No. 418 Broadway, or of the subscriber on the premises. A. MALLORY.

FOR SALE AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.—A very desirable cottage residence, with about 10 acres of land, one hour and ten minutes from the City, via the New-Jersey Central Railroad. To any one wishing to reside in a perfectly healthy locality and do business in the City, this is a most favorable opportunity for securing a home at a moderate price. Apply to
F. F. RANDOLPH,
No. 14 Wall-st.,
Or SMITH CLIFT, No. 102 Broadway.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—Beautifully situated on the west bank of the Hudson River, two miles below West Point and one mile from Cozzens' Hotel, including horses, stable, cow and garden planted. Possession given immediately, if required. Apply to Mr. JAMES DENTON, Buttermilk Falls, or by letter to LOUIS B. DE WITT, Box No. 1,146 Philadelphia, Penn.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF 60 ACRES AT NYACK.—It slopes gradually to the Hudson River and is watered by a fine brook and springs. The land is good, the buildings new and convenient, and the fruit abundant. It is capable of division, as the building sites with splendid views, are numerous. The neighborhood is healthy and unexceptionable.
CHAS. B. HART, No. 132 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN—A BEAUTItiful country-seat, with four acres of land, 1½ miles from the centre of the city. The house is new, and contains all modern conveniences; size 48x50, with an addition 45x17, with stable, ice-house, &c. It is delightfully situated on high land, west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to
ELI WHITNEY.
NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 26, 1863.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIdence, with some seven acres of land, in the County of New-Windsor, about one mile south of Newburgh. The house is of brick, with slate roof, 50x50, with an extension for kitchen and servants' rooms; barns and outbuildings. The premises contain a variety of choice fruit trees and shrubbery. For terms and permission to see the house, apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 102 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in the City of Elizabeth, N. J.; house built in the best modern style, containing 17 rooms, furnished with gas and modern improvements; about five acres of ground, well improved; choice variety of shrubbery and fruit trees; good carriage house and outbuildings, all in perfect order. Apply to D. PARKHURST, or E. T. Farr, No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

TO LET—IN FAIRMOUNT, WESTCHESTER County, a two-story cottage, six rooms, with under-cellar, in good order, and a large garden, about 125 feet square. The cottage is pleasantly located, about quarter of a mile from Tremont depot; rent $100 per year. Possession on or before April 1. Inquire of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row.

FOR SALE—IN PASSAIC, NEW-JERSEY, TEN miles from New-York by rail: a desirable country residence, embracing a large house, nearly new, 15 rooms and every modern convenience; ten acres of land and every variety of berries and fruit; also, building sites, with 5 to 10 acres. For particulars, apply to A. H. MULLER, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A HOUSE AND seven acres of ground at Old Saybrook, Conn., with superior fishing and boating facilities, suitable for a gentleman's Summer residence. 4½ hours' ride from New-York by N. H. and N. L. Railroad. Hartford steamer also touches daily. Apply to J. B. VARNUM, Jr., No. 110 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—HOUSE AND lots in Yonkers, on Palisade-av., nearly new, with all the modern conveniences. Location unsurpassed, commanding a view of the Hudson for twenty-five miles. Apply to THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President of Security Fire Insurance Co., No. 31 Pine-st., or to W. T. HATCH, Nos. 79 and 81 Worth-st.

TO LEASE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN MORristown, New-Jersey; said house is most eligibly situated in the centre of the town; is in perfect repair, and furnished with all the modern improvements, and has connected with it a convenient barn and outhouses, and a garden embracing two acres of ground, and well stocked with fruit. Possession given immediately. For terms, apply to ALFRED MILLS, Esq., Morristown, N. J.

TO LET, AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—WITHIN eight minutes walk of the depot, a cottage, with 7½ acres of land, carriage-house, fine garden and fruit. The house contains eight rooms beside kitchen, and has furnace and gas. For particulars inquire of W. B. MEEKER, at Bank of New-York, or F. W. FOOTE, at Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—AT WHITE Plains, a modern built two-story and attic house, containing 17 rooms, with all necessary out-buildings; one hour's ride by railroad from 31st-st. Inquire of L. MILLER, White Plains, or E. B. LITTELL & CO., No. 114 Warren-st., New-York. Also, a first-class farm in Orange County.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WITH STABLE, &c. WANTED—At Orange, Newburgh or below Tarrytown, on North River or Harlem River, with three to six acres, for the year; must have modern conveniences and pleasant neighborhood. Answers must give full description and particulars to meet attention. Address RESIDENCE, for three days, Station G, Post-office.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—At Tarrytown, double two-story, basement and attic house, barn and carriage-house, five acres of choice land, abundance of fruit, fine garden, extensive view of the Hudson, one mile from the depot. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, A COMMODIOUS house and one acre of ground, on the bank of the river, quarter of a mile below depot; stable, fine vegetable garden, fruit, berries, shade trees, &c. Also, two acres of land adjoining, if desired. Apply on the premises, or to L. UNDERHILL, No. 94 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE AT ORANGE, N. J.—A HANDsome, double, two-story cottage, substantially built, and eligibly located, with grounds highly improved, and abundance of fruit, within three minutes' walk of depot. For sale low, and terms easy. Apply at No. 30 Broadway, third floor.

FOR SALE.—CLAREMONT, N. J., TWO MILES from Jersey City ferry., a cottage 22 feet front, 28 feet deep, two-story and attic, with wing attached 16x22, story and half; lot 50x125. Commanding a full view of the bay and very convenient to Bergen Point stages and Bergen Point cars. Inquire of MOSES ODELL, No. 3 Water-st.

AT SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE OR to let a first-class house, containing eleven rooms; it is situated on high ground, commanding a delightful view of the Orange Mountain, and is about ten minutes' walk from the depot; good barn, and two or six acres fo land. Inquire of McKILLOP & CO., No. 37 Park-row.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT, embracing a spacious house, built within the last two years, with every modern convenience; first floor finished in solid black walnut; large carriage house, &c.; five minutes' walk from depot: 12 miles from the City. Inquire at Gas office, 76 Nassau-st., from 11 to 2 o'clock.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE DEPOT AT RYE, WESTchester County, a delightful country residence, with 12 or 30 acres of land. House handsomely situated, nearly new and in order. A fine garden, with grapery, and a choice variety of fruit. Apply to BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT HASTings, 1¼ miles from the Hudson River Railroad station and steamboat landing, with coach-house, orchard, grounds, &c. Also, a small cottage near the above. Apply to L. H. PIGNOLET, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS house, with all the modern improvements, and three acres of land attached, well stocked with fruits and ornamental trees. Neighborhood first-class, within 45 minutes of the City hourly. Inquire of H. HOAG, No. 75 Pine-st.

TO LET AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—A HOUSE next to the Methodist Church, garden and orchard. Inquire at Mr. PIERSON'S store, near the depot.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE ON Staten Island, either at Clifton or New-Brighton; would lease for one year, with the privilege of purchasing, or would purchase at once. Address Box No. 4,124 Post-office.

SAVINGS BANKS

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st.
Chartered 1854.

Six per cent. interest allowed. Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUGS. F. LEE, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 1 3d-av., corner 7th-st.
Open from 9 to 2 o'clock daily,
and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

TO LET.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF THE TWO-story house No. 93 Henry-st., consisting of three rooms on second floor, and one attic, with use of basement for washing. Rent $17 per month. Possession immediately. No moving May 1.

TO LET.

The valuable corner store northwest corner of Broadway and 4th-st., 20 by 80 feet, with two fine show windows, now occupied and known as "Crowen's Bookstore." This property is one of the most valuable business locations on Broadway, and particularly adapted for a book-store, Gentlemen's furnishing store, or any light business. To a first-rate and responsible tenant, the above will be let or leased on favorable terms. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK,
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st., or
At the gas-fitting store, No. 707 Broadway.

ALSO,

The house No 55 Bleecker-st., East of Broadway. House 27 by about 60 feet, with all the modern conveniences, and in unexceptionable order. It will be let as a private residence, or, if desired, will be altered for business purposes—for which it is particularly adapted. To a responsible tenant, it will be let or leased on favorable terms. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK,
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

ALSO,

Four-story English basement, No. 98 West 25th-st. Rent low. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK.
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

ALSO,

To let or lease, the store and basement No. 100 Spring-st., under the St. Nicholas Hotel—20 by 60 feet, with a good rear light. A first-rate location for a pianoforte wareroom, hair-dressing, etc. Rent low.

ALSO,

The store Nos. 102 and 104 Spring-st., corner Mercer-st., under the St. Nicholas Hotel, 40 by 60, with a valuable basement. Store well adapted for a first-class family grocery store, cabinet warehouse, or a fashionable café or restaurant. Will be divided into two stores, or, if desired, will be connected with the store No. 100 Spring-st., making a valuable front of 60 by 61 feet. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK,
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

Also, the three lofts of store No. 178 Fulton-st., 25 by 77 feet, with a valuable north light—admirably adapted for the cloth business. Rent for the 1st loft $600, and for the 2d and 3d $500. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK,
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st., or
LIVINGSTON K. MILLER, No. 192 Broadway.

Also, several valuable pieces of Harlem property on 2d-av., and 116th-st. Apply to
J. A. VAN BUSKIRK,
No. 76 4th-av., corner 10th-st.

TO RENT—THE WINDERMERE HOUSE, GREENwood Lake, Orange County, New-York, from 1st of April, 1863, to a qualified and responsible tenant only, "who knows how to keep a hotel." The house has been newly furnished, and in consequence of its rapid advancement in popular favor, and the liberal patronage extended to it the past Summer, the proprietor is now making extensive additions and improvements to the hotel, which will present a facade of 225 feet to the lake, with double piazza. The place is celebrated for its beautiful scenery, its salubrious, invigorating atmosphere, excellent fishing, boating, &c., and is supplied with an abundance of fruit, good garden, and every necessary outbuilding. If preferred, the farm-land, from 60 to 200 acres, could be rented with the hotel, or sold on accommodating terms to a satisfactory purchaser. For terms, refer to Maj. J. Henry Caldwell, J. S. Caldwell and others, No. 24 Pine-st., New-York, or address S. CALDWELL, Greenwood Lake, Orange County, N. Y., Chester Post-office.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—The large mansion house, corner Clinton and Carroll sts., or to be rented for a first-class boarding establishment, the proprietor's family retaining some of the rooms. Also, four houses, brown-stone fronts, on Clinton-st., Nos. 245 to 251; also, two houses, brown-stone-fronts, on Second-place, Nos. 87 and 89. These houses have the modern improvements, rent $700 and water tax. Also, building lots on First-place and Carroll-st. Inquire of JOHN RANKIN, corner of Clinton and Carroll sts., Brooklyn, or of John Rankin, Jr., No. 12 Wall-st., second story, front.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE WHOLE OR part of a three-story brick house, corner of Marcy-av. and Monroe-st.; rent for the whole house $156 per year; also a two-story frame cottage adjoining, rent $96 per year. All the above property is in complete order. Possession will be given immediately. Also, a 3-story brick house, with front and back basement and sub-cellar, in good order, No. 3 2d-st., Williamsburgh, near the Ferry; rent $300 per year. Inquire of PETER A. BERT, Real Estate and House Agent, No. 352 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS dwelling houses, containing all the modern improvements:

No. 295 2d-av., 4-story brick, $800.
No. 136 East 13th-st., 4-story brown-stone, $900.
No. 150 East 13th-st., 4-story brown-stone, $1,000.
No. 152 East 13th-st., 4-story brown-stone, $900.
No. 84 East 15th-st., 4-story brick, $800.
Nos. 14, 15 and 16 Livingston-place, 4-story brown-stone, each $1,000.
No. 137 East 19th-st., 3-story brick, $800.
Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, 180 East 10th-st.

TO LET IN YORKVILLE—IN A QUIET neighborhood, near the Central Park, a two-story and attic house, with kitchen and cellar; water in the house; the house is in complete order, and suitable for a genteel family. Rent, $250 per year. Inquire on the premises, 4th-av., between 84th and 85th sts., the middle house, east side, or of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row. Possession 1st of May.

TO RENT IN SOUTH BROOKLYN, NEAR Henry-st.:
No. 54 West Warren-st. Rent, $700.
No. 56 West Warren-st. Rent, $700.
No. 77 West Baltic-st. Rent, $600.
These houses have water, gas, and all modern improvements. Inquire of
A. G. JEROME & CO.
No. 20 Exchange-place.

TO LET—ON BROADWAY. ALSO, FURNISHED house wanted. To let the large double store, No. 594 and 596 Broadway, 55x200, adjoining Metropolitan Hotel. The store will be extended to cover the entire yard on the south side. The store will be let whole or in part, to suit. Also, wanted, a first-class house, furnished complete. Rent not to exceed $1,800. Apply to E. AYRES, No. 102 Nassau-st.

TO LET—DRY GOODS STORE IN FOND DU LAC, WIS.—A fine opening for a firm desirous of doing a large and profitable business. The store is in the central part of the city, and is one of the finest in the West. Rent low to a good tenant. Fond du Lac is surrounded by a rich and fine country, is growing very rapidly, and is one of the most healthy and flourishing cities in the West. Address S. B. & J. AMORY, Fond du Lac, Wis.

TO LET—THE DWELLING-HOUSE NO. 26 Beach-st., on St. John's Park, thirteen rooms, basement and attic included. Also, the dwelling-house No. 70 Irving-place, near 18th-st., fourteen rooms; gas and water in each. Apply to DANIEL LORD, No. 15 Exchange-place; JOHN C. LORD & BROTHER, No. 36 Broadway.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THOSE TWO NEAT, three-story and basement, high stoop houses, Nos. 86 and 88 Lexington-av., corner of 27th-st.; all improvements and in perfect order. Can be seen from 10 to 11 and 1 to 3 o'clock. No. 86 will be sold with or without the furniture. JOHN FOLEY, No. 82 Lexington-av., or No. 169 Broadway.

OFFICES TO LET.—DESIRABLE OFFICES on third floor of No. 90 Beaver-st., near Wall-st. Two of the above front on Pearl-st., and will be rented together: three front on Beaver-st., and will be let separately if desired. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 139 Pearl-st.

TO LET—TO AN AMERICAN WIDOW LADY, without children, three or four rooms; house located in Rivington-st., north side, between Allen and Orchard; gas and Croton water, and in perfect order. Possession on or before 1st of May. To a responsible tenant would be let very low. Apply to WILLIAM HORTON, No. 196 Chatham-square.

TO LET.—A LARGE MANSION HOUSE WITH carriage house and 29 lots on 10th-av., between 62d and 63d sts.; the ground is handsomely laid out with fruit and ornamental trees; the gas and water will be put in the house. W. H. MITCHELL, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE—THE DWELLING-house. No. 124 Waverley-place—3-story and attic. Rent, $800. Also, to let, the third and fourth floors of No. 112 Fulton, corner Dutch-st. Inquire of P. R. STRONG, No. 76 William-st.

TO LEASE OR FOR SALE—THE VALUable property No. 747 Broadway, opposite Astor-place, running through to Mercer-st. Will be leased for a long term of years. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE COTTAGE HOUSE NO. 135 WEST 34th-st., containing all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 70 Washington-st., between the hours of 8 A. M. and 6 P. M., or at No. 39 West 34th-st., between 7 and 9 o'clock P. M. Rent $600 per annum.

TO LET—FROM THE 1ST OF APRIL, THE STORE and basement corner of 4th and Mercer sts., the most prominent corner out of Broadway.
A. McKENZIE, No. 305 4th-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 5 Varick-place, in good order, with gas and water complete. Can be seen from 12 to 3 o'clock. Apply to H. FISHER, No. 5 Bible-House, Astor-place.

TO LET—THE FIVE-STORY MARBLE FRONT building and store, extra wide, complete, with vaults and other improvements; to let in whole or in part. Apply on the premises, Nos. 48 and 50 Duane-st.

TO LET—THREE DESIRABLE DWELLINGS, Nos. 125, 127 and 133 Charlton-st.; hot and cold water, baths and gas. Rent $450. Apply to PATTERSON, KNAPP & CO., 529 Washington-st., near the premises.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE STONE HOUSE, No. 68 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., full size, with all the improvements. Will be let or sold low to a good tenant. Apply to R. W. HOWES, at the Park Bank.

TO LET—FROM 1ST OF MAY, THE HOUSE AND store No. 265 Grand-st., one door from Lord & Taylor's; no better stand in the City for any business. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, A HOUSE of extra width, four stories, brown stone front, and located in Great Jones-st. Apply, for rent, &c., to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE PREMISES NOW OCCUPIED BY the Chatham Bank, at No. 192 Broadway, corner of John-st. Inquire at the Bank.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—FIVE LOFTS, 50 feet by 23 feet each, in the well-lighted building No. 90 Ann-st. S. COCKCROFT, No. 4 Pine-st.

TO RENT—THE FIRST-CLASS, FOUR-STORY house No. 105 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Inquire of A. G. JEROME & CO., No. 20 Exchange-place.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x16 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

WILLIAM H. RAYNOR,
(Of the late firm of Raynor & Blackwell,)
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Established in 1833,
has removed to
No 6 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIAN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,

Corner of Wall and Nassau-Streets.

CASH CAPITAL..........$500,000

From Statement for year ending December 31, 1862.
Total amount of Assets, January 1, 1863.....$1,135,540 75
Total amount of Premiums..........1,035,243 64
Net Profits..........228,769 14
Dividend for the year to Stockholders.....14 1-6 per cent.
Guaranteed cash dividend to dealers, (holding certificates of same) on paid premiums earned during the year, whether loss has accrued or not..........15 per cent.

LOSSES PAID IN GOLD UPON RISKS ON WHICH THE PREMIUM IS PAID IN LIKE CURRENCY.

Dealers with this Company will be allowed the option (to be signified at the time of application for insurance) of receiving in lieu of scrip, at the end of each year, returns in cash, of premiums paid and earned during the year, upon all new risks under the New-York form of policy, as follows:

1. Upon every open policy (cargo risks) upon which there shall have been earned and paid $300 and upward, a return of twenty per cent.
2. Upon other voyage risks upon cargo and freight, a return of fifteen per cent.
3. Upon time risks upon hulls and freight, a return of ten per cent.

Such privilege, however, being confined to persons and firms, the aggregate of whose premiums upon such policies earned and paid during the year shall amount to the sum of One Hundred Dollars.

DIRECTORS.
Edward Rowe, of C. Dord & Co.
John S. Dickerson, of Dickerson, Reed & Co.
George Miln.
Abel Denison, of Denison, Binsse & Co.
Thos. A. C. Cochrane.
Wm. H. Halsey, of Harbecks & Halsey.
Thos. Barron.
Roland G. Mitchell, of R. G. Mitchell & Co.
B. C. Morris.
Albert G. Lee, of Coffin, Bruce, Bishop & Co.
Albert E. Kent, of A. E. Kent & Co., Chicago.
Thos. S. Dickerson, of Vandervoort, Dickerson & Co., Chicago.
Wm. B. Ogden, President Northwestern Railroad Company, Chicago.
John Armstrong, President Milwaukee Company Bank, Milwaukee.
William Young, Vice-President Milwaukee Company Bank, Milwaukee.
Andrew J. Rich, President Bank of Attica, Buffalo.
Daniel W. Teller, of Galway, Casado & Teller.
Jos. Morrison.
Wm. H. Popham, of Popham & Haxtun.
David Ogden.
B. C. Morris, Jr., of Caldwell & Morris.
Ezra Nye.
Henry J. Cammann, of Wilson & Cammann.
Thomas Lord.
Lawrence Myers, of Lawrence, Myers & Co.
Chas. A. Lord.
Robert Bowne, of Bowne & Co.
Geo. B. Satterlee, of Satterlee & Co.
John D. Bates, Jr., of Bates & Co., Boston.
Jewitt M. Richmond, of J. M. Richmond & Co., Buffalo.
Moses Merick, Oswego.
David J. Ely, of Reynolds, Ely & Co., Chicago.
B. C. MORRIS, President.
THOS. LORD, Vice-President.
WM. M. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRON MOUNTAINS OF MISSOURI.

PILOT KNOB IRON COMPANY.
CAPITAL..........$1,000,000.

The PILOT KNOB IRON COMPANY OF MISSOURI, desirous of prosecuting their works at this favorable period with renewed vigor, now offer for the first time ONE-HALF of their CAPITAL STOCK for SALE in this market, in shares of $100 each.

Their property is over sixty square miles, containing over 40,000 acres of land, and embraces the most valuable of the wonderful Iron Mountain region of Missouri. It is situated at the terminus of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, 35 miles from St. Louis.

Iron is produced at that point cheaper than anywhere else in the world. The property of this Company is one of the most valuable of the kind.

Subscriptions will be received, for a short time, at the office of Messrs. E. D. MORGAN & CO., Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place, and also at the office of H. G. MARQUAND, Esq., No. 43 Exchange-place, where further information may be obtained. Twenty-five per cent. will be required when the whole subscription is made up, and the balance may be paid in installments, if desired.

The subscribers, who are connected with the Company, will be in the city in a few days, and may be seen at one or the other of the above places.

JAMES H. LUCAS, } of St. Louis.
THOMAS ALLEN, }
NEW-YORK, Feb. 25, 1863.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY, JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Feb. 26, 1863.

Public notice is hereby given, in accordance with the terms of an agreement between this Company and the holders of its First Mortgage Bonds, dated April 14, 1859, that this Company will redeem on the 3d day of April next, at the office of the United States Trust Company, New-York City, at the lowest offer below par, forty one of said Jeffersonville Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds. Offers for the sale of said bonds may be addressed, under seal, to the United States Trust Company aforesaid, and indorsed, "Offers of the First Mortgage Bond or Bonds of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company to the Sinking Fund." Which offers or bids will be received until noon of the 3d day of April next. And public notice is also hereby given the holders of said First Mortgage Bonds that, in case there are no bids offered to sell said bonds, as provided in the agreement aforesaid, the United States Trust Company aforesaid will, upon presentation at their office, No. 48 Wall-st., redeem, at par and accrued interest, by consecutive numbers of outstanding bonds, forty-one of said bonds, beginning at No. 121 and running to No. 143, inclusive; Nos. 146, 147 and 149 to 152, inclusive; Nos. 158 to 162, inclusive; Nos. 165, 166, 167, and Nos. 170 to 173, inclusive; and that from and after the 3d day of April, 1863, interest on said bonds will cease, as provided in said agreement.

J. H. M'CAMPBELL, Secretary and Treasurer.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

STOCKS AND BONDS

Bought and sold on commission, at the Brokers' Board, by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers, and Dealers in Government Securities and Gold.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.,
ALBANY, March 2, 1863.

NOTICE AS TO THE $3,000,000 SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS OF THE COMPANY, DUE 15TH JUNE, 1864.—The Directors of this Company propose to replace its Seven Per Cent. Bonds to become due on the 15th of June, 1864, by an issue, having twenty-five years to run, of Five Per Cent. Coupon Bonds, to mature on the 15th of December, 1887, with interest from the 15th of December last, payable in New-York semi-annually on the 15th of June and 15th of December.

An allowance of Three Per Cent. for the difference in interest between the three Coupons yet to mature on the outstanding Bonds, and those of corresponding dates on the proposed issue, will be made to the holders of the former on the surrender of the Bonds held by them to be exchanged for the new Bonds.

This surrender may be made at any time hereafter, accompanied by a memorandum of numbers and amounts, at the Bank of Commerce in New-York, at the office of J. E. THAYER & BROTHER, Boston, or at this office, when the three per cent. above mentioned will be paid in cash.

The delivery of the new bonds will commence, at the same places, on the 20th day of March inst.

The option of the new bonds now offered to the holders of those of 1864, will remain open until and including the 30th day of April next, unless withdrawn, before that time, by at least ten days' previous public notice.

The bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000, only, except that registered bonds, without coupons, of the denomination of $5,000, will be issued to parties applying for them.

A sinking fund of two per cent. per annum on the whole amount of the issue will be applied to its reduction or to providing means towards its payment, in such manner and under such regulations as the Directors may from time to time prescribe.

ERASTUS CORNING, Albany,
CHARLES H. RUSSELL, New-York,
NATHANIEL THAYER, Boston,
H. H. MARTIN, Albany,
J. V. L. PRUYN, Albany,
Special Committee of the Board.

RAILROAD BONDS FOR SALE.—THE UNdersigned, Trustees of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad Company, will receive proposals up to the 15th day of March next, for the whole or any part of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Twenty-Year Bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1863, secured on the First Division of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad, consisting of one hundred miles, from Dubuque to Cedar Falls. These Bonds are issued for the purpose of discharging the floating debt of the Company, and will be its only indebtedness, and the first mortgage lien upon one hundred miles of railroad, completed and in operation. The gross earnings of the road in 1862 were $229,082, and the net earnings were $124,174, with a certain prospect of a largely increasing business. It will, therefore, be seen, that the net earnings are five times as much as will pay the interest, while the amount of Bonds to be issued is only three thousand dollars per mile on a road which has cost about $3,000,000. It is believed that no better seven per cent. Bond is offered in the United States. No bid will be received for less than par. Payment to be made in United States Treasury notes, "Legal Tender," or Bank notes current in the City of New-York. The Bonds will be ready for delivery on the 15th March. Bids to be addressed to the undersigned, care of John Lord, No. 72 Broad-st., New-York, of whom further information can be obtained. Permission is granted to refer to Messrs. Schuchardt & Gebhard, Bankers, No. 21 Nassau-st., New York.—Feb. 19, 1863.

R. B. MASON,
JOHN LORD,
H. L. STOUT,
Trustees.

MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, will be held in the City of Chicago at the Office of the Company, on the 1st day of April next, at the hour of noon of that day, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company, and transacting such other business as may be brought before them.

J. W. FOSTER,
M. L. SYKES,
A. C. BADGER,
Commissioners.
JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.
CHICAGO, Feb. 28, 1863.

TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—$130,000—Part at 5 per cent., balance at 6 and 7 per cent., for a term of years. Large sums preferred. We have some funds, which are required to be invested as above. For the lowest rate, the bond, as well as the property, must be A No. 1, and the margin on the property must be three or four times the amount wanted. Direct applications, with full particulars, may be addressed to care of Box No. 2,450 New-York Post-office.

$15.000 WANTED ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—At five per cent., five or ten years, interest semi-annual or quarterly, to be paid the day due, on ample security in the City, with a reliable bondsman. Apply at No. 54 William-st., Room No. 19, from 16 to 2 P. M.

FINANCIAL.

PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURAMCE COMPANY,

TRINITY BUILDING,
NO. 111 BROADWAY.

ASSETS,
JAN. 1, 1863, $1,254,719.

DIVIDEND,
35 PER CENT.

This Company continues to
Insure against
Marine and Inland Navigation Risks
On Cargo and Freight
No Time Risks or Risks upon Hulls of Vessels
Are taken.

The profits of the Company, ascertained from Jan. 10, 1855, to the 1st day of January, 1862, for which Certificates were issued, amount to..........$1,107,240 00
Additional Profits from 1st of January, 1862, to 1st of January, 1863..........227,778 00

Total profits for 8 years..........$1,335,018 00
The Certificates previous to 1860 have been redeemed by cash..........631,940 00

Net earnings remaining with the Company..........$703,078 00

ALFRED EDWARDS,
President.
JILLIAM LECONEY,
Vice-President.
BENJAMIN A. ONDERDONK,
Secretary.

EDWARD KING,

(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS,)
Offers his services at the Board of Brokers for the purchase or sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 23 Wall-st.

OFFICE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW-YORK, March 11, 1863.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SEVEN Directors of this Company, held this day, the following-named gentlemen were unanimously elected to serve for three years from this date:

THOMAS RIGNEY,
JOHN T. AGNEW,
WILLIAM M. VERMILYE,
JOHN J. CRANE,
GEORGE OPDYKE,
JOHN H. SHERWOOD,
MINOT C. MORGAN.
H. V. GAHAGAN, Secretary.

SILVER LEAD MINE NEAR NEW-YORK FOR SALE.—The lead in this valuable mine contains 25 ounces silver to each ton; the ore is very rich, and easily mined. A new process for separating the lead will go with the mine. The property comprises 50 acres of land, is easy of access, and offers unusual inducements to capitalists to form a company for mining purposes. For full information apply to ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

HALLET & CORNWELL, NO. 24 PINE-ST. Note and Exchange Brokers. Bonds, Stocks and Government Securities bought and sold on commission.

JACOB C. HALLET,
(Late with Blake Bros. & Co.)
RICHARD H. CORNWELL,
(Late with G. S. Robbins & Sons.)
NEW-YORK, Feb. 17.

$65.000—TO LOAN AT 5 PER CENT. for a term of years, on improved real estate in this City, in any sum from $5,000 upward. Apply to W. H. WOOD, No. 65 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD (genuine) STOCK, for sale by JOHN J. THOMAS, No. 50 Wall-st.

HAMPTON BANK, NORTH CASTLE—Bought until further notice, at ¼ of 1 per cent premium, by F. P. JAMES & CO., No. 45 Wall-st.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 48 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 2, 1863.

25TH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable to the stockholders on demand.
JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1863.
"PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., NO. 2," PRIOR TO 1853.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Dividend of One and a-half per Cent. (1½) from the undivided assets, will be paid to the Stockholders of the Company, by applying at No. 88 Wall-st.
WM. H. ASPINWALL, Presidens.

OFFICE OF THE PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
BROOKLYN, March 12, 1863.

STOCKHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) per Cent., has been declared and is payable on demand at their branch office, No. 62 Wall-st., New-York.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.

FARMERS' AND CITIZEN'S BANK,
BROOKLYN, March 10, 1863.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of Three and One-half per Cent., payable on and after the 14th inst.
O. M. BEACH, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 60 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 9, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of $3 per share, (Ten per Cent.,) free from Government tax, payable on demand. SAMUEL E. BELCHER, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the application of the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, in the name and on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the acquisition of lands for a PUBLIC PARK OR PLACE,

Between the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixth-street and One Hundred and Tenth-street and the Fifth and Eighth avenues,

IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

We, the undersigned, Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit:

FIRST—That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons whose interests are affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to LUTHER BRADISH, Esq., our Chairman, at the Office of the Commissioners, No. 6 Wall-street, in this City, on or before the 23d day of February, 1863.

SECOND.—That the Abstract of the said Estimate and Assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates, and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's Office of the City and County of New-York, there to remain until the 31st day of March, 1863.

THIRD.—That the limits embraced by the Assessments aforesaid are as follows, to wit:

Bounded on the North by the southerly line of one hundred and twenty-fifth-street; on the East by a line running northerly and southerly between and equally distant from the second and third Avenues; on the South by the northerly line of Ninety-sixth-street; and on the West by a line running northerly and southerly between and equally distant from the Tenth and Eleventh Avenues.

Excluding therefrom the lands embraced within the following description: "Between the southerly side of one hundred and sixth-street and one hundred and tenth-street and the fifth and eighth Avenues."

And

FOURTH.—That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held at the City Hall in the said City, on Tuesday, the 31st day of March, 1863, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

LUTHER BRADISH,
MICHAEL ULSHOEFFER,
SAMUEL B. RUGGLES,
Commissioners.
New-York, Jan. 20, 1863.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.—Summons for relief as amended,—CHARLES P. CASSILLY, Plaintiff, against HENRY EVANS, JAMES FREELAND, JAMES W. DUNLOP and CORNELIUS V. R. GOODYEAR, as well individually as Executors of, and Trustees under the last will and testament of Henry Shelden, deceased, Edward A. Shelden, and Augusta Shelden, his wife, Henry Shelden, Jane Maria Shelden, John Shelden, Sidney Shelden, Alexander Smith, and Ruamah Smith his wife, Ann Caroline Van Ranst, Frances Mitchell, Henry Shelden Mitchell, Calvin Shelden, —— Shelden, —— Shelden, and —— Shelden, (the three defendants lastly mentioned being infant children of Nicholas Shelden, and the Christian name of each being unknown to plaintiff,) the said James Freeland as Committee of the person and estate of said Edward A. Shelden, a lunatic, —— Shelden, —— Shelden, —— Shelden, —— Shelden, —— Shelden, and —— Shelden, (the six defendants lastly mentioned being children of Edward H. Shelden, and the Christian name of each being unknown to plaintiff,) and John ——, George ——, William ——, Mary ——, Susan ——, and Helen ——, (the six defendants lastly mentioned being children of Maria, a deceased sister of said testator Henry Shelden, the names of said six children, and the surname of said Maria, being unknown to plaintiff,) defendants.—To the defendants above-named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the amended complaint in this action, which was filed on the 24th day of May, 1860, in the office of the Clerk of the County of Ulster, in the village of Kingston, in said County of Ulster, in the State of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said amended complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 31 Nassau-street, corner of Cedar, (Bank of Commerce Building,) in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said amended complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the amended complaint.—Dated New-York, May 24, 1860.

MARTIN & SMITHS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
5f 1aw6wTh*

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF JOHN ADAMS SMITH, late of the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee: In pursuance of an order made by the Surrogate of the County of Genesee, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JOHN ADAMS SMITH, late of the town of Batavia, in said county, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to SETH WAKEMAN, Administrator, at his office, in the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee, on or before the 10th day of April next.—Dated Sept. 25, 1862.
O21aw6mTh SETH WAKEMAN, Administrator.

HARDWARE.

METALS.—TIN AND TERNE PLATES, CHARCOAL and coke. Also, sheet-iron of all kinds, assorted numbers, for sale by
A. A. THOMSON & CO.,
No. 216 Water-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.: For regulating and grading One Hundred and Tenth-street, between Second and Sixth avenues. The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of One Hundred and Tenth-street, from Second to Sixth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to the Chairman or one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEILL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY, } Board of Assessors.
WM. A. DOOLEY,

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, March 6, 1863.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREET OPENINGS of the Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting on SATURDAY, March 14, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall, to take into consideration the extending of Franklin-street in a direct line from the southerly corner of Franklin and Baxter streets to a point on the westerly side of Mott-street, five feet northerly of house and lot number thirty-seven, thence in a direct line to the southerly corner of Doyer-street and Bowery, and to be in width fifty feet northerly therefrom.

MICHAEL C. GROSS,
PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee on Street Openings.
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
DAVID FITZGERALD,

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED! HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (75th edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female; latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Mailed free for $1, closely sealed.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copabia, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this original work, of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st.; S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; or consult the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Venerieus, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to DR. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

MAD. RESTELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, can be consulted, as usual, at No. 162 Chambers-st., or by letter, and medicine sent by mail. Her FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty. Price $1 a box. Sold at No. 162 Chambers-st., No. 127½ Liberty-st. and No. [illegible] Hudson-st., New-York. Can also be obtained at No. [illegible] Grand st., Williamsburgh, and No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or by mail.

N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame RESTELL'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., from whatever cause, without the use of medicine or instruments, can do so at one interview.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE OR INVIGORATING ELIXIR, and Dr. Powers' Radical Pills or Physical Regenerator. Young man! Are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease resulting from secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence and Radical Pills briefly cure the very worst cases, while innocent of anything deleterious, and are warranted a never-failing cure. Prepared and sold by Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st., New-York. Afflicted, try them! They will certainly cure. Send for circular; read it carefully, and then you will send for the remedies.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

"Dr. Hammond's Book is a reliable one."—[Prof. POTTER, Editor of the *American Med. and Surg. Journal.*

HAMMOND ON DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS.—NEW and RELIABLE TREATMENT.—By C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy and Surgery in the Syracuse Medical College, New-York, author of "Medical Information for the Million," &c. Price $1, mailed. To be had in this City, only, of the Publisher, E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., or the Author, No. 31 East 27th-st.

AN ACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES of a medical book for gratuitous circulation, by a sufferer, who has been effectually cured of nervous debility, loss of memory and dimness of sight, resulting from early errors, by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author and for the benefit of consumptives and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. He will, therefore, send free to any address, on receipt of two stamps, a copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

MAD. DESPARD'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can depend on with safety and certainty. Can be sent by mail to any part of the United States and Canadas. N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame DESPARD'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., without the use of medicine, can do so at one interview. Residence, No. 101 6th-av., opposite 8th-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, designed for purely legitimate purposes—to restore the menstrual fluid—and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office, No. 12 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially day and evening.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob Dr. HUNTER of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No 3 Division-st. Established in 1834.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

WOMAN'S INFALLIBLE PROTECTOR.—Expressly for mothers. None others need apply. It conduces to health, happiness and long life. Address for circular, H. B. M., Station D, New-York City.

R. SWEET'S REMEDY CURES DYSPEPSIA. For sale by all druggists. Depot No. 93 Grand-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION at the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Harpers' Building. All articles at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand.
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

PROPOSALS.

TO ARTISTS, ENGRAVERS AND OTHERS

Designs for National Currency Notes are hereby invited of the denominations of $5, $10, $20, $50, $100, $500 and $1,000, to be issued under the Act of Congress authorizing a National Currency, approved Feb. 25, 1863.

The designs must be National in their character; and none will be considered that have been used, in whole or in part, upon any currency, bond, certificate or other representative of value, and completed bills must all be of the uniform size of seven inches by three inches.

Designs must be for both the obverse and reverse of the note, and be susceptible of receiving upon their obverse the following legend: "National Currency, secured by the Bonds of the United States, deposited with the Treasurer of the United States," as well as the signatures of the Treasurer of the United States and the Register of the Treasury, together with the promise to pay of the association issuing the notes, signed by the President and Cashier thereof, and their place of redemption.

The reverse must be susceptible of receiving the following legend: "This note is receivable at par in all parts of the United States in payment of taxes, excises, and all other dues to the United States, except for duties on imports; and also for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations, within the United States, except interest on public debt."

And, also, to have suitable tablets for imprinting the following synopsis of sections 57 and 58 of the Act authorizing a National Currency, approved Feb. 25, 1863: "Every person making or engraving, or aiding to make or engrave, or passing or attempting to pass, any imitation or alteration of this note; and every person having in possession a plate or impression made in imitation of it, or any paper made in imitation of that on which the note is printed, is, by the Act of Congress, approved 25th February, 1863, guilty of felony, and subject to fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding fifteen years at hard labor, or both."

Designs will be received until the 28th day of March, 1863, and must in all cases be accompanied by models, or illustrative drawings, and the Department reserves the right to reject any or all that may be offered. For such designs or parts of designs as may be accepted, suitable compensation will be paid, not exceeding in the aggregate two hundred dollars for each note; and the accepted designs will then become the exclusive property of the United States. The designs not accepted will be returned to the parties submitting them.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing dies in accordance with the designs; stating the cost of the completed dies, and the date at which they can be furnished; the Secretary reserving the right to accept designs or parts of designs and causing them to be engraved by other parties than those submitting the designs if he deems it for the interest of the Government to do so. In all cases the dies, and all transfers, or copies thereof, to be the exclusive property of the United States.

In the selection of designs, special attention will be given to security against counterfeiting and against alterations, as well as to suitableness for use as currency.

Proposals and designs must be inclosed in sealed envelopes and directed to the Secretary of the Treasury, and plainly indorsed "Designs and Proposals for National Currency," and will be opened on the 28th day of March, 1863, at 12 o'clock M.
S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 7, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on TUESDAY, the 17th instant, for furnishing by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City,

Flannel Sack Coats, lined;
Flannel Sack Coats, unlined;
Bootees, sewed;
Bootees, pegged;
Boots, pegged;
Boots, sewed;
Forage Caps,
Stockings,
Blankets,
Uniform Hats, felt;
Bed-sacks,
Regimental Colors, Infantry,
Felling Axes,
Felling Axe-handles,
Spades,
Canteens,
Drums,
Drumheads, batter;
Drumheads, snare;
Fifes,

Samples of which may be seen at this office.

All articles will be subject to inspection by sworn Inspectors, appointed on the part of the United States.

Bidders will state what quantities they propose to furnish, and the shortest time in which they can make deliveries.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee for the faithful performance of a contract, should one be awarded to the party making the bid.

The United States reserves the right to reject any portion, or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the Government.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing 'Sack Coats,' 'Bootees,' 'Forage Caps,' 'Stockings,' &c.," as the case may be, and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS "VOLUNTEER SOLDIER FAMILY AID FUND BONDS, NUMBER FIVE."—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office, until Saturday, March 28, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of four hundred thousand dollars of the "Volunteer Soldier Family Aid Fund Bonds, Number Five," authorized by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor Feb. 28, 1863, and an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed March 6, 1863.

The said Bonds will bear interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1868.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, within five days after the opening of the bids, the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value thereof, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed, "Proposals for 'Volunteer Family Aid Fund Bonds, Number Five,'" and inclosed in a second envelope addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the Corporation require it.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 7, 1863.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, March 2, 1863.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.—THIS BUREAU is desirous of ascertaining whether rifled cannon can be made of wrought iron of sufficient and uniform endurance and economy to warrant their being preferred to guns of cast iron only, or of cast iron strengthened with wrought iron.

Proposals will therefore be received from any manufacturers of forged iron to furnish a finished gun, or a block of metal from which the same may be finished.

The said gun, when finished, to weigh about 10,000 pounds, to be made into a gun throwing a projectile of 100 pounds, as used in cast iron rifled cannon of like weight; to be fired 1,000 times with service charges of the same weight and kind of powder as used in the Parrott 100-pounder—viz.: 10 pounds of No. 7—without bursting, or wearing in such a manner as to cause apprehensions of bursting.

The quality of metal, price and other terms, are to be stated clearly in the proposal forwarded.

The Bureau reserves the right to itself of accepting or rejecting any of the proposals.

The time for receiving the proposals is limited to thirty days from date, and proposals will only be received from persons actually engaged in the fabrication of wrought iron.
JOHN A. DAHLGREN,
Chief of Bureau.

$100,000 WANTED.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, up to 10 o'clock A. M. of March 28, 1863, for any part of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of six per cent. Coupon Bonds of Cook County, Illinois, issued in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, and payable at the office of the Treasurer of said county, in the City of Chicago, in ten years from the first day of April, 1863; interest payable semi-annually.

At the time above mentioned (March 28, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.) the bids will be opened at the Supervisor's Room, in the Court-house, in Chicago.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved. Those making proposals will please state the size of the Bonds preferred by them.

The entire indebtedness of Cook County, exclusive of the above, is only Seventy-six Thousand Dollars, and a sinking fund provided for its extinction.

H. Z. CULVER,
PAUL CORNELL,
M. C. NILES,
AARON GIBBS,
Special Com. Cook County Board of Supervisors.
CHICAGO, March 6, 1863.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9, 1863.

VESSELS WANTED IMMEDIATELY TO carry COAL to the following points:
Tortugas,
Key West, Fla.,
Fort Monroe, Va.,
Alexandria, Va.,
Newbern, N. C.,
Port Royal, S. C. (Signed)
A. BOYD, Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE FIRM OF JOHN P. MOORE'S SONS was this day dissolved by mutual consent, WATSON A. BOWRON withdrawing from the business. The affairs of the late firm will be liquidated at No. 204 Broadway, eihther of the parties signing in liquidation.
(Signed,) HENRY T. MOORE.
(Signed,) WATSON A. BOWRON.
(Signed,) GEORGE G. MOORE.
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1863.

The business of the above firm will be continued by the remaining partners, under the same name and at the same place.
(Signed,) HENRY T. MOORE.
(Signed,) GEORGE G. MOORE.
NEW-YORK, March 12, 1863.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of COYKENDAL & THOMPSON is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by GEO. THOMPSON.

DENTISTRY

DRS. GRIFFIN, 258 GRAND-ST., N. Y. OPposite Lord & Taylor's, and 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25, on silver or rubber, $8; partial sets (gold) per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—Coupé rockaway, stylish and complete, in best of order; carry four persons inside; made in Wood Brothers' best style: will exchange for one or two platform spring one-horse carriages; one open, the other close; difference adjusted in cash. Address CARRIAGE, No. 8 Pine-st., room No. 29.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CANADA, GRACE, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 4.
AFRICA, MOODIE, leaves New-York, Weds'y, Mar. 11.
ARABIA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, March 18.
AUSTRALASIAN, COOK, leaves New-York, Wednesday, March 25.
EUROPA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 1.
ASIA, SHANNON, leaves New-York, Wednes'y, April 8.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage..........80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage..........65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
HIBERNIAN,
Capt. GRANGE, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland next
SATURDAY, March 14.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $81 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.
SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, March 21, at 3 P. M.,
The A No. 1 British steamship
MELITA,
Capt. GEORGE CORBETT,
Carrying the United States Mail,
Will sail as above,
From Pier No. 14, foot of Cedar-st., North River.
Price of passage (in current funds)..........$60
For freight or passage apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
No. 26 Broadway, or at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

N. B.—The British steamship SHELDRAKE will follow the MELITA, and sail on or about the 4th of April. Experienced Surgeons attached to these steamers.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

STEAMSHIPS TO SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON OVER NICARAGUA TRANSIT.
The steamship
AMERICA or ILLINOIS
will leave for Greytown, to connect with steamship
MOSES TAYLOR,
at noon, on SATURDAY, March 14, 1863.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch the next vessel of their monthly freight line, to San Juan del Norte, on or about the 25th inst. The fine British schooner,
M. S. K. THORNE,
will take in cargo at Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.
For freight apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway, to JOHN E. BODY.

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL

FOR
BEAUFORT, N. C., AND PORT ROYAL, S. C.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY'S NEW STEAMSHIP
FAH-KEE.
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on SATURDAY, March 14, at 3 P. M., for Beaufort and Port Royal.
For freight or passage apply at any of the Company's offices, or at our principal office, No. 59 Broadway.
ADAMS' EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 59 Broadway.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR). The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday..........M'ch 14
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday..........M'ch 21
EDINBURGH..........Saturday..........M'ch 28
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.
First Cabin..........$80 Steerage..........$32 50
First cabin to London.....85 Steerage to London.....35 50
First cabin to Paris.....95 Steerage to Paris.....40 50
First cabin to Hamburg.....90 Steerage to Hamburg.....37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40. From Queenstown, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—STEAMSHIP "KEDAR," E. M. HOCKLEY, Commander. This new and powerful steamer will sail from the British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on FRIDAY, the 13th inst. Passage money for first-class passengers only, for whom there are excellent accommodations, $80, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency, including provisions, but without wines or liquors, which can be obtained on board. Freight taken at reasonable rates. Apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship BRITISH QUEEN, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, March 2: SATURDAY, March 28.
Passage money to Nassau..........$45
Passage money to Havana..........50
Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—FURNISHed by H. H. RICE, United States District-Attorney's Office, No. 41 Chambers-st., Room No. 23, second story.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R.

FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.
Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.
For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th st. station. Returning, leave Albany at 10:30 A. M.
For all local trains, see time-table.
JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passenger Depot at James-slip and foot 34th-st., E. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing FRIDAY, Oct. 21, 1862. Leave New-York at 9 A. M., for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.
At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Syosset.
At 5 P. M., for Hempstead.
At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Islip.
On Sunday, a train leaves Hunter's Point (34th-st. Ferry) at 9 A. M., for Yaphank and intermediate stations, at excursion rates. Returning, leaves Yaphank at 3:36 P. M.
On Friday and Saturday nights, the 4 P. M. Islip train will run through to Greenport, returning Saturday and Monday mornings, at 4:15 A. M., arriving in New-York at 9:52 A. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS from foot of Chambers-st.:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
9 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
12:15 P. M.—Accommodation, daily, for Port Jervis.
3:30 P. M.—Way, for Middletown, Newburgh, and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. Train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
6 P. M.—Emigrant.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M., (Sundays included.)
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10:57 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILRoad.—On and after Monday, Feb. 2, the staunch steamer J. D. BEERS will leave New-York, foot of Murray-st., at 6 A. M., for Long Branch, Manchester and Atsion, there connecting with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, to Camden and other points on that road; at 4 P. M., for Long Branch, Red Bank, Manchester and intermediate stations.

NORTHERN R. R. OF N. JERSEY.—TRAINS leave Jersey City for Piermont and Monsey at 9:15 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.; for Piermont, 12:15 and 6:05 P. M.; on Mondays, 4:45 A. M.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north from New-Haven at 11 o'clock P. M., or remain on board over night without charge.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A PARTNER WANTED IN THE RETAIL COAL BUSINESS.—One of respectability and standing, controlling a first-class trade in this City of not less than 5,000 tons, may hear of an opening in a house of more than ten years' standing, and will sell more than double that amount, by addressing W. S., Box No. 821 Post-office.

LUMBER-YARD FOR SALE.—THE STOCK fixtures, good-will and real estate of a well-established lumber-yard, doing a good business, for sale on easy terms; or, the yard would be leased, if preferred; a rare chance for any one desirous of engaging in a paying business. Apply personally or by letter, to the subscriber, on the premises, foot of 130th-st. and North River, Manhattanville, N. Y.
W. DUNNING.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 1 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES,
Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Dealers,
No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Doors open at 7½; begins at 8 o'clock.
THIS (Thursday) EVENING,
TWO GREAT PIECES.
Third night of the beautiful Drama, in two acts, with new scenery, dresses, original music and a perfect cast,
ERNESTINE.
Frederick..........Mr. Lester Wallack
Viscount Champeville..(Uncle Frederick)..Mr. J. Gilbert
Charles D'Auxremont..........Mr. Reynolds
Francois..........Mr. Pope
Antoine..........Mr. Turner
Ernestine..........Mrs. Hoey
Marie Perrott..(Foster-sister to Juliet)..Miss Mary Gannon
Juliette..........(Ward to Champeville)....Miss Henriques
Agatha..........Mrs. John Sefton
To conclude with the elegant two act Comedy, the
LITTLE TREASURE,
With the accompanying admirable distribution:
Capt. Walter Maidenblush..........Mr. Lester Wallack
Sir Charles Howard..........Mr. Charles Fisher
Hon. Leicester Fluttermon..........Mr. Norton
Mr. Allenbourne..........Mr. Parkes
Gertrude..........Miss Mary Gannon
Lady Florence..........Miss Fanny Morant
Mrs. Meddleton..........Mrs. Vernon
FRIDAY (never acted here), the popular comedy of
SPRING AND AUTUMN,
And the favorite piece,
SKETCHES IN INDIA.
For the BENEFIT OF MR. AND MRS. JOHN SEFTON.
SATURDAY, will be repeated, for the third time, the
FINE OLD ENGLISH GENTLEMAN
AND
AMERICANS IN PARIS.
MONDAY, March 16, the fine old comedy of
THE POOR GENTLEMAN
will be acted for the first time this season,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF MR. GEO. HOLLAND.

WINTER GARDEN.

Opens at 7½. Begins at 8 o'clock. Over at 10½.
Last night but five of the highly successful engagement of the distinguished artiste,
MISS MARY PROVOST,
supported by the favorite young actor,
MR. L. P. BARRETT,
and the entire excellent company of this Theatre.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 12,
J. Sheridan Knowles' play, produced in four acts for the third time, received with the utmost demonstrations of applause by highly intellectual and fashionable audiences,
LOVE;
OR,
THE COUNTESS AND THE SERF.
COUNTESS (one of her greatest impersonations)
MISS MARY PROVOST
Huon (the serf)..........Mr. L. P. Barrett
Sir Rupert..........Mr. A. H. Davenport
Catherine..........Miss A. Clifton
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
the original and highly successful drama, in three acts, first time at this theatre,
PLOT AND PASSION.
MARIE DE FONTANGES.....MISS MARY PROVOST

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 13.
FOURTH NIGHT OF THE SEASON.
When will be presented, for the first time by this company, Verdi's most popular opera,
LA TRAVIATA,
With the following unequaled cast:
Violetta..........MLLE. ORTOLANI BRIGNOLI
Alfredo..........SIGNOR MAZZOLENI
Germont..........SIGNOR BELLINI
Baron Douphol..........SIGNOR COLETTI
Flora..Mme. Ficher | Doctor..Sig. Muller | Gaston..Sig. Rubio
Conductor..........SIGNOR J. NUNO
The box office will open for the sale of secured seats and tickets THIS MORNING, at 8 o'clock, at the Academy of Music, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.
SEATS SECURED FOR ANY EVENING IN ADVANCE.
ON SATURDAY NEXT, March 14, at 1,
SECOND GRAND GALA MATINEE.
ERNANI,
WITH ITS UNPRECEDENTED CAST.
Admission to all parts of the house, $1. No reservation of seats.
THURSDAY, March 19—Grand Performance in Brooklyn.

WALLACK'S.

FRIDAY, March 13,
(Never acted here,)
SPRING AND AUTUMN
AND
SKETCHES OF INDIA.
BENEFIT NIGHT OF MR. AND MRS. JOHN SEFTON.
Box book open from 8 to 4 o'clock.

WALLACK'S.

BENEFIT NIGHT OF MR. GEORGE HOLLAND,
MONDAY, March 16,
First time this season, the fine old Comedy,
THE POOR GENTLEMAN.
BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

FOUR GRAND PANORAMAS ON THE same night at Banvard's Hall of Art, No. 652 Broadway—THE OHIO, THE MISSISSIPPI, THE WAR, and THE MISSOURI. Only 25 cents; children, 15 cents. EVERY EVENING, at 7¾. On WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2 o'clock.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED FURNITURE—ALL STYLES and prices. Also, chamber suites in walnut and chestnut, the best assortment in the City, wholesale and retail, at No. 277 Canal-st. WARREN WARD.

SHOW CASES.—HOFFMAN & FERSH, MANUfacturers, 132 Chatham-st. All kinds of show cases on hand, or made to order. Old show cases exchanged.

SHOW CASE.—A MIDDLE COUNTER SHOW case, 8 by 4 feet, 19 inches in the clear, plate glass, &c., for sale cheap at No. 15 Platt-st.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BOOKS, PAMPHlets and Libraries bought for cash at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

TO ALL WHO HAVE FRIENDS IN THE ARMY.—Soldiers' Aid Societies, clergymen, editors, and others, are respectfully requested to aid in disseminating the following notice, which is of interest to all who have friends in the army:

DIRECTORY OF THE HOSPITALS.

The Sanitary Commission have made arrangements for supplying information gratuitously with regard to patients in the United States General Hospitals at the following points: (Others will be added.)

Eastern Department.—For information, address "Office Sanitary Commission, Washington, D. C."
Washington,
Georgetown,
Alexandria,
Frederick City,
Point Lookout,
Annapolis,
Baltimore.

Western Department.—For information, address "Office Sanitary Commission, Louisville, Ky."
Cincinnati,
New-Albany,
Louisville,
Covington,
Lexington,
Danville,
Perryville,
Bowling Green,
Gallatin,
Nashville.

Information will, under ordinary circumstances, be given to any one applying for it, in answer to any or all of the following inquiries. If the application is by letter, the answer will be sent by return mail; if in person, it will be answered at once:

1. Is ——— [giving his name and regiment] at present in the hospitals of ———?
2. If so, what is his proper address?
3. What is the name of the Surgeon or Chaplain of the hospital?
4. If not in hospital at present, has he recently been in hospital?
5. If so, did he die in hospital, and at what date?
6. If recently discharged from hospital, was he discharged from service?
7. If not, what were his orders on leaving?

More specific information as to the condition of any patient in the District of Columbia hospitals will be furnished within twenty-four hours after a request to do so is received at the Washington office.

The office of the Directory will be open daily, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M., and, in urgent cases, applicants ringing the door-bell will be received at any hour of the night.

Much inconvenience in conducting the business of the Directory having arisen where visitors have been given direct access to the record books themselves, this practice will hereafter be discontinued; nor can lists of wounded in hospitals by States, counties, regiments or otherwise, be hereafter furnished from these records.

The Sanitary Commission, under special authority from the President of the United States, maintains an extensive system of agencies for securing the safe conveyance to and distribution of goods put in its charge for the sick and wounded at points where they are most wanted. It operates with equal care and generosity at all points—at New-Orleans and at Washington, before Vicksburgh and at Nashville—its distributions being governed by a comparison of the wants of the patients in all cases. To ascertain the relative character of these wants in a trustworthy manner, and to secure an equitable distribution and honest use of the goods distributed, besides the unpaid services of the members of the Commission, twenty physicians of high professional and moral character, and more than fifty lay agents are employed, under pecuniary securities for responsible and efficient service. The cost of these arrangements have thus far been about 3 per centum of the value of the goods distributed. The Commission has not been able to obtain authentic evidence of losses, miscarriage, or misappropriations, to the value of one dollar in ten thousand, of goods which have been once received at its shipping depots. The following are the names of these depots, to which auxiliary Societies, and all disposed to aid the sick and wounded, without reference to States or localities, but simply to their relative necessity for assistance, are invited to send their offerings:

Sanitary Commission, Branch Supply Office, No. 22 Summer-street, Boston, Massachusetts.
Sanitary Commission, Branch Supply Office, No. 10 Third-avenue, New-York.
Sanitary Commission, Branch Supply Office, No. 27 South Sixth-street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
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CENTRAL OFFICE OF SANITARY COMMISSION, No. 224 F st., WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 7, 1863.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY.
THURSDAY, March 12,
FRIDAY, March 13,
SATURDAY, March 14,
POSITIVELY LAST THREE NIGHTS OF
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS,
The celebrated American Prima Donna,
And the distinguished Artist,
MR. PETER RICHINGS,
In Balfe's great operatic spectacle of
SATANELLA;
OR, THE POWER OF LOVE,
placed upon the stage with every attention to
PERFECT ACTING,
SPLENDID SCENERY,
GRAND BALLET,
DELIGHTFUL MUSIC,
SUPERB MECHANICAL EFFECTS, &c.,
Each department having the advantage of
FIRST-CLASS ARTISTS,
Insuring to all lovers of Dramatic Art
AN ENTERTAINMENT UNSURPASSED.
Monday, March 16, will be produced, (for the first time this season,)
The Grand Operatic Spectacular Drama of the
ENCHANTRESS,
with Miss
CAROLINE RICHINGS
in her celebrated character of
STELLA, THE ENCHANTRESS,
supported by the distinguished artist,
MR. PETER RICHINGS,
And an excellent cast.
THE GRAND BALLET,
Embracing the names of the acknowledged Queen of the Dance,
MLLE. ANNETTA GALETTI,
Mme. MARZETTI, Mlle. KATRINE, Signor RONZANI,
And a full Corps,
While every effort will be made to make the
MISE EN SCENE
Excel its former grandeur and beauty.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.

Doors open at 7; begin at 7¾ o'clock.
MRS. JOHN WOOD,
QUEEN OF COMEDY AND SONG,
whose splendid performances have attracted
BRILLIANT AND CROWDED AUDIENCES
nightly, for the past nine weeks.
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
ELEGANT DRESSES.
"HOW ARE YOU GREENBACKS?"
has become the popular song and is nightly encored.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 12.
FAIR ONE WITH GOLDEN LOCKS,
QUEEN LUCIDORA
PAGE PITCHIN } ....MRS. JOHN WOOD.
ORIGINAL JACOBS
MR. WALCOT, Sen.
THE ARAB GIANT, THE ARAB GIANT.
UNEQUALED CAST OF CHARACTERS.
To commence with the petite comedy of
ROUGH DIAMOND.
FRIDAY EVENING—Farewell benefit of
MRS. JOHN WOOD.
MONDAY EVENING, March 16,
MISS LAURA KEENE
Will commence
HER FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
In this Theatre,
SUPPORTED BY HER GREAT DOUBLE COMPANY.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
SATURDAY EVENING, March 14,
ARTICLE 213—OU LE MARI DOIT PROTECTER SA FEMME.
RISETTE LA MILLIONAIRE.
LES FUREUR DE L'AMOUR.
Doors open at 7½. Curtain raised at 8 o'clock.
Carriages can be ordered for 10½ o'clock.
Office for subscriptions and reserved seats.
H. DARDONVILLE, No. 623 Broadway.
NEXT MATINEE FRANCAISE, SATURDAY, March 21.

VICTORIA.

PEACE, STRUGGLE AND TRIUMPH,
A new Symphonic for great orchestra, by
ROBERT GOLDBECK,
Will be produced at
IRVING HALL, SATURDAY EVENING, March 21.
THE NEW-YORK GERMAN LIEDERKRANZ,
Messrs. MILLS, MASON and THOMAS,
And a Grand Orchestra of sixty performers of the Philharmonic Society will assist.

LECTURES.

WENDELL PHILLIPS IN BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
ORATION BY
WENDELL PHILLIPS.
Subject:
TOUSSAINT L'OUVERTURE.
At the
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY EVENING, March 12,
At 8 o'clock.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents each.
For sale at W. H. Babcock's, No. 246 Fulton-st.; W. W. Rose's, No. 142 Atlantic-st.; W. W. Swayne's, No. 210 Fulton-st., and at the rooms of the Association, No. 184 Washington-st., Brooklyn.
RESERVED SEATS, 50 CENTS EACH.
For sale at W. H. Babcock's, No. 246 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, and at Hosford & Ketcham's, No. 59 William-st., New-York.

POPULAR SCIENTIFIC LECTURES

AT CLINTON HALL.
THE BRILLIANT OXYGEN NIGHT.
SPLENDID COMBUSTIONS AND ILLUMINATIONS.
Rev. Mr. RICHARDS' Fourth Lecture on *The Atmosphere*,
THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets for the remaining Three Lectures to be had at the usual places. Admitting one, $1; admitting two, $1 50; evening tickets 50 cents.
The expense and magnificence of the succeeding two lectures warrant the Mercantile Library Association to state that after the fourth lecture no deduction will be made from the usual evening admission. Fifty cents for each person.

A COURSE OF POPULAR LECTURES will be delivered in the Reformed Dutch Church, corner Bleecker and West 10th sts. The third lecture will be delivered by Rev. J. C. FLETCHER, on *Brazil and the Amazon*, THURSDAY EVENING, March 12. Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture at 8. Admission 25 cents. Tickets at the door.

MRS. HULDAH ALLEN, M. D., WILL lecture to ladies in the basement of Dr. Chapin's Church, No. 548 Broadway, at 3 o'clock, to-day. Subject—*Effects of Salt, Coffee, Alcoholic Liquors, &c.* Admission 20 cents.

INSTRUCTION.

CHESTER INSTITUTE,

ARMONK, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.,
Rev. I. D. VERMILYE, A. M., Rector.
A French and English school for young ladies. Number limited to 25.
The twenty-fifth term will commence April 15. For circulars, address the rector by mail.

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PRIVATE CLASSES FOR BOYS.
AMHERST, MASS.
Established 1846. Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness. H. C. NASH, A. M., Principal.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK-ON-THE-HUDSON, N. Y.—This Seminary has a most delightful and healthy situation on the west bank of the Hudson, two hours' distance, by Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, from the City, and embraces in its course of study the highest English branches, Latin, French, (by best native teachers,) German, music, painting and drawing. It has also a thorough system of physical culture. For particulars address
L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

FREE CLASS IN PHONOGRAPHY.—MR. ANDREW J. GRAHAM, author of "The Hand-Book of Phonography," having volunteered to give instruction at the Cooper Union in this valuable art, the Trustees give notice that a class will be formed on MONDAY EVENING, 16th inst., at 7½ P. M., in the Mathematical Lecture-room, on the 4th floor, which all persons desirous of acquiring the art are invited to join. The doors will be closed at 7½ precisely. By order of the Trustees.
ABRAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, STAMFORD, CONN.—The Spring Term opens April 1, and continues thirteen weeks. The Circular of the school contains full particulars in regard to terms, advantages, course of study, etc., and may be had by application to the Principal, or to Dr. Weisse, (a Professor in the school,) No. 30 West 16th-st.
REFERENCE.—Rev. Robert R. Booth, Mercer-st. Church.

FORT EDWARD INSTITUTE—SPRING Term, March 26. Brick buildings; best sustained boarding Seminary in the State; $40 for fourteen weeks' board, fuel, washing and common English. Special terms to ladies. Superior advantages in languages, sciences and music. A first-class Commercial College, with bank, model store, and all the approved apparatus. Address Rev. JOSEPH E. KING, Fort Edward, N. Y.

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., commences its forty-fourth semi-annual session April 2. It adds to its well known literary advantages rare facilities for appropriate gymnastic culture. For Circulars address
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THE FRENCH KINDERGARTEN—A SURE and pleasant way for children to acquire the use of the French language, through the medium of which all the instruction is given. Situation central and healthy. Also, French lectures and reading, for adults, every week, by Prof. C. MIEL. Apply at No. 1 West 26th-st.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M., PRINCIPAL OF Hudson River Institute at Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y., offers board and tuition for 14 weeks for $47. Term opens April 17, (both sexes;) 14 teachers; 60 Cadets in Military Department; superior Commercial College. Write for the new catalogue.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The Fiftieth Semi-annual Session will commence Nov. 1. For circulars address the Principal.
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TEACHERS.

A GERMAN LADY WHO HAS BEEN EDucated in France and has lived as governess in England for many years, wishes to find a situation in a gentleman's family to go to the country during the Summer; she speaks the three languages fluently; teaches the English branches and the piano and drawing to beginners; the best references will be given from Paris, England and from this country. Direct, by letter, F. M., care of Mrs. Kennedy, No. 64 West 23d-st.

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A LADY OF EXPERIENCE AS TEACHER of piano and singing, a pupil of Bassini's, speaking French and German, desires a situation in a family where tuition would be received in payment for board; references exchanged. Address A. Z., Jersey City.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1863.
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
LITTLE MINNIE WARREN,
THE EMPRESS OF BEAUTY,
the smallest, most beautiful and fascinating specimen of petite humanity,
SOON TO LEAVE.
SOON TO LEAVE.
SOON TO LEAVE.
She will be on exhibition at all hours, every day and evening, FOR ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE, in company with
COMMODORE NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT,
COMMODORE NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT,
the two together making by far
THE SMALLEST PAIR OF HUMAN BEINGS
ever seen on the face of the globe—smaller, even, than
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE.
GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE.
Also to be seen,
THE GREAT LIVING HIPPOPOTAMUS,
or River Horse, from the River Nile, in Egypt.
Also,
MASTER ROBERT HENRY HENDERSHOOT,
the little
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
HERO DRUMMER BOY,
the first to cross the Rappahannock at Fredericksburgh.
THREE BEAUTIFUL ANGEL FISH,
with large Speckled Brook Trout, and other living Fish, swimming in the
CRYSTAL PONDS OF OCEAN AND RIVER WATER
in the Grand Aquarium. Also,
THE LEARNED MUSICAL SEAL, NED!
which plays tunes upon a musical instrument! THE GREAT ROARING BLACK SEA LION; WHAT IS IT? ALBINO FAMILY; BEAR SAMSON; MONSTER SNAKES; HAPPY FAMILY; WAX FIGURES, &c.
In the Lecture Room, every Afternoon and Evening at 3 and 7½ o'clock, those wonders of the world, the
MALE AND FEMALE ARAB GYMNASTS.
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JUGGLERS, ACROBATS AND CONTORTIONISTS.
They will perform the most SURPRISING AND ASTOUNDING FEATS OF STRENGTH AND AGILITY.
After which, the ELEGANT COMEDY of
TIME TRIES ALL,
in which the entire company appear.
Mr. HARRISON, COMIC IMPROMPTU SINGER,
appears at each performance in his inimitable songs.
Admission 25 cents; children under ten, 15 cents.
ON SATURDAY NEXT
There will be
THREE GRAND PERFORMANCES,
The first commencing at 1 o'clock.

FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.

Season Tickets for a Gentleman and Two Ladies	$10 00
Single Tickets for a Gentleman	5 00
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Apply at the Principal Office, No. 474 Broadway, and at the Pond, 58th-st. and 5th-av.

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A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 204 Fifth-avenue, New-York;
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Open for the reception of pupils, who can commence at any time.

J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY—No. 292 4th-av., near 23d st. Classes for ladies, misses and masters at 4 o'clock, for gentlemen at 8 o'clock. Private lessons given at all times when disengaged, and classes formed morning, afternoon or evening, to suit patrons.

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FIRST-CLASS PIANO-FORTES.
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.—427.

In withdrawing from the late partnership of Lighte & Bradburys, and by the purchase of the interest of one of the former partners, the subscriber has been enabled to secure a
SPLENDID STOCK
of elegant piano-fortes, of the most thorough workmanship, beautiful tone, elastic touch, and perfect finish in all respects. These instruments he is now enabled to offer to cash customers at a trifling advance upon old rates, notwithstanding every kind of piano-forte material has advance from 20 to 60 per cent. The profession and the public are invited to examine. Every instrument FULLY WARRANTED.
WM. B. BRADBURY,
No 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
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STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., N. Y., have been awarded a first-prize medal at the Great International Exhibition, London, "for powerful, clear brilliant and sympathetic tone, with excellent workmanship, as shown in grand and square pianos."
There were 269 pianos from all parts of the world entered for competion; and the special correspondent of the New-York *Times* says:
"Messrs. Steinway's indorsement by the Jurors is emphatic, and stronger and more to the point than that of any European maker."

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OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 99 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, New-York. These pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano. These instruments will be sold at prices to suit the times.

PIANOS.—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF Pianos, at the new warerooms of HAINES BROS., No. 758 Broadway, just below Stewart's new store. These instruments embrace all the late improvements, overstrung bass, full iron frame, all made of the very best seasoned materials, and are now acknowledged to be equal to any made for depth and purity of tone, and are fully warranted for five years.
N. B.—First-class pianos to rent, and rent allowed if purchased within one year.
HAINES BROS., No. 758 Broadway, New-York.

MASON AND HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, HARMONIUMS AND MELODEONS.—Price $60 to $500 each. Written testimony from the most eminent organists and musicians of New-York City and elsewhere, that these are the best instruments of their class in the world, may be seen at the New-York Warerooms, Nos. 5 and 7 Mercer-st., New-York.
MASON BROTHERS.

MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—The largest, cheapest and best assortment in the Union: also a complete assortment of band, organ and Church books, and books of instruction for all instruments. Country and City orders promptly filled at MILLET'S Music Store, No. 395 Broadway, and No. 135 49th-st.

AN ELEGANT 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE FOR SALE.—All modern improvements; over-strung bass, iron frame, fully guaranteed; made to order. Cost $650, will be sold for $275. Also, parlor and chamber suites at sacrifice. Inquire at No. 48 West 16th-st., near 6th-av.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—SUPERIOR upright boudoir and square pianos, new and second-hand, 25 per cent. cheaper than any other house, for sale by T. H. CHAMBERS, Bible House, 8th-st., cor. 4th-av.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S UNEQUALED Piano-fortes, for sale at the Agency, No. 726 Broadway. A new supply just received—6⅔, 7 and 7⅓ octave.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

TO FAMILIES AND GROCERS.
THE BEST SOAP IN USE.
E. MORGAN'S SONS'
PEARL
MOTTLED SOAP.

This Soap is, without doubt, the best and cheapest in use. It is manufactured from the best materials; and being entirely free from any of those injurious substances so often found in soap, we do not hesitate to pronounce it unequaled for washing flannels and fine goods, or for family use of any kind. We have several other qualities of soaps which give the most unqualified satisfaction wherever used. Our house has been established upward of fifty years, and has a wide reputation for manufacturing only from the best materials.

GIVE THE PEARL MOTTLED SOAP A TRIAL.
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No. 211 Washington-st., and No. 440 West-st.

TO GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, BAKERS, TEA AND COFFEE DEALERS AND OTHERS.
TIME, TROUBLE AND MONEY SAVED,
By using the
PATENT MACHINE-MADE PAPER BAGS,
Which entirely supersede the home-made article.
A large supply of the various sizes on hand; also, a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF PAPER.
L. T. VALENTINE & CO., Sole Agents.
Commission Paper Warehouse, No. 45 Beekman-st., N. Y.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City, where the cheapest marble mantels, &c., can be bought, is at A. KLABER'S marble yard, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Two Hundred of Gen. Sullivan's Command and Two Pieces of Artillery Captured by the Rebels.

Rumors of an Attack Upon Port Hudson.

Military Changes by the Rebels.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, March 11.

A special to the *Commercial* from Jackson, Tenn., says 200 men and two pieces of artillery of Gen. SULLIVAN'S division, have been surrounded by rebel cavalry and captured.

A dispatch from Memphis says that city is full of rumors of an engagement at Port Hudson.

Gen. PEMBERTON has been removed from the Department of the Mississippi. Gen. BRAGG is his successor, and has already assumed command. LONGSTREET commands BRAGG'S old division in Middle Tennessee. PRICE has returned from Richmond, invested with all the power he asked for, and will go to Missouri. HOLMES is to be removed, and HINDMAN sent east of the Mississippi. KIRBY SMITH goes to Arkansas.

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURGH.

The Canal—The High Water—The Mud—No Prospect of a Movement unless Forced by the Floods—The Loss of the Indianola—Rebel Rams in Sight—Anticipations of an Attack on Our Fleet—The Quaker Gunboat.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE MISSISSIPPI,
OFF VICKSBURGH, Friday, Feb. 27, 1863.

So much has been said about the famous Vicksburgh Canal, and so much has been expected of it, that almost the first thing that one newly arrived at this place asks is, "Where is the Canal?" "Have any boats passed through it yet?" "When will it be finished?" &c.

Every one experiences a feeling of disappointment at first view of it, but if like Niagara, it seems at first glance to have been overrated, I cannot say that the disappointment passes away, or that the object gains importance by many contemplations. The feeling of disappointment that every one feels on first viewing the much-talked of canal, is only confirmed and heightened by a second and a third survey.

When I left it in July last, it was only a muddy little ditch, through which no water ran, and through which not even a skiff had ever passed; and though the water is high and is willing to run in almost any place, the canal is not much more now than it was then. Considering that the digging of this canal has been almost the only occupation of the army since it came down here, a great deal of labor must have been expended upon it, but the result of all the labor certainly does not make a very imposing effect. Even if the water should not rise so as to oblige the suspension of all work upon it, it will take weeks or even a month before it will be completed. If, however, it is completed according to the present plan, there is little doubt but that it will prove a success in so far that it will allow the passage of steamers during the present high water, but not if the river should fall. As for diverting the course of the whole river from Vicksburgh, the idea is a fallacy.

The river has now risen until it has overflowed its banks. All that portion of the bank between the levee and the river is under water, and the levee is all that restrains it from overflowing the camps, all of them being situated on ground that is seven or eight feet lower than the present level of the water in the river.

A fleet of about sixty transport steamers is now lying just above the entrance to the canal, and on these are kept all the commissary, ordnance, and other army stores. Gen. GRANT has his headquarters on board the steamer *Magnolia*. The Quartermasters, Provost-Marshal, etc., all have their offices on different steamers. There is nothing on the land but the soldiers and their tents, and should the water continue to rise for a week, even they will be obliged to take to the boats or become amphibious. The narrow strip of land outside of the levee, and on which everything from the steamers is obliged to be landed for the supply of the army, is one vast quagmire, through which it is impossible for mules to haul even the empty wagons. Hay, oats, flour, ammunition, has to be carried on the backs of mules, and long lines of them may be seen continually wallowing through the mud on their way from the boats to the camps.

There is no symptom of any plan of attack upon Vicksburgh. Everything is deferred till the completion of the canal, when the plan of attack will probably develop itself by the running of transports through it so as to be beyond the range of the enemy's batteries on the hills opposite, the reëmbarkation of the troops, and the landing the whole army somewhere below Vicksburgh, on the Mississippi side of the river.

The loss of our iron-clad *Indianola*, (which now seems to be admitted by all,) in connection with the capture by the rebels of the *Queen of the West*, has materially changed our prospects on the river below this point. Day before yesterday, the *Queen of the West*, now flying a rebel flag, was in sight lying off Warrenton, seven miles below Vicksburgh; and yesterday was reported to have come up to the landing at Vicksburgh. For three nights past our fleet of transports have anticipated a raid of the rebel rams, and have been in a state of readiness to scatter like a flock of sheep at the first warning of their approach.

The loss of the *Indianola*, of which you will probably hear confirmation, through rebel sources, before this reaches you, was reported here as follows: A man came to Gen. GRANT'S headquarters, night before last, who said that he was on board the *Indianola* at the time of the attack, and reported the particulars as follows.

The little steamboat *Era*, with the escaped crew of the *Queen of the West* on board, was making her way back to our army at Vicksburgh, pursued by the rebel rams *W. H. Webb* and *Grand Duke*, when the *Indianola* hove in sight, on her way down the river. As soon as they caught sight of her the rebel rams gave up the pursuit, and returned up Red River again. In the meantime the enemy had repaired the *Queen of the West*, and the three sallied out of Red River, with the intention of attacking the *Indianola*. They met her somewhere above the mouth of Red River, and all three attacked her at once. The *Queen of the West* ran into her, and so damaged her that she began to leak badly, and she was soon discovered to be sinking.

The *Indianola* then surrendered, and two of the enemy's boats came up, one on each side, to endeavor to save her. Their efforts were, however, found to be of no avail, and the *Indianola* went down. The man who tells the story says, that in the confusion attendant upon the sinking, he jumped out of one of the ports and swam ashore, after which he made his way up the Louisiana shore to the army. In addition to this no news has been heard from the *Indianola* since that brought by the transport *Era*. Capt. BROWNE (in command of the *Indianola*) was ordered to return to this place after a cruise of four or five days, unless he should be attacked by a superior force, and thereby obliged to attempt running past the batteries at Port Hudson to escape down the river.

A huge "sell" was perpetrated on the rebels in Vicksburgh two nights ago. An old coal-barge, fitted up with a bogus paddle-box, two huge quaker guns in a quaking sham turret, and a pair of rust-eaten smoke-stacks from some condemned transport—the whole affair painted piratically black, was set afloat from the fleet about midnight of Tuesday last. The night was dark, and it was feared that the enemy would save their powder by not discovering it. It had scarcely drifted around the point in range of the batteries, before the "boom" of a huge gun showed the watchfulness of the enemy. Presently another and another, battery after battery, opened upon it, until the long range of hills belched fire like a volcano, and through the humid atmosphere the bellowing of the artillery sounded like continuous thunder. It was "great cry and little wool," however, the innocent Quaker gunboat drifted safely through, and skiffs were sent out by our troops from below the point, and the craft was towed to shore, where it now lies, without the mark of a single shot in its formidable looking bulk. W. L. F.

THE HEALTH OF THE ARMY.

Important Report of Surgeon Woodward to Surgeon-General Hammond.

Previous to the adjournment of Congress, Surgeon-Gen. HAMMOND transmitted to that body the following elaborate and highly interesting document relating to the health and mortality of the Union army. The report is the production of Dr. J. J. WOODWARD, one of the most eminent surgeons in the service:

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 25, 1863.

Brig.-Gen. W. A. Hammond, Surgeon-General United States Army:

GENERAL: In reply to your communication of yesterday, I have the honor to inform you that the work of preparing the *Medical History of the Rebellion* is steadily progressing.

Beside the statistical reports, descriptions and plans of the General Hospitals of the country, with a large number of reports and memoirs on various subjects connected with the medical history of the several armies, have been collected, and are being digested.

I herewith transmit the statistical summary of the diseases and deaths (not including the killed in battle) of the armies of the United States for the fiscal year terminating June 30, 1862. The Medical History from the outbreak of the rebellion to the same date, will, it is believed, be completed in time to lay before Congress at the opening of its next session. The figures which I now present are far from representing completely the whole number of cases of disease, and all the deaths occurring during the year; the incompleteness arising partly from the fact that the regimental Surgeons were at first very negligent about making the reports required by regulations. Other elements of incompleteness, however, must exist in the case of every great army in time of war, especially during active campaigns covering great regions of country. So notably has this been the case heretofore, that no great army actively engaged in hostile operations has ever furnished statistical tables of even approximate accuracy.

The best and most complete tables of this sort ever published were probably those of the British army during the Crimean war. Yet, although the well-disciplined and organized body of regular troops sent to the Crimea was very small, compared with the vast forces which have been put into the field during the present struggle; and although its operations were not characterized by the frequent and rapid movements which have been necessitated by the great extent of the regions over which our own operations have extended, there will be found deficiencies even in these reports. The reports of the French army engaged in the same war are still more incomplete.

In our own country, during the Mexican war, the reports received at the Surgeon-General's office were so incomplete, and contained such numerous sources of error, that the attempt to compile the usual statistical reports of disease from the records of the Bureau was reluctantly abandoned.

The difficulties which interfere with the collection of medical statistics from armies actually engaged in warfare, and especially under circumstances such as those in which our armies are at present involved, can readily be appreciated.

Aside from the fact that many of the Surgeons first appointed were some time in mastering the details of their official duties, and frequently did not begin to keep the records and make the reports required by regulation until they had been some little time in service, many deficiencies have arisen from the capture of reports by the enemy, from the want of a due supply of books, blanks, and often even of paper, in the case of regiments making rapid movements with little transportation, and very frequently, especially after battles, and in the case of great General Hospitals suddenly established, from the surgical force being so small in proportion to the gigantic tasks imposed upon it, that the time of medical officers was too fully occupied by the practical task of providing for the more necessary wants of the sick and wounded to allow them to keep the records needed to serve as a basis for the required reports.

Notwithstanding the deficiencies arising in this manner, it is believed that so far as they go the statistics compiled amidst so many difficulties, have very great value, and that the deductions drawn from the numerous reports recorded can with safety be regarded as approximating the results which would have been attained had returns been duly made by all the troops in the field. For as the report of each regiment and detachment is accompanied by a record of its "mean strength," the mean strength of that portion of the army represented by the reports is readily ascertained, and serves for the calculation of ratios which can be applied with probable accuracy to the whole force.

The following statistical summary is compiled from reports which represent an annual mean strength of 281,660 men—the largest force represented in any one month being in April, 1862, in which the reports are from a mean strength of 398,626 men.

From this annual mean strength of 218,660 men, 80,081 cases of disease, and 18,434 deaths are reported, exclusive of those killed in battle, being in the ratio of 3,124 cases and 65 deaths per 1,000 of mean strength.

At first sight the number of cases will appear to many to be prodigious, and the number of deaths disproportionately small. The figures will, however, be perhaps appreciated by comparing them with the results obtained by Medical Inspector COOLIDGE, U. S. A., in his published statistical reports of the United States Army for 18 years, from 1840 to 1852 inclusive, but excluding the years 1847 and 1848, for which statistics were not compiled, on account of the confusion of the Mexican war. During this period the average annual ratio was 2,886 cases and 26 deaths per 1,000 of mean strength. It will thus be perceived that during the exposures of the present struggle the total proportional number of cases of disease has been considerably increased, but that the increased gravity of these disorders, as indicated by the greater mortality, is much more considerable. The ratio of sickness per thousand of mean strength having increased 11 per cent., while the ratio of mortality per thousand of mean strength has increased 250 per cent.

An examination of the appended statistical table shows the prominent diseases from which our troops have suffered have been *camp fevers*, of which, under the several heads of typhus and typhoid, common, continued and remittent fevers, 74,770 cases and 5,116 deaths have been reported. *Intermittent fevers*, of which 73,002 cases and 425 deaths are recorded. Under the heads of *Diarrhœa and dysentery* 215,632 cases and 1,128 deaths. *Catarrh affections* of the respiratory organs, 125,290 cases and 138 deaths reported under the several heads of catarrhus, catarrhs epidemica, bronchita acuta and bronchitas chronica, to which group may be added 11,067 cases and 2,015 deaths from pneumonia; and rheumatic affections, of which 44,782 cases and 48 deaths are reported under the head of rheumatism acutus, rheumatism chronica and lumbago.

A large number of cases of *measles* are also reported, (21,671,) and it is probable that the real proportion of cases was much greater, as very many regiments are known to have suffered from the affection prior to being mustered into the service of the United States, in which case, as a general rule, no statistical report would be received at this office.

It would be premature at the present time to make any detailed remarks with regard to the peculiarities presented by these affections. It may, however, be interesting to state in a general way that all these diseases, but especially the camp fevers, the diarrhœa, and the dysentery, have been much less fatal than similar diseases have favored to the great European armies in time of war.

The same is true of the total mortality from all causes exclusive of the killed in action. It is doubted whether the armies of any European nation actually engaged in warfare, have ever presented so small a proporate mortality as we have been favored with.

One important cause of these fortunate results is to be found in the comparitive immunity from scurvy which our troops have enjoyed. It will be perceived that only 1,322 cases and eight deaths from scurvy have been reported, being in the proportion of but five cases per thousand of mean strength, and but one death to 35,000 of mean strength.

It is true that communications received from many medical officers would induce belief in the [illegible]tle disposition influencing the prevailing types of disease to a much greater extent than these figures would indicate. Yet the fact that so small a number of cases have presented the symptoms of scurvy in a sufficiently marked manner to justify the Surgeon in calling them by that name, is believed to be favorable circumstance without parallel in the history of armies.

In estimating the actual mortality produced by the war, however, it is only fair to add to these satisfactory considerations the statement that the liberal freedom with which discharges have been granted to sick and disabled soldiers has no doubt sent home many incurable patients, who would, in other armies, have swelled the mortality rates. The number of deaths which have occurred among this class of cases subsequently to their discharge from the service of the United States, cannot of course be ascertained from any official records, and it is doubtful whether it can even be satisfactorily approximated.

I have the honor to be very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
[Signed] J. J. WOODWARD,
Assistant Surgeon U. S. A.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Remainder of the Canal Revenues—The Proposed Canal Enlargement—Receipts of Flour—The Character of the Legislature Called in Question—The Proceedings on Tuesday Evening in the Assembly—Pawnbrokerage—The Dummy Bill—Taxing Transactions in Gold, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 11.

The consideration of the bill appropriating the remainder of the canal revenues yesterday was postponed, because the House wanted light on the point whether sound policy required the expenditure of three hundred thousand dollars to double the locks, and about the same sum for extraordinary repairs, in preference to applying the money to the payment of debts already due. It would seem that the necessity should be overwhelming to justify delay in paying promptly the debts of the State; and if, as Mr. DEPEW stated, the debt is due and drafts are lying in banks under protest, there can be but one course to pursue, which is, to pay them. It is doubtful whether if the entire sum were appropriated to doubling the locks, the Canal revenues would be increased thereby the coming season, for the detention of boats cannot be essentially obviated until all the locks are doubled, and to do this will require a longer time than the coming navigation season, and a much larger sum than $600,000. I presume it will not be disguised that the sum now proposed would be but an entering wedge, and the commencement of an expenditure of which this is but a small part, to be continued and pieced out by future Legislatures. If this would meet the object, and bring the Erie Canal up to a condition equal to the demands that will be made on it, even this might be defended with sound reasons. But doubling the locks will not meet the case any more than our previous magnificent improvements have met it. Apparently, we are now as far from being able to meet the demands of the West as we were when the enlargement was commenced; and it would seem that we have had education enough on this great question to have something like adequate ideas.

If it is practicable to enlarge the Erie Canal to ship dimensions, or rather, if there is water enough to operate such a canal, it should be done, and if not, the next best thing; and the time and circumstances are eminently favorable for considering the subject in this light. The Convention, which will meet at Chicago at an early day, to consider the great question of connecting the lakes with tide-water by the best means, will be a meeting of unsurpassed importance. New-York should coöperate, and not attempt anything that would bear so strong a resemblance to undertaking to make augur-holes with a gimlet as would this. The true Canal policy of the State is to join hands in a movement that comprehends the whole country, at the same time our State and her best interests.

The following figures, showing the receipts of flour by canal and rail at tide-water in 1861 and 1862, now for the first time in print:

	1862.	1861.
By Canal	1,826,829	1,530,775
By Rail	2,493,500	2,399,123

The receipts of wheat and corn at tide-water by canal and rail in 1862, were:

Wheat by Canal	32,670,000
Wheat by Rail	1,094,000
Corn by Canal	23,700,000
Corn by Rail	450,000

I am sorry to see that the correspondent of some country paper has been writing things calculated to prejudice this Legislature in public estimation. In fact, the writer seems to have had the malicious motive at heart to create the impression that the Legislature is corrupt, and money is or can be used to procure the passage of bills. He even mingles levity with the gravity of this charge, by remarking that members have been waiting some time to have this ravishment commence. The writer of downright slanders like these, whoever he may be, ought to be sought out and subjected to severe reprimands from every honest man in the House. It would be a just rebuke, and warning to all who may come after him. The writer evidently cannot discriminate between hesitation resulting from a strong wish to vote right on such important bills as the Broadway Railroad, the dummy, the salt and other questions, and holding back for the highest bidder. Unquestionably there was a time, many years ago, when such things were done; in the days when LUTHER BRADISH, ABIJAH MANN and that sort were members of the House, and SAM. YOUNG, SAM. WORKS, and that sort were members of the Senate, and when A. C. FLAGG, BATES COOK, and others of a similar questionable character, controlled the finances of the State. But, since that generation has died out, matters have gone on smoothly. To be sure, a single red book was enough, and hard to get then; but they were very ignorant, and not a reading people as we now are. They were quite behind the times, and are no examples for men of the present day. It is clear that, if poor but honest men cannot hold seats in the Legislature without being subjected to imputations of the kind referred to, we have come to a pretty pass; if men cannot take time to deliberate without being accused of waiting to be seen, it is time we knew it; and if they cannot change their minds, after having been enlightened and shown their errors, it is simply disgraceful.

Last evening's session of the House was marked with rather extraordinary proceedings. The Governor's Message was the subject of discussion, and Messrs. WEAVER and COLLINS addressed the House. Mr. MONROE was temporary Speaker. About 10 o'clock, after the speaking was over, in the spirit of a joke, a call of the house was ordered, and for two hours there was a frolic, during which the doors were opened by members, who walked out. This morning Mr. T. C. FIELDS undertook to make serious business of the matter, and to have the journal amended to recite all the circumstances, particularly the opening of the door, and in this there was quite a breeze, in which, as usual, Mr. T. C. FIELDS was conspicuous. The good sense of the House prevailed finally, and, as usual, not however till Mr. FIELDS had been sharply rapped by Messrs. VAN BUREN and WEAVER, his political friends.

Certain very respectable and wealthy gentlemen in the City of New-York, by a bill introduced by Mr. DEAN last evening, ask to be incorporated into a pawn-brokerage association, at rates not exceeding two per cent. a month, all over eight per cent. per annum to be given to certain charitable institutions. How much they would get might be conjectured. Be the amount small or great, I conclude that few institutions would be glad to thrive by donations of this sort—excessive percentages wrung from distressed people. If there is legislation "for the relief of pawners," as the title of the bill recites, it should be so in fact, and not for profits to the rich, especially two per cent. a month, as guaranteed by this bill. A Legislature that institutes guards in favor of the lenders, and gives few or none to the borrower, while it commits him to a two per cent. a month system, would be doubtful relief to distressed persons. I do not know how the Legislature may view the subject, but I do not question, if legislation that discriminates in favor of the distressed borrower is wanted, it can be had.

The "Dummy" bill is fairly before the Senate. Two bills have been reported—one, in effect, saying that the "dummy" is preferable to horse power, and unconditionally authorizing the Brooklyn Central Company to use it: and the other, providing for the appointment of Commissioners by the Supreme Court to ascertain and determine whether said Company ought to repay a part or the whole of the Atlantic-street Tunnel assessment before using it. The latter bill generally is deemed to be fair. Its passage will relieve the Legislature from adjudicating the matters of difference between the parties will refer disputed points to three Brooklyn referees for decision, which is in accordance with the railroad policy of the State. "Dummy" is in favor at the capital. In several cases it has been passed upon favorably, and the public need of substituting it for horse power on a part of the Brooklyn Central Road is very generally admitted.

The temper of the Legislature seems to be decidedly in favor of the bill of Mr. DEAN, or some other equally stringent, concerning transactions in gold by banks, bankers and other institutions. The Bank Committee, to which it was referred, will have a hearing this afternoon, and no doubt it will be reported and acted on at an early day. The importance of thoroughly perfecting the bill is manifest.

The last railroad proposed for New-York City is one in Pearl, Madison and other streets, for which a bill was introduced by Mr. BOSWELL last evening.

The House to-day voted to purchase 500 sets of the publication known as the *Rebellion Record*, to be delivered to each member, officer and reporter of the House, the balance to be deposited in the State Library. There are four volumes of this periodical now published, and probably twice as many more will be forthcoming, at not less than $2 per volume. It is a good book to have, but it would be just as proper for the members to vote themselves suits of clothes or anything else they need as to vote themselves this book. The resolution will probably yet be rescinded, but the reprehensible purpose will nevertheless stand on the record.

This resolution came in on the heels of another, giving to each officer and member a copy of the Civil Lists, which was passed as though there was no such thing as propriety, not to say honesty.

The bill introduced by Mr. MCCANN, relative to the Metropolitan Police, totally reorganizing the system, gave rise to a debate of interest. On the motion to refer to the members from the present Police District, Mr. DEPEW protested, and moved to substitute the Committee on Cities. A synopsis of the bill itself will be found in the regular report. The bill was finally sent to the Committee on Cities.

In the Senate, to-day, the Chenango Canal Extension bill was passed finally. It does not appropriate money, but fully commits the State to the work.

In the Senate to-day, the bill to appropriate the remainder of the Canal revenues at the close of the fiscal year 1863, was passed. It appropriates $475,000 from the anticipated surplus of the coming season: $150,000 for extraordinary repairs; $16,300 for improvement of Oak Orchard Creek; $1,000,000 for bottoming out the Western Division of the Erie Canal; $225,000 to pay awards. In case there is no surplus as contemplated, then this act is without effect.

The bill regulating the Staten Island Ferry was reported to-day by the Committee on Commerce and Navigation in the House, where it has so long slept. Much credit is due to Mr. FREAR, of Richmond, for his zealous efforts in behalf of this bill; and now that it is in the way of coming before the House, if it does not receive its favorable action, it will not be owing to lack of effort by him. Mr. FREAR is among the eminently practical legislators of the House.

RODERICK.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 11.

BILLS REPORTED FAVORABLY UPON FROM COMMITTEES.

To authorize the payment of interest upon Canal drafts. To extend the time for the collection of taxes. Relative to the disposition of money and securities in the hands of the Court of Appeals.

BILLS PASSED.

To extend the Chenango Canal—yeas, 20; nays, 8. (The negatives were, Messrs. Bell, Farrar, Freer, Ganson, Low, Montgomery, Robertson and Tobey.)

To amend the charter of the New-York Warehousing Company.

To extend the operation of the Act to authorize the formation of companies for manufacturing and mechanical purposes.

Relative to the collection of taxes in New-York City.

To establish a Law Library, and the Judicial District.

EXECUTIVE SESSION—BILLS PASSED.

To appropriate the remainder of the Canal revenues of 1863, and improve Oak Orchard Creek. One relative to lands devised by BENJAMIN TOWNSEND.

Mr. CONNOLLY presented the memorial of the New-York Chamber of Commerce relative to the enlargement of the canals.

The Assessment bill was taken up, as the special order, and debated until adjournment.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 11.

The Auditor of the Canal Department submitted a report of the moneys received for canal tolls and paid out, in response to a resolution of the Assembly.

BILLS REPORTED UNFAVORABLY.

One appropriating money to put the Seymour Light Infantry into the field.

One in relation to the collection of military fines, and to amend the militia laws.

One in relation to the New-York and Havre Steamship Company.

One to authorize the Clerk of Queen's County to record notices of pending actions.

One to amend the law in relation to the distribution of the property of intestates.

One to amend the charter of the United States Trust Company of New-York.

One to amend the New-York Pilot laws.

One to establish and regulate the ferries of New-York and Staten Island.

One to incorporate the Master Stevedores' Association of New-York.

Mr. FREAR reported a bill to regulate the fees of public officers so as to make them conform to federal currency. It makes the fees half way between federal coins, rise or fall, to said coins. Thus: fees, 6¼ cents are to be 5 cents; 12½ cents to be 15 cents, &c.

Mr. MATTOON reported a bill to appropriate $5,000 to improve Beaver River.

Mr. DEPEW, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to repay the Manhattan Company the amount advanced by it to enable the Comptroller to purchase gold to pay the interest on the State debt. Also a bill to prohibit the sale of lands belonging to the State for assessments, and the payment of interest on the same.

Mr. ADGATE reported a bill to abolish the prohibition of the sale of liquor within three miles of Clinton Prison.

Notices of the following bills were given:

By Mr. WARD—To amend the act relative to the New-York Board of Supervisors.

By Mr. MATTOON—To prevent banks from loaning out gold.

By Mr. O'BRIEN—To amend the law relating to Sheriffs.

By Mr. TALLMAN—To establish a ferry from Mott Haven to Tenth-street.

The Buffalo and Essex County Bounty repayment bills passed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. MCGOWAN—To create lien on canal-boats for repairs.

By Mr. DEAN—To provide for the care and education of indigent deaf mutes under 12 years old.

By Mr. FREEMAN—To incorporate the People's Savings Bank.

By Mr. MCCANN—To establish a Police for the City of New-York. It makes the City and County of New-York one district, and the Mayor, Recorder and First Judge of the Court of Common Pleas are to be Commissioners of Police. The force to be composed of a Chief, and Captains, Lieutenants, Sergeants, Surgeons, Patrolmen, Doormen; each Ward to be a Patrol District. Other provisions relate to the management and discipline of the force.

Mr. MCCANN moved to refer the bill to a Select Committee of members from the Metropolitan District.

Mr. A. SMITH moved to refer it to the Standing Committee on Cities.

Debate followed. The motion to refer to the Committee on Cities was carried by a vote of 63 to 53.

Recess until 7 o'clock.

Mr. MCDOUGALL'S bill, noticed to-day, prevents all Banks, and Insurance and Trust Companies, &c., loaning money on gold, bullion or bills of exchange, under severe penalties and forfeiture of their charters. It is stringently drawn.

The Soldiers on the Peace Democrats.

STIRRING APPEAL FROM THE FORTY-FOURTH NEW-YORK REGIMENT.

The Forty-fourth New-York Regiment has adopted the following stirring address unanimously:

To the People of the State of New-York:

We can no longer keep silent. A sacred devotion to our country—an ardent love for our homes—and, above all, an abiding faith in God, bid us speak. For nearly two years we have suffered all things, perilled all things, endured all things, for the sake of our common country. We have left our business, our kindred, our friends, the firesides of our youth, the sacred places of prayer, and all the nearest and dearest relations of life to serve our country. We have endured hunger, thirst, cold and heat. By day and by night we have borne the weight of our knapsacks and the weariness of the march. We have worked late and early in the trenches; we have bivouacked in the swamps; we have suffered sickness in the hospital; we have not been spared from "pestilence that walketh in darkness," nor from "the destruction that wasteth at noonday." We have never shrank from duty; but rather have again and again cheerfully sought death, even at the cannon's mouth, to save our Union from destruction, our homes from disgrace, and you and your children from eternal shame. When we came to the field, we came with your blessing. You told us to go; that God would be with us, and that your most fervent prayers should follow us. Encouraged by your words of patriotism, of hope, of faith, we came to the war.

After suffering thus much in behalf of you, and your children, and the nation's honor, dear alike to us all, will you withhold from us now your sympathy and support? Will you join with those, more than traitors at the North who cry Peace, when they know there is no peace, nor can be none till this unholy rebellion is crushed? Will you ally yourselves with those who, by words of discouragement, are prolonging the war, and who are thus becoming, in the sight of both Heaven and earth, the insidious murderers of your sons and brothers in the field? Why should you who suffer none of the dangers, none of the privations of field or camp, be less patriotic, less faithful, less hopeful, less confident in God and the holy cause in which we are engaged, than we who endure all?

Shall the future historian, in writing the record of this great struggle, declare, with truthfulness, that the people of the North, having sent their sons to the field to peril their lives for the safety of their homes, their property, and the National Government—having poured out, at the first blush of their patriotism, their treasure and blood with the freshness of water, at length, through indifference and apathy, and the love of ease and luxury which the war engendered, sought the unstable terms of an inglorious peace, and finally became only subservient to those whom they attempted to subdue?

That this shall not be the record of the Empire State, with your sympathy and hearty coöperation, we, the undersigned officers, non-commissioned officers and privates of the Forty-fourth Regiment of New-York State Volunteers, representing every county from Lake Erie to the ocean, here pledge anew our lives and our sacred honor. For we feel assured that if you seek peace now, upon any terms less than those of entire submission on the part of traitors in arms to the Government of the United States, that that peace will only be temporary, and that, sooner or later, you will be obliged to send your younger sons and brothers to enrich this soil—already fertile with the dead—younger and fresher blood to recrimson these streams, already red with slaughter.

JAMES C. RICE, Colonel; Edward B. Knox, Major; M. W. Townsend, Surgeon; Geo B. Herendeen, Adjutant; Fred. R. Mundy, Lieutenant Quartermaster; H. Fun, Assistant Surgeon; L. S. Larrabee, W. N. Danks, E. A. Nash, Chas. W. Gibbs, Wm. R. Bourne, Jacob Fox, C. E. Royce, Captains; D. Carlton Spencer, Assistant Surgeon; Benj. N. Gimborly, S. F. Johnson, Chas. H. Zielman, Chas. D. Grannis, Albert M. Huested, R. H. McCormick, Chas. Kelley, First Lieutenants; Jas. F. Russell, Jno. J. Hardenburg, Anthony G. Graves, Jr., B. N. Thomas, Henry J. Botchford, E. L. Dunham, F. N. Kelley, Second Lieutenants—Forty-fourth Regiment N. Y. S. Vols.

DESTRUCTION OF THE NASHVILLE.

Official Reports of Admiral Dupont and Commander Worden—A Torpedo Exploded under the Montauk.

ADMIRAL DUPONT'S REPORT.

FLAG-SHIP WABASH, PORT ROYAL HARBOR, S. C.,
March 2, 1863.

SIR: I have the satisfaction to inform the Department of the destruction of the privateer *Nashville*, while lying under the guns of Fort McAllister, on the Great Ogeechee, Georgia, by the *Montauk*, Commander J. L. WORDEN, whose inclosed report states succinctly the interesting particulars.

The Department is aware that I have had this vessel blockaded for eight months, and I am indebted to the extreme vigilance and spirit of Lieut. Commander J. L. DAVIS, of the *Wissahickon*, Acting Lieut. BARNES, of the *Dawn*, and later of Lieut. Commander GIBSON, of the *Seneca*, that I have been able to keep her so long confined to the waters of the Ogeechee.

For several months the *Nashville* was loaded with cotton, but, though constantly on the alert, she never ventured to run out. She then withdrew up the Ogeechee, and reappeared, after a length of time, thoroughly fitted as a privateer, and presenting a very fine appearance.

Fort McAllister was strengthened, the river staked, with a line of torpedoes in front, to prevent its ascent by light vessels to cut her out. She has been frequently seen under the fort, ready to make a dash if the opportunity offered, or was quietly waiting for an iron-clad to convoy her to sea.

If I am not misinformed, she had a heavy rifle gun on a pivot, as a part of her armament, was proverbially fast, and would doubtless have rivaled the *Alabama* and *Oreto* in their depredations on our commerce. I have, therefore, never lost sight of the great importance of keeping her *in*, or of destroying her, if I could. I have accomplished both, through the zeal and vigilance of my gunboat Captains mentioned above, and the quick perception and rapid execution of Commander WORDEN, who has thus added to his already brilliant services.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
S. F. DUPONT, Rear Admiral,
Commanding South Atlantic Blockading Squadron.
Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.

COMMANDER WORDEN'S REPORT.

UNITED STATES IRON-CLAD MONTAUK,
OGEECHEE RIVER, GEORGIA, Feb. 28, 1863.

SIR: I have the honor to report that yesterday evening the enemy's steamer *Nashville* was observed by me in motion, above the battery known as Fort McAllister. A reconnoissance immediately made, proved that in moving up the river she had grounded in that part of the river known as the Seven Miles' Reach. Believing that I could, by approaching close to the battery, reach and destroy her with my battery, I moved up at daylight this morning, accompanied by the blockading fleet in these waters, consisting of the *Seneca*, Lieut.-Commanding GIBSON; the *Wissahickon*, Lieut.-Commanding DAVIS, and the *Dawn*, Acting Lieut.-Commanding BARNES.

By moving up close to the obstructions in the river, I was enabled, although under a heavy fire from the battery, to approach the *Nashville*, still aground, within the distance of twelve hundred yards. A few well-directed shells determined the range, and soon succeeded in striking her with 11-inch and 15-inch shells. The other gunboats maintained a fire from an enfilading position upon the battery, and the *Nashville* at long range. I soon had the satisfaction of observing that the *Nashville* had caught fire from the shells exploding in her, in several places; and in less than twenty minutes she was caught in flames forward, aft and amidships. At 9:20 A. M., a large pivot gun, mounted abaft her foremast, exploded from the heat; at 9:40 her smoke-chimney went by the board; and at 9:55 her magazine exploded with terrific violence, shattering her in smoking ruins. Nothing remains of her.

The battery kept up a continuous fire upon this vessel, but struck her but five times, doing no damage whatever. The fire upon the other gunboats was wild, and did them no damage whatever. After assuring myself of the complete destruction of the *Nashville*, I, preceded by the wooden vessels, dropped down beyond the range of the enemy's guns. In so doing a torpedo exploded under this vessel, inflicting, however, but little injury.

I beg leave, therefore, to congratulate you, Sir, upon this final disposition of a vessel which has so long been in the minds of the public as a troublesome pest.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
JOHN L. WORDEN,
Commanding Senior Officer Present.
To Rear-Admiral S. F. DUPONT, Commanding S. A. Blockading Squadron, Port Royal, S. C.

[Advertisement.]

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

The Knights of the Golden Circle—In a Fix—Important Naval and Military Operations, &c., &c.

The New-York *Weekly Herald*, to appear on Saturday next, will contain, in addition to the latest and most reliable political, financial and commercial intelligence, the fullest details of important military and naval operations, with three valuable Maps, the first number of a series of most interesting and humorous papers, the "Knights of the Golden Circle," giving accurately the racy comments and discussions of those worthy paladins upon the leading men and questions of the day; the commencement of an original novelette, "In a Fix; or, Snow Bound," and several pieces of original poetry. This journal will thus become a most desirable family paper, its columns affording not only ample details upon the important topics of the day, but also a higher order of literature, carefully selected.

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One Copy	$2
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Five Copies	8
Ten Copies	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies, to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty.

Advertisements, to a limited number, will be inserted. It is a valuable medium for mercantile notices.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
Editor and Proprietor,
Northwest corner of Fulton and Nassau streets,
New-York City, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

"SUCCESS IN LIFE" may be secured, providing all the conditions are favorable, and one of the most important of all is that we be adapted to the pursuit or calling in which we engage. This Phrenology would point out to every individual.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

MARCH 11—*In steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool.*—C. C. Gray, Mr. Oakford, Mr. Gamble, Mr. Birkett, Mrs. Hughes, Miss Bowler, Mrs. Adolphus, Messrs. Gilmour, Rieff, Hanson, Candos, Samson, Simmons, Sullivan, Sutcliffe, Gregg, Myers, White, Brautigan, O'Connor, Eyre, Lichtenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Blanch and son, C. Leval, Miss Simmons, Rev. G. M. Butler and lady, C. M. S. Walker, Mr. Franks, lady and infant, Dr. Wernicki, and 417 steerage passengers.

Passengers Sailed.

MARCH 11—*In steamship Africa, for Liverpool*—Daniel Tallmadge, Van West Tallmadge, Mrs. D. Talmadge, Mrs. Catharine E. Swan, W. G. Fuller, O. Scolar, Miss Carlotta Patti, maid and servant, Mrs. L. Herschorn, child, 2 infants and servant, D. Sondheim, W. B. Smyth, F. J. Hotep, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Beaton, L. Sussfield, N. Gimbel, J. R. Anderson, New-York; A. Booth, England; Manuel de Zamora, Havana; Aaron Brown, California; Leopold Hart, California; Francis Hobler, W. S. Lord, Gurney Smeed, England; George F. Knight, Orange, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. L. Godchaux and 3 children, California; Capt. and Mrs. E. Melville, infant and servant, England.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 17 | Sun sets .... 6 03 | Moon sets....12 55

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..12 54 | Gov. Island 1 43 | Hell Gate.. 3 08

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, March 11.

Cleared.

Steamers Bio Bio, ——, Havana and New-Orleans, Walden & Booth; Parkersburg, Hoffman, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Northern Light, Tinklepaugh, Aspinwall, D. B. Allen; St. Andrews, Kerr, Liverpool and Glasgow, F. McDonald.

Ships Frances, Pike, Cardiff, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Pequot, (Br.,) Molisson, Liverpool, Edmiston Bros.; Lizzie Homans, (Br.,) Draper, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Ontario, Maccoduck, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Bark Torquato Tasso, (Meck.,) Bradhening, Rotterdam, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs Kentucky, Carver, Sagua, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Ida M Comery, McClellan, Fortress Monroe, D. C. Murray; Isaac I, (Port.,) Arocha, Oporto, Hagameyer & Brunn.

Schooners Cameo, Pendleton, St. John, N. B., Jed Frye & Co.; Magellan, [illegible]man, Washington, T. G. Benton & Son; J. K. Baker, West, Gloucester, S. W. Lewis & Co.; Caroline, Rogers, Norwich, H. S. Rackett; J. & L. Steelman, Burling, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Deep River, Hoyt, Stamford, H. S. Rackett.

Sloop Colchester, Buell, New Haven, H. S. Racket.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Baltimore, (Br.,) McGregan, Liverpool Feb. 25, via Queenstown March 1, at 4½ P. M., with mdse. and 452 passengers to J. G. Dale. March 7, passed 3 icebergs.

Steamship Kangaroo, Jeffery, Liverpool Feb. 21, with mdse. to J. G. Dale. Feb 23, lat. 51 54, lon. 13 14, passed a bark-rigged screw steamer, bound E. March 5, lat. 43 45, lon. 46 32, passed steamship City of Washington, for Liverpool, hence. 6th, lat. 42 31, lon. 50 02, passed two icebergs.

Steamship Eagle, Adams, Havana March 7, with mdse. and passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co. March 8, at 8½ A. M., off Cape Florida, exchanged signals with steamship Ariel, bnd. to Aspinwall.

Steamer Alert, Hinckley, Boston via Holmes' Hole, having iron-clad Chicopee in tow.

U. S. steamer Chicopee, (iron-clad,) Boston via Holmes' Hole, towed to this port by steamer Alert.

Ship Olam[illegible], of Richmond, Me.,) Stewart, New-Orleans 18 ds., in ballast to Nesmith & Sons.

Bark Adrina, Antonio, Naples 5[illegible] ds., with fruit to F. Berthoud.

Bark Warren Hallett, (of Boston,) Hallett, Rio Janeiro Jan. 23, via Grand Turk, T. I., Feb 25, with salt to Napier, Welsford & Co. Sld in co., from Rio Janeiro, with bark Kedron, of [illegible] for St. Thomas; saw going into Rio an Am. [illegible] left no Am. vessels.

Brig Persia, [illegible] S.,) Barker, Aux Cayes Feb. 23, with [illegible] to D. R. De Wolf.

Brig Sarah M. [illegible]milla 16 ds., with sugar to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Sarah Peters, Higgins, Trinidad de Cuba, 17 ds., with sugar to C. & E. J. Peters.

Brig New-York, (Ital.,) Storace, Naples 60 ds., with fruit to Chamberlain & Phelps.

Brig Wabash, (of Newport, R. I.,) Bigley, Cardenas Feb. 28, with molasses to F. Hathaway. Sld. in co. with brig S. P. Brown, for Newport, R. I.

Brig Kanagona, (of Jersey,) Romereil, Rio Janneiro Jan. 10, with coffee to Charles E. Johnson.

WIND—Sunset, from S. S. W.

BELOW—1 bark, unknown.

Bremen ship Carlo, from Havre.

Sailed.

Steamships Africa, (Br.,) Northern Light.

U. S. steamer Massachusetts.

Ship Comet.

Barks Daisy, Jacob Arendt, August.

Brig Orozimbo.

Schooners R. L. Fay, Juniper, J. Ponder, Jr., Albert.

Miscellaneous.

The ship Shawmut, Merrill, from San Francisco for Liverpool, while coming out the harbor went ashore on Mile Rock, 10th inst., but came off leaking badly and must discharge.

Spoken, &c.

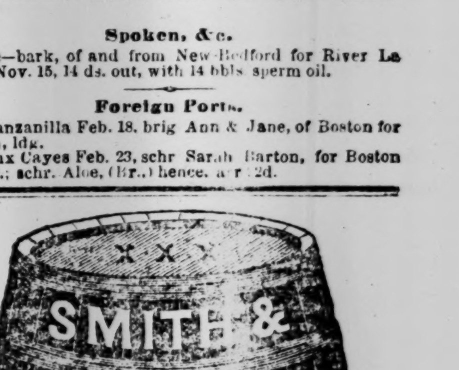
Wave—bark [illegible], of and from New Bedford for River La Plate, Nov. 15, 14 ds. out, with 180 bbls. sperm oil.

Foreign Ports.

At Manzanilla Feb. 18, brig Ann & Jane, of Boston for London, ldg.

At Aux Cayes Feb. 23, schr. Sarah Barton, for Boston in 10 ds.; schr. Abe [illegible], hence [illegible].

[Advertisement.]



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BARLEY MALT AND HOPS,
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AND IN BOTTLES, QUARTS AND PINTS.
FOR HOME CONSUMPTION AND EXPORTATION.
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MASONIC.—THE MEMBERS OF LAFAYETTE Lodge No. 64, F. and A. M., are hereby summoned to attend a special communication to be held THIS DAY, (Thursday,) in Corinthian Room, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late W. M., JOHN REED. By order.
W. IRVING ADAMS, Secretary.

LOST.—LEFT, AT THE PEOPLE'S BANK, AT about 1 P. M. Wednesday, a small POCKET-BOOK, containing a safe-key, an old gold piece, some legal-tender notes, and some papers. A liberal reward will be paid for its return to No. 242 Canal-st., by E. M. O'BRIEN.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl wishes a place in a private family as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 42 Delancey-st.

TO PIANO MAKER.—A MASS MEETING of the trade will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, March 12, at Turner's Hall, No. 27 Orchard-st. By order of Committee.